

Experimental Early Teal Season Evaluation

Harvest Survey Report

12/16/2021

Suggested citation

Landon, A.C., Cordts, S., McInenly, L., Davis, B. (2021). The experimental early teal hunting season: Harvest survey report. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. Saint Paul, MN.

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Background and study purpose

The Minnesota DNR (MDNR) held an experimental season for blue-winged (*Spatula discors*) and green-winged teal (*Anas carolinensis*) (from here forward "teal") from September 4 through September 8, 2021. Evaluating this season requires estimates of the number of individuals that participated in the hunt and their harvest. This report details the results of a post-season survey of waterfowl stamp holders intended to estimate participation, harvest, and users' satisfaction with the experimental early teal season.

Methods

Sampling and data collection

We drew a simple random sample of 2,400 individuals from the Minnesota Electronic Licensing System, among those that possessed a waterfowl hunting stamp as of September 9, 2021. At the time of sample, 38,718 individuals aged 18+ were in possession of a waterfowl hunting stamp. This represents the potential set of teal season participants in Minnesota. The sample size exceed the number of responses necessary to estimate population parameters with 95% confidence, given the size of the population, with a margin of +/- 4%, at an anticipated response rate of 33%.

We solicited responses using a repeat mail design with three points of contact. All participants received a letter inviting them to complete a questionnaire online. Non-respondents received a second letter again directing them to complete a questionnaire online. Finally, individuals that did not respond online after the first two requests received a paper copy of the questionnaire, and a postage-paid, self-addressed, business reply envelope for which to return their completed questionnaire. Data collection occurred from late September to early December 2021.

Response rate

At study close, 945 hunters completed the questionnaire either online or through the mail. A further 60 pieces of mail were returned undeliverable. After removing undeliverable cases from the sample, this represents an effective response rate of 40% (Table 1).

Table 1. Study response rate, undeliverable mail, and number of respondents

Initial Sample	Undeliverable	Respondents	Adjusted sample	Raw response rate	se Adjusted response rate	
2,400	60	945	2,340	.39	.40	

[Title] 1

Weighting

We weighted results according to proportional representation of respondents versus the population of waterfowl stamp holders by age. Table 2 contains a summary of weights applied to the data to make representative estimates at the population level.

Table 2. Weighting schedule

Weight Category	Population #	Population %	Respondent #	Respondent %	Weight
18-28	10254	.2648	114	.1206	2.1956
29-39	9265	.2393	201	.2127	1.1251
40-55	9586	.2476	251	.2656	0.9322
55+	9613	.2483	379	.4011	0.6190

Mean estimates and confidence intervals

Estimates for the proportion of hunters participating in the season, total number of days spent hunting, and total teal harvested are the means of the respondents, weighted for age according to the population. We calculated 95% confidence intervals for these estimates using Equation 1:

Equation 1.
$$CI = \mu \pm Z_{\alpha 2} * \left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}\right) * \sqrt{FPC}$$

Where:

CI = Confidence interval

 μ = mean

Z = critical value of the normal distribution at 95% confidence

s = sample size

n = population size

FPC = finite population correction

Results

Summary

An estimated 34% of Minnesota waterfowl stamp holders (as of September 9, 2021) reported participating in the experimental early teal season (Table 3). Teal season participants reported hunting an average of 1.85 days (Table 4), and harvesting an average of 3.82 teal per person (Table 5), or 2.07 teal per person per day (Table 6).

Assuming a 34% participation rate, we estimate 13,292 Minnesota waterfowl stamp holders participated in the experimental early teal season in 2021. At an average of 1.85 days afield, teal season hunters logged 24,590 hunt days. Assuming a mean harvest of 2.07 teal per person per day, we estimate that hunters harvested 50,901 teal during the experimental early teal season (Table 6). We also estimated blue-winged teal and greenwinged teal separately. Blue-winged teal accounted for roughly 84% of the total harvest at 42,541 birds, and green-winged teal accounted for roughly 16% at an estimated 8,361 birds (Table 6).

Hunters reported if they crippled teal and were unable to retrieve them, and if they killed any non-target waterfowl species (e.g., wood duck). An estimated 13% of waterfowl hunters reported crippling birds and not retrieving them. Among hunters reporting they crippled birds, hunters reported an average of 2.1 teal per person during the experimental early teal season (Table 7). Less than 5% of hunters reported killing non-target species during the experimental early teal season, at an average of 1.6 birds per person over the season (among those reporting having killed non-target species) (Table 8). Readers should interpreted estimates of reported take of non-target species with caution given the potential for strategic response to a question about an illegal activity.

Hunters reported the relative difficulty they experienced identifying teal while hunting, and the waterfowl hunting zone where they primarily hunted during the experimental early teal season. A majority (65%) of teal hunters reported that identifying teal was either slightly, moderately, or very easy (Table 9). A slight majority of teal hunters reported hunting in the central waterfowl hunting zone (51%), and the remainder relatively evenly split between the north zone (24%) and the south zone (26%) (Table 10).

Overall satisfaction with the experimental early teal season was very high among participants. Roughly 70 percent of participants reported feeling either slightly, moderately, or very satisfied with their overall teal hunting experience, and 40% were very satisfied (Table 11). A minority of participants reported feeling either very (9%), moderately (6%), or slightly (6%) dissatisfied with their overall teal hunting experience, and 11% reported neutrality (Table 11). Hunters also reported their satisfaction with elements of the experimental early teal season (Table 12). A similarly small proportion of hunters reported dissatisfaction with these elements.

Finally, all respondents, regardless of their participation in the experimental early teal season reported their support for continuing the season in 2022. A narrow majority of respondents (51%) reported either slight, moderate, or strong support for continuing the experimental early teal season. Roughly, a third (32%) of respondents reported either slight, moderate, or strong opposition to continuing the season, and 19% reported strong opposition. A further 17% were neutral on the issue (Table 13).

Table 3. Proportion of Minnesota waterfowl stamp holders participating in the 2020 early teal season

	Proportion hunted
Minnesota held an experimental early teal hunting season from September 4 to September 8 2021. Did you hunt teal during this season?	.34 [.31, .37]

- n = 941
- [95% Confidence interval]

Table 4. Mean days hunted per hunter during the 2021 early teal season

	Mean
Mean days hunted per hunter	1.85 [1.79, 1.91]

- n = 273
- [95% Confidence interval]

Table 5. Mean total teal harvested per hunter during in 2021 early teal season

	Mean
Mean teal harvested per hunter	3.82 [3.53, 4.01]

- Values exceeding 30 birds recorded as missing since this exceeded the legal daily bag across the season
- n = 275
- [95% Confidence interval]

Table 6. Estimated participation and harvest during the 2021 early teal season

	Mean days per hunter	Mean harvest per hunter	Mean harvest per hunter per day	Total participants	Total days hunted	Total teal harvest
Total teal harvest	1.85	3.82	2.07	13,292	24,590	50,901
Blue-winged teal harvest	1.85	3.20	1.73	13,292	24,590	42,541
Green-winged teal harvest	1.85	0.62	0.34	13,292	24,590	8,361

[•] Values are an extrapolation of the mean value of the total number of days hunted, the total teal harvested, and proportion of waterfowl stamp holders participating in the teal season.

Table 7. Percent of Minnesota teal hunters that reported shooting teal that were not retrieved, and the average number of birds during the 2021 early teal season

	Percent yes	Average
Did you personally shoot any teal that you were not able to retrieve during the 2021 experimental early teal season in Minnesota?	13	2.1

- Responses from teal season participants only
- n = 284

Table 8. Percent of Minnesota teal hunters that reported shooting non-target duck species during the early teal season, and the average number of birds during the 2021 early teal season

	Percent yes	Average
Did you personally shoot any non-teal ducks during the 2021 experimental early teal season in Minnesota?	4	1.6

- Responses from teal season participants only
- n = 284

Table 9. Minnesota teal hunters' reported difficulty identifying teal during the 2021 early teal season

Very difficult	Moderately difficult	Slightly difficult	Not easy or difficult	Slightly easy	Moderately easy	Very easy
3	8	12	13	10	26	29

- Question wording: How easy or difficult was it for you to accurately identify teal compared to other waterfowl species that cannot be legally harvested during the experimental early teal hunting season; for instance, wood duck?
- Responses from teal season participants only
- n = 281

Table 10. Percent of Minnesota teal hunters primary hunting zone during the 2021 early teal season

	North	Central	South
Which waterfowl-hunting zone did you primarily hunt during the 2021 experimental teal hunting season in Minnesota?	24	51	26

- Responses from teal season participants only
- *n* = 283

Table 11. Minnesota teal hunters' overall satisfaction with the 2021 early teal season

Very dissatisfied	Moderately dissatisfied	Slightly dissatisfied	Neither	Slightly satisfied	Moderately satisfied	Very satisfied
9	6	6	11	11	18	40

- Question wording: Overall, how satisfied were you with your experience during the experimental early teal hunting season?
- Responses from teal season participants only
- n = 282

Table 12. Minnesota teal hunters' satisfaction with elements of the 2021 early teal season

	Very dissatisfied	Moderately dissatisfied	Slightly dissatisfied	Neither	Slightly satisfied	Moderately satisfied	Very satisfied
Teal harvest	12	7	12	15	14	14	28
Number of teal seen while hunting	10	9	15	9	12	20	26
Number of other hunters encountered	6	5	7	36	12	15	19
Teal hunting regulations	6	2	10	20	12	20	31
Timing of the teal hunting season	10	5	6	15	13	20	31
Length of the teal season	8	5	12	25	14	20	16
Number of non-hunters (e.g., wild rice harvesters, kayakers) encountered while hunting	5	6	4	42	6	11	28
Access to places to hunt teal	3	5	5	21	13	23	30

- Question wording: How satisfied or dissatisfied were you with the following elements of the experimental early teal season in Minnesota in 2021?
- Responses from teal season participants only
- *n* = 280, 282, 282, 280, 281, 282, 280, 282 (in order top to bottom)

Table 13. Minnesota waterfowl hunters' support for continuation of the early teal season

Strongly oppose	Moderately oppose	Slightly oppose	Neither	Slightly support	Moderately support	Strongly support
19	8	5	17	6	15	30

- Question wording: How much do you support or oppose Minnesota DNR offering an early teal season in 2022?
- Responses are for all respondents regardless of teal season participation
- *n* = 935

Appendix A. Survey questionnaire

THE 2021 EXPERIMENTAL EARLY TEAL SEASON IN MINNESOTA

A study of hunters' opinions and activities



Your help on this study is greatly appreciated!

PLEASE COMPLETE EVEN IF YOU DID NOT HUNT

Please return your completed questionnaire in the enclosed envelope. The envelope is self-addressed and no postage is required. Thanks!



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Part I. Participation in the 2021 Expe	rimental Early Teal Hu	unting Season	
Q1. Minnesota held an experimental eteal during this season?		son from September 4 to Septer	mber 8 2021. Did you hunt
☐ No —— (<u>Skip to Part IV</u> ☐ Yes	<u>(,)</u>		
Part II. Harvest during the 2021 Expe	rimental Early Teal Se	ason	
Q2. For each of the 5 days of the expe number of blue-winged and green-wi	•		
Day	Did you hunt this day?	How many blue-winged teal did YOU KILL PERSONALLY on this day?	How many green-winged teal did YOU KILL PERSONALLY on this day?
Saturday, September 4 th , 2021	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Sunday, September 5 th , 2021	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Monday, September 6 th , 2021	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Tuesday, September 7 th , 2021	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Wednesday, September 8 th , 2021	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Q3. Did you personally shoot any teal season in Minnesota?	that you were not ab	le to retrieve during the 2021 ex	xperimental early teal
□ No□ Yes (If, yes, how many over the	e whole 5-day season	?)	
Q4. Did you personally shoot any non-	-teal ducks during the	2021 experimental early teal se	eason in Minnesota?
□ No□ Yes (If, yes, how many over th	e whole 5-day season	?)	

Q5. How easy or difficult was it for you to accurately identify teal compared to other waterfowl species that cannot be legally harvested during the experimental early teal hunting season; for instance, wood duck. (*Please circle one*.)

Very difficult	Moderately difficult	Slightly difficult	Not easy or difficult	Slightly easy	Moderately easy	Very easy
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Q6. Which waterfowl hunting zone did you primarily hunt during the 2021 experimental teal hunting season in
Minnesota? (Please choose only one).

■ North

□ Central

☐ South

Part III. Your Teal Hunting Satisfaction

Q7. Overall, how satisfied were you with your experience during the experimental early teal hunting season? (*Please circle one*.)

Very dissatisfied	Moderately dissatisfied	Slightly dissatisfied	Neither	Slightly satisfied	•	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Q8. How satisfied or dissatisfied were you with the following elements of the experimental early teal season in Minnesota in 2021? (*Please circle one for each*).

	Very dissatisfied	Moderately dissatisfied	Slightly dissatisfied	Neither	Slightly satisfied	Moderately satisfied	Very satisfied
Teal harvest	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of teal seen while hunting	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of other hunters encountered	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Teal hunting regulations	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Timing of the teal hunting season	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Length of the teal season	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of non-hunters (e.g., wild rice harvesters, kayakers) encountered while hunting	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Access to places to hunt teal	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Part IV. Support for Teal Hunting Season

Q9. How much do you support or oppose Minnesota DNR offering an early teal season in 2022? (Please circle one.)

Strongly oppose	Moderately oppose	Slightly oppose	Neither	Slightly support	Moderately support	Strongly support
1	2	3	4	5	6	7