

Sand Plain – Big Woods Deer Goal Setting – Block G5 Landowner and Hunter Survey Results



Table of Contents

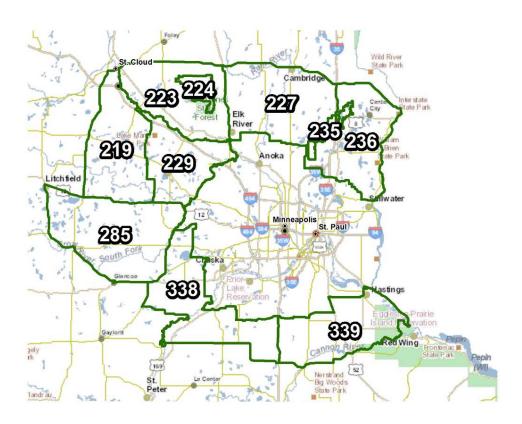
Public Surveys for Deer Goal Setting	I
Methods	1
Hunter Survey	2
Demographics	2
Population trends and perceptions about deer populations	2
Satisfaction	
Consideration when setting deer population goals	7
Landowner Survey	
Demographics	
Hunting patterns	
Reported damage from deer	
Population trends and perceptions about deer populations	
Consideration when setting deer population goals	
Table 1. Condensed table of desired deer population trends of hunters, by land type hunted. Table 2. Hunter perceptions of deer population trends over the last 5 years, by deer permit a Table 3. Hunter beliefs about current deer population densities, by deer area	area.3 4 4
Table 6. Hunter satisfaction with number and quality of bucks, antlerless deer, and total deen numbers, by area.	er
Table 7. Items that hunters believed should be important when considering setting deer population goals. Table 8. Condensed table of desired deer population trends for landowners that hunted by lattype hunted	and
type hunted	12 ea. 14 her 15 16
Table 14. Importance of items landowners indicated should be considered when setting deepopulation goals	

Figures

Figure 1. Graphical representation of hunters' desired deer population trends	5
Figure 2. Hunter satisfaction with total number of deer seen, based on land type hunt	ed 7
Figure 3. Graphical importance of items that should be considered when setting deer	population
goals as defined by hunters. Items were consolidated into 3 groups and ranked by rel	ative
importance from low to high	9
Figure 4. Percent of landowners who owned crops, woods, and residential acreage	11
Figure 5. Percent of landowners who indicated they had damage from deer	12
Figure 6. Reported damage to crops, woods, and residential acreage, by deer permit a	area 13
Figure 7. Graphical representation of desired deer population trends for landowners.	17
Figure 8. Graphical representation of landowner desires for future deer populations, landowner desires for future deer populations.	by whether
or not they hunted.	18
Figure 9. Graphical importance of items that should be considered when setting deer	population
goals as defined by landowners. Items were consolidated into 3 groups and ranked fr	om low to
high by highest importance.	19
Appendices	
Appendix A. Sand Plain – Big Woods (Block G5) hunter survey	20
Appendix B. Sand Plain – Big Woods (Block G5) landowner survey	24

Public Surveys for Deer Goal Setting

MN DNR periodically conducts stakeholder surveys to collect information about public desires and opinions regarding specific natural resource management issues. Survey recipients are selected randomly and provide a statistically representative sample of stakeholder opinions. Thus, these surveys differ from annual public input opportunities which may include some bias according to self-selection of interested parties. In 2014, both hunters (Appendix A) and landowners (Appendix B) in this goal setting block were surveyed; the resulting information provides a basis for the 2015 deer population goal setting process. This report covers goal block 5, Sand Plain – Big Woods.



Methods

Hunters and private landowners were surveyed using a mixed mode design that included two waves of letters requesting survey completion online; the third wave was mailed using a self-administered mail back questionnaire (Appendices A and B).

For the hunter survey, we randomly selected 2,600 adult 2013 deer license holders who indicated they intended to hunt in deer areas 219, 223, 224, 227, 229, 235, 236, or 285. Deer areas 338 and 339 were included in the 2012-13 hunter and landowner surveys for southeastern Minnesota; as a result the permit areas were not surveyed again in 2014. A total of 110 surveys were undeliverable and we received 737 completed responses, which yielded an adjusted response rate

of 30%. Landowner parcels were stratified into 4 acreages, 1) 2 – 19.9, 2) 20 – 79.9, 3) 80 – 319.9, and 4) 320+. We selected a simple random sample from strata 1 and 2 (n = 759), strata 3 (n = 758), and surveyed all landowners in strata 4 (N = 324). Overall, there were 288 undeliverable surveys; 871 completed landowner surveys were returned, yielding a 36% adjusted response rate. Deer areas 224 (Sherburne NWR) and 235 (Carlos Avery WMA) are comprised entirely of public land so were no landowner surveys. For both surveys, our error rate at the goal block level was approximately 3%.

Hunter Survey

Demographics

Nearly all respondents (94%) indicated they hunted during the 2013 firearm deer season. Overall 26% indicated they hunted deer during the archery season and 21% hunted muzzleloader. Firearm hunters spent an average of 5.4 days afield, compared to 6.2 for muzzleloader and 17.7 for archery hunters. Overall, individuals had hunted an average of 24 years in Minnesota and 16 years in the deer area they indicated they hunted most often. Overall, 89% of respondents were male and the average age was 47.9 (range = 15 - 80).

More than half of hunters did at least some of their hunting on their own private land (61%) or other private land (79%). Slightly less than half (43%) did at least some of their hunting on public land. Another 8.5% indicated they did at least some hunting on lands that they leased for deer hunting. Only 3.4% of respondents hunted exclusively on land they leased. With respect to future populations; a majority expressed a desire for an increase in deer numbers, regardless of where they hunted (Table 1).

Population trends and perceptions about deer populations

Respondents were asked to indicate their perceptions of deer population trends over the last 5 years. Overall, 64% of respondents indicated there were fewer deer than 5 years ago, 12% indicated more, and 24% believed populations were the same. We observed some differences; hunters in deer area 224 (Sherburne NWR) were most likely to indicate populations had declined (80%). Slightly more than half of 219 (55%), 223 (57%), 227 (58%), and 235 (58%) hunters felt populations had declined (Table 2). Respondents were also asked for their perceptions of total deer population size as rated by 'too low', 'about right', or 'too high'. Slightly more than half (54%) believed the population was 'too low', 42% thought it was 'about right', and 5% indicated the population was 'too high'. We observed statistical differences among deer permit areas with similar patterns as described above (Table 3). Respondents were also asked to indicate their desires for future deer population densities and two-thirds (67%) wanted to see an increase in deer densities at some level (Table 4, Figure 1). A majority of respondents (85%) would shoot an antlerless deer if given the opportunity.

Table 1. Condensed table of desired deer population trends of hunters, by land type hunted.

Desired Population Trend No Type of land hunted Decrease Change Increase None 7% 21% 72% Some 13% 15% 72% Private land that I own Most 11% 26% 63% All 11% 31% 58% None 9% 23% 68% Some 9% 18% 73% Private land that I lease for hunting Most 0% 0% 100% All 23% 31% 46% None 13% 28% 59% Some 9% 20% 71% Private land that I do not own or lease Most 19% 71% 11% All 7% 26% 67% None 10% 27% 64% Some 9% 70% 21% Public land Most 10% 15% 74% All 5% 8% 87%

Table 2. Hunter perceptions of deer population trends over the last 5 years, by deer permit area.

]	Lower		The Same		Higher
Deer Area	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
219	55	55%	23	23%	22	22%
223	70	57%	31	25%	21	17%
224	24	80%	3	10%	3	10%
227	87	58%	43	29%	19	13%
229	30	63%	13	27%	5	10%
235	11	58%	7	37%	1	5%
236	84	74%	22	20%	7	6%
285	54	75%	15	21%	3	4%
Total	415	64%	157	24%	81	12%

Table 3. Hunter beliefs about current deer population densities, by deer area.

_	Too	Too Low		About Right		High
Deer Area	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
219	47	47%	47	47%	6	6%
223	55	46%	61	51%	4	3%
224	22	76%	7	24%	0	0%
227	67	45%	69	46%	14	9%
229	25	52%	22	46%	1	2%
235	12	63%	7	37%	0	0%
236	67	59%	41	36%	6	5%
285	55	76%	17	24%	0	0%
Total	350	54%	271	42%	31	5%

Table 4. Deer population trend preferences for hunters, by deer permit area.

(a) By individual response

Deer Area	Dec	Dec	Dec	No	Inc	Inc	Inc
	50%	25%	10%	Change	10%	25%	50%
219	0%	2%	7%	29%	28%	23%	11%
223	0%	3%	8%	32%	23%	23%	12%
224	0%	0%	3%	10%	21%	45%	21%
227	1%	5%	7%	29%	25%	21%	12%
229	0%	2%	4%	21%	40%	27%	6%
235	0%	0%	5%	11%	47%	5%	32%
236	2%	4%	4%	23%	26%	24%	18%
285	0%	0%	0%	13%	25%	35%	28%
Total	1%	3%	5%	25%	27%	25%	15%

(b) Summarized by decrease, same, increase

Deer Area	Decrease	Same	Increase
219	9%	29%	62%
223	11%	32%	58%
224	3%	10%	87%
227	13%	29%	58%
229	6%	21%	73%
235	5%	11%	84%
236	10%	23%	68%
285	0%	13%	88%
Total	9%	25%	67%

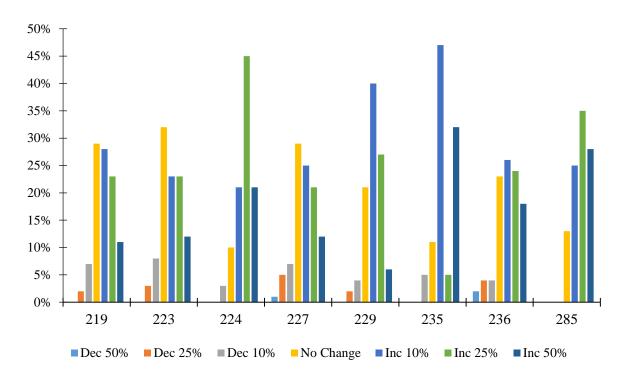


Figure 1. Graphical representation of hunters' desired deer population trends.

Satisfaction

Hunters were asked to indicate their overall satisfaction with deer numbers, whether they heard about or saw legal bucks, their satisfaction with the number of legal bucks, quality of bucks, total number of deer and total number of antlerless deer. Nearly one-third (32%) were satisfied with current deer numbers; a slight majority (52%) indicated dissatisfaction (Table 5). In total, less than half of respondents (39%) indicated they were satisfied with the total number of deer they saw while hunting (50% were not satisfied and 12% were neutral). Half were satisfied with the total number of antlerless deer they observed. About one-third (34%) were satisfied with the number of legal bucks observed; about half were dissatisfied (48%). More than half (57%) indicated they heard about or saw legal bucks while hunting. More hunters (51%) were dissatisfied than satisfied (34%) with the quality of bucks observed (Table 6). Finally, we observed no real differences among land type hunted and satisfaction with total deer numbers; around half to two-thirds were not satisfied with the number of deer they saw while hunting (range = 44% - 67%) (Figure 2).

Table 5. Overall hunter satisfaction with total deer numbers, by deer area.

	Dissa	Dissatisfied		Neither		isfied
DPA	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
219	41	41%	15	15%	44	44%
223	56	46%	24	20%	42	34%
224	22	73%	5	17%	3	10%
227	74	49%	20	13%	56	37%
229	22	46%	10	21%	16	33%
235	12	63%	4	21%	3	16%
236	63	55%	19	17%	33	29%
285	48	67%	13	18%	11	15%
Total	338	52%	110	17%	208	32%

Table 6. Hunter satisfaction with number and quality of bucks, antlerless deer, and total deer numbers, by area.

			ı	L	eer Are	ea	1	ı	1	1
		219	223	224	227	229	235	236	285	Total
	Disagree	45%	41%	46%	44%	33%	68%	54%	67%	48%
I was satisfied with the number of legal bucks	Neither	13%	19%	18%	17%	27%	11%	18%	15%	17%
bucks	Agree	42%	40%	36%	39%	40%	21%	29%	18%	35%
	Disagree	53%	46%	50%	45%	38%	58%	57%	69%	51%
I was satisfied with the quality of bucks	Neither	11%	13%	7%	18%	31%	11%	16%	13%	15%
	Agree	36%	41%	43%	37%	31%	32%	27%	18%	34%
I heard about or saw legal bucks while	Disagree	28%	29%	25%	28%	23%	42%	35%	38%	30%
hunting	Neither	6%	15%	7%	11%	23%	16%	8%	21%	13%
	Agree	66%	57%	68%	60%	54%	42%	58%	42%	57%
I was satisfied with the total number of	Disagree	25%	28%	50%	32%	29%	50%	48%	54%	37%
antlerless deer	Neither	13%	17%	7%	11%	23%	17%	11%	13%	13%
	Agree	62%	55%	43%	57%	48%	33%	42%	33%	50%
I was satisfied with the total number of	Disagree	43%	48%	53%	42%	40%	63%	57%	68%	50%
deer I saw while hunting	Neither	6%	15%	13%	9%	23%	16%	10%	13%	12%
C	Agree	51%	38%	33%	49%	38%	21%	32%	19%	39%

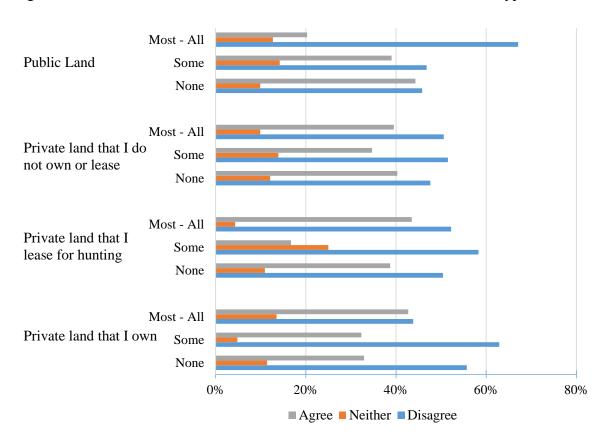


Figure 2. Hunter satisfaction with total number of deer seen, based on land type hunted.

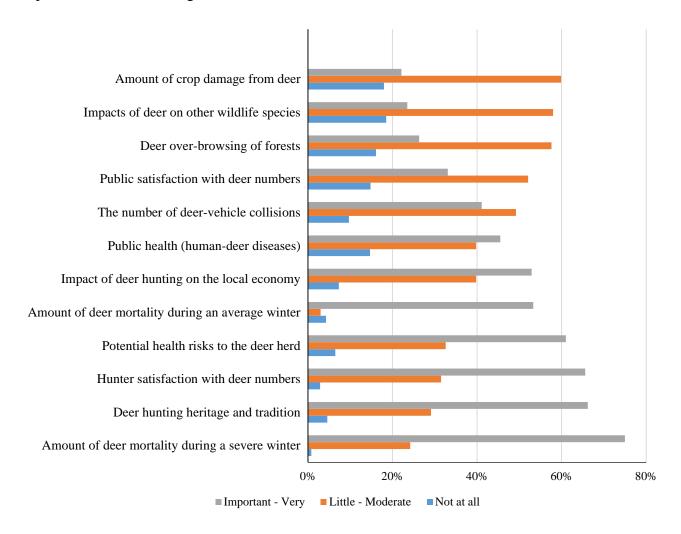
Consideration when setting deer population goals

Respondents were also asked to rate the importance of 12 items when setting deer population goals. They were expressed as items that respondents could consider as relatively important when setting deer population goals. The scale ranges from 'not at all important' to 'very important' and covered a range of items that would lead to management for either higher or lower deer populations. Overall, respondents viewed severe winter mortality, hunting tradition, and hunter satisfaction as the 3 most important items. The amount of crop damage, impacts on other species, and deer over-browsing of forests were the 3 lowest variables (Table 7, Figure 3).

Table 7. Items that hunters believed should be important when considering setting deer population goals.

	Not at				
Item	all	A little	Moderately	Important	Very
Amount of deer mortality during an average winter	4%	14%	29%	38%	15%
Amount of deer mortality during a severe winter	1%	8%	16%	39%	36%
Deer over-browsing of forests	16%	26%	32%	20%	7%
Public satisfaction with deer numbers	15%	22%	30%	24%	9%
Hunter satisfaction with deer numbers	3%	9%	23%	41%	25%
The number of deer-vehicle collisions	10%	20%	29%	27%	14%
Amount of crop damage from deer	18%	32%	28%	18%	5%
Impacts of deer on other wildlife species	19%	27%	31%	18%	5%
Potential health risks to the deer herd	7%	14%	19%	32%	29%
Public health (human-deer diseases)	15%	21%	19%	25%	20%
Impact of deer hunting on the local economy	7%	13%	27%	31%	22%
Deer hunting heritage and tradition	5%	9%	20%	30%	36%

Figure 3. Graphical importance of items that should be considered when setting deer population goals as defined by hunters. Items were consolidated into 3 groups and ranked by relative importance from low to high.



Landowner Survey

Demographics

We received 223, 266, 280, and 101 responses from the 4 strata, respectively. In total, 43% of respondents indicated they hunted deer in Minnesota during the 2013 deer season; similar percentages were reported for 2011 (44%) and 2012 (44%). Since those percentages of landowners that hunted did not vary, tables that describe hunter attitudes are based off whether or not they hunted in 2013 only. By stratum, a lower proportion of respondents who owned 2-20 acres indicated they hunted (37%), as compared to other landowners (20-79.9: 49%; 80-319.9: 44%; 320+: 43%). Overall, individuals had hunted an average of 32 years. Overall, 83% of respondents were male and the average age was 61.2 (range = 20-95).

Hunting patterns

A majority of landowners did most (15%) or all (59%) of their hunting on their own private land. Only one-third of all landowners did at least some hunting on public land (34%), while 50% hunted private land they didn't own. Regardless of where they hunted, a majority of hunting landowners expressed a desire for an increase in deer numbers (Table 8).

Slightly more than two-thirds (68%) indicated they allowed hunting on their property. As expected, individuals with smaller parcels allowed hunting at lower rates (34%) then landowners with at least 20 acres (range = 74% - 90%). Overall, only 4% (n = 23) of landowners indicated they leased their property for hunting. With respect to who is allowed to hunt, 48% indicated family members, 41% indicated friends or neighbors, and 8.6% allowed strangers who asked permission.

Reported damage from deer

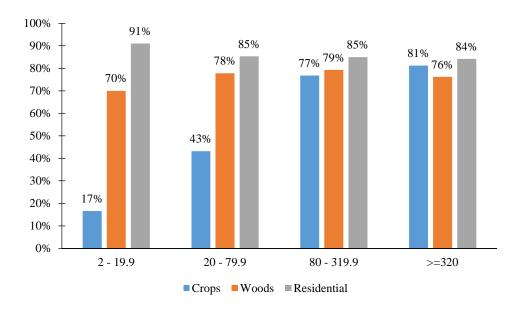
The percentage of landowners who had acreage in crops (e.g., row crops, small grains, orchards, vegetables) increased with stratum (range 17% - 81%). The percentage of respondents who owned woodlands or residential properties was consistent among stratum (Figure 4). Landowners who owned at least 320 acres were most likely to indicate they had damage to their crops (68%). A smaller percentage of respondents indicated they had woodlot (7.6%) or residential (20%) damage from deer. With respect to residential damage, landowners who owned <20 acres were slightly more inclined to indicate damage from deer (Figure 5).

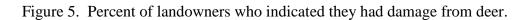
We observed no statistical differences among severity of damage based on land type (crop, woods, residential) or strata by deer permit area. Essentially, damage due to deer was typically categorized as 'negligible' or 'minor', regardless of parcel size (Table 9). We also observed no statistical differences among deer permit areas for landowners who reported damage to crops, woods, or residential acreage (Figure 6).

Table 8. Condensed table of desired deer population trends for landowners that hunted by land type hunted.

		Desired Population Trend					
			No				
Type of land hunted		Decrease	Change	Increase			
	None	20%	42%	39%			
Private land that I own	Some	11%	22%	67%			
Private fand that I own	Most	11%	30%	59%			
	All	12%	30%	58%			
	None	16%	34%	50%			
Private land that I lease	Some	9%	9%	82%			
for hunting	Most	17%	33%	50%			
	All	0%	0%	100%			
	None	14%	36%	51%			
Private land that I do	Some	9%	26%	64%			
not own or lease	Most	3%	29%	69%			
	All	27%	30%	43%			
	None	17%	33%	50%			
Ded.11 - 1 4	Some	2%	32%	66%			
Public land	Most	0%	7%	93%			
	All	11%	37%	53%			

Figure 4. Percent of landowners who owned crops, woods, and residential acreage.





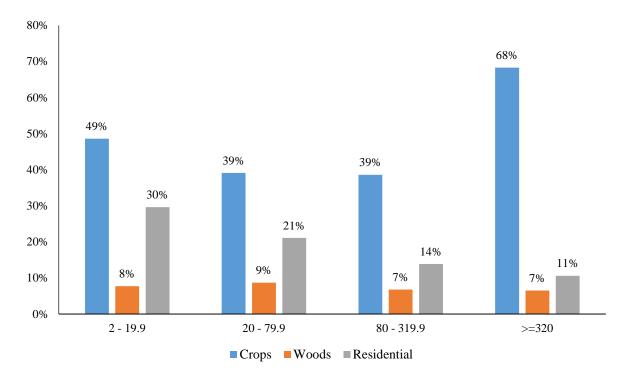


Table 9. Self-described damage caused by deer for crops, woods, and residential land types.

				Strata		
		2 - 19.9	20 - 79.9	80 - 319.9	>=320	Total
	Negligible	24%	20%	21%	13%	19%
	Minor	62%	43%	52%	54%	51%
Crops	Moderate	10%	28%	19%	22%	21%
	Severe	5%	8%	5%	10%	7%
	Very Severe	0%	0%	3%	2%	2%
	Negligible	29%	25%	19%	12%	21%
	Minor	41%	48%	51%	55%	49%
Woods	Moderate	19%	20%	22%	21%	20%
	Severe	7%	5%	5%	10%	6%
	Very Severe	4%	2%	3%	2%	3%
	Negligible	25%	23%	22%	13%	21%
	Minor	47%	48%	49%	52%	49%
Residential	Moderate	18%	23%	22%	23%	21%
	Severe	7%	5%	6%	10%	7%
	Very Severe	3%	1%	2%	2%	2%

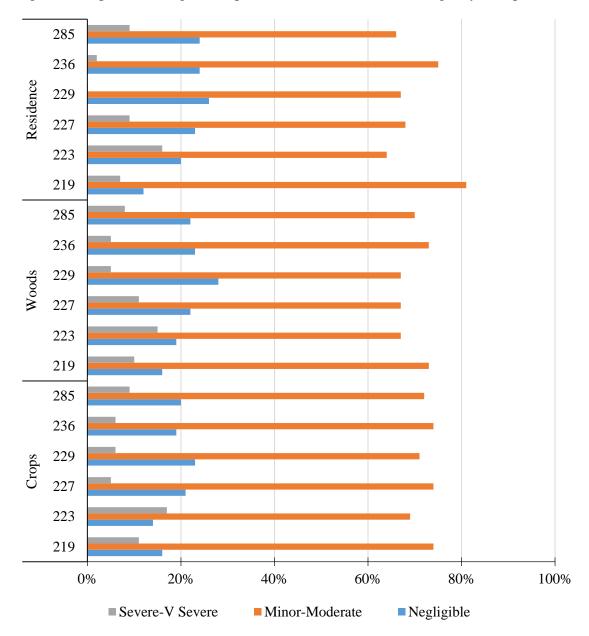


Figure 6. Reported damage to crops, woods, and residential acreage, by deer permit area.

Population trends and perceptions about deer populations

Respondents were asked to indicate their perceptions of deer population trends over the last 5 years. Overall, 47% (41% non-hunters, 55% hunters) of respondents indicated there were fewer deer than 5 years ago, 20% (22% non-hunters, 18% hunters) indicated more, and 33% (37% non-hunters, 27% hunters) believed populations were the same. We found no statistical differences among deer areas in attitudes towards population trends (Table 10). Respondents were also asked for their perceptions of total deer population size as rated by 'too low', 'about right', or 'too high'. Non-hunting landowners were more likely to indicate the deer population was 'about

right' (62% vs. 42%), while hunters were more likely to indicate populations were 'too low' (50% vs 22%). Non-hunters were more likely to indicate the population was 'too high' (8.3% hunters, 17% non-hunters). Similar patterns were detected by deer area in that hunting landowners were more likely to express different population desires than non-hunting landowners (Table 11). Respondents were also asked to indicate their desires for future deer population densities and 43% wanted to see an increase in deer densities at some level (Table 12, Figure 7). We also observed clear differences between hunting and non-hunting landowners with hunting landowners indicating stronger preferences for higher deer populations (Table 13; Figure 8).

Table 10. Perceptions of landowner deer population trends over the last 5 years, by deer area.

]	Lower		The Same		Higher
Deer Area	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
219	66	49%	43	32%	27	20%
223	55	40%	50	36%	33	24%
227	71	43%	60	36%	34	21%
229	45	47%	31	33%	19	20%
236	61	61%	25	25%	14	14%
285	96	48%	63	31%	43	21%
Total	394	47%	272	33%	170	20%

Table 11. Landowner beliefs about current deer population densities, by deer area and whether or not they hunted.

	Deer		Too		About		Too
Hunt	Area	N	low	N	right	N	high
	219	15	23%	34	52%	16	25%
	223	7	13%	43	77%	6	11%
NT.	227	21	23%	61	66%	11	12%
No (57%)	229	11	21%	31	60%	10	19%
(3770)	236	8	13%	42	66%	14	22%
	285	34	29%	66	56%	17	15%
	Sum	96	22%	277	62%	74	17%
	219	31	47%	29	44%	6	9%
	223	33	42%	42	53%	4	5%
Yes	227	30	45%	28	42%	9	13%
(43%)	229	21	50%	20	48%	1	2%
	236	21	64%	9	27%	3	9%
	285	48	57%	29	35%	7	8%
	Sum	184	50%	157	42%	30	8%
	219	46	35%	63	48%	22	17%
	223	40	30%	85	63%	10	7%
	227	51	32%	89	56%	20	13%
Total	229	32	34%	51	54%	11	12%
	236	29	30%	51	53%	17	18%
	285	82	41%	95	47%	24	12%
	Total	280	34%	434	53%	104	13%

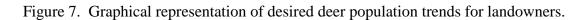
Table 12. Preferred landowner population trends, by deer area.

(a) by individual response

	Dec	Dec	Dec	No	Inc	Inc	Inc
Deer Area	50%	25%	10%	Change	10%	25%	50%
219	4%	9%	6%	34%	24%	18%	6%
223	2%	5%	6%	47%	20%	14%	7%
227	2%	4%	11%	40%	23%	12%	8%
229	4%	7%	4%	39%	20%	19%	5%
236	5%	7%	7%	41%	19%	14%	6%
285	2%	8%	7%	39%	18%	20%	9%
Total	3%	7%	7%	40%	20%	16%	7%

(b) Summarized by decrease, stay the same, increase

Deer Area	Decrease	Same	Increase
219	19%	34%	48%
223	13%	47%	41%
227	17%	40%	43%
229	15%	39%	44%
236	19%	41%	39%
285	17%	39%	47%
Total	17%	40%	43%



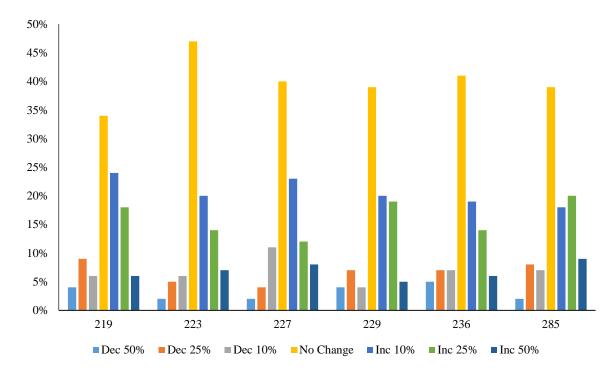
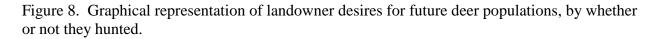
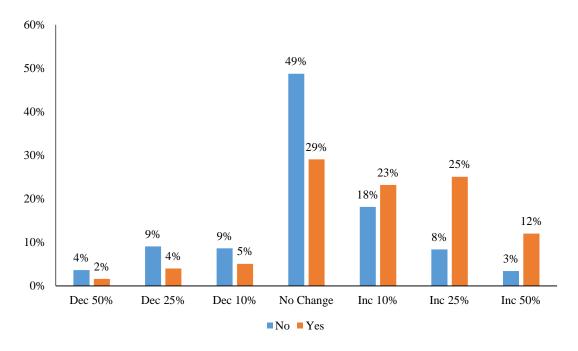


Table 13. Desired deer population trends for landowners, by deer area and whether or not they hunted.

Hunt	Deer Area	Dec 50%	Dec 25%	Dec 10%	No Change	Inc 10%	Inc 25%	Inc 50%
Trant	219	6%	17%	6%	36%	25%	6%	3%
	223	2%	7%	7%	62%	15%	5%	2%
	227	1%	4%	12%	49%	19%	10%	4%
No	229	8%	12%	6%	50%	15%	8%	2%
(57%)	236	5%	8%	11%	51%	16%	5%	5%
	285	3%	9%	8%	47%	18%	12%	3%
	Total	4%	9%	9%	49%	18%	8%	3%
	219	1%	1%	6%	31%	22%	28%	9%
	223	1%	4%	5%	36%	24%	19%	10%
***	227	3%	4%	9%	28%	29%	14%	13%
Yes (43%)	229	0%	2%	2%	26%	26%	33%	10%
(4370)	236	6%	6%	0%	24%	24%	32%	9%
	285	0%	6%	5%	26%	17%	30%	17%
	Total	2%	4%	5%	29%	23%	25%	12%





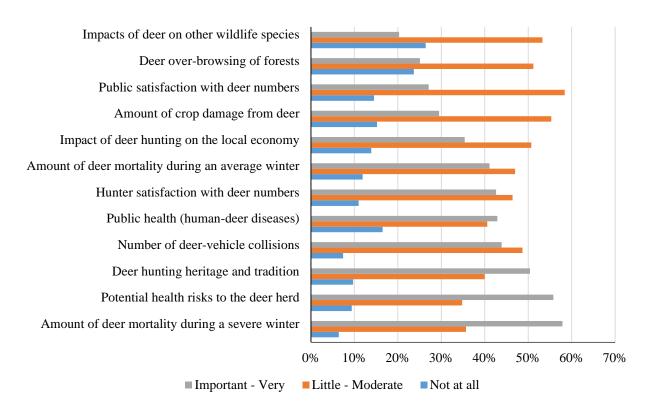
Consideration when setting deer population goals

Respondents were also asked to rate the importance of 12 items when setting deer population goals. The scale ranges from 'not at all important' to 'very important' and covered a range of items that would lead to both higher and lower deer populations. Deer mortality during a severe winter, disease risks to deer, and hunting tradition were the 3 most important considerations for landowner. Impacts of deer on other species, deer over-browsing, and public health comprised had the lowest relative importance (Table 14; Figure 9).

Table 14. Importance of items landowners indicated should be considered when setting deer population goals.

_	Relative Importance					
		A				
Item	Not at all	little	Moderately	Important	Very	
Amount of deer mortality during an average winter	12%	17%	31%	31%	10%	
Amount of deer mortality during a severe winter	6%	15%	21%	32%	26%	
Deer over-browsing of forests	24%	26%	25%	20%	5%	
Public satisfaction with deer numbers	15%	25%	34%	21%	6%	
Hunter satisfaction with deer numbers	11%	17%	29%	27%	16%	
Number of deer-vehicle collisions	7%	20%	28%	26%	18%	
Amount of crop damage from deer	15%	28%	28%	21%	8%	
Impacts of deer on other wildlife species	26%	25%	28%	16%	4%	
Potential health risks to the deer herd	9%	15%	20%	33%	23%	
Public health (human-deer diseases)	17%	20%	21%	24%	19%	
Deer hunting heritage and tradition	10%	14%	26%	27%	23%	
Impact of deer hunting on the local economy	14%	22%	29%	23%	12%	

Figure 9. Graphical importance of items that should be considered when setting deer population goals as defined by landowners. Items were consolidated into 3 groups and ranked from low to high by highest importance.



Private land that I own

Public land

Private land that I lease for hunting

Private land that I do **not** own or lease

2014 Survey of Minnesota Deer Hunters: Population Management

The Minnesota Department of Natural Resources will be evaluating deer population goals in east-central Minnesota this year. An important component of this project is to collect information from deer hunters regarding their opinions towards deer populations. You have been selected at random to participate in this survey. Please take a few moments to answer the questions below. Your responses will help guide deer population goals in the area you hunt. This survey should take less than 10 minutes to complete.

1.		xes below to report if you son. (<i>Please check all tha</i>		leer in M	Iinnesota during the 201	11, 2012 or 2013
	□ 2011 □ I did not h	☐ 2012 ☐ 2013 unt deer any of these year		ase skip	to Question 13	
2.		eople to hunt deer during ticipate? Please mark 'Yo				
					If Yes,	
		Season	Yes	No	Number of Days	
		Archery				
		Firearm				
		Muzzleloader				
	□ 219 □ 223 □	ermit area did you hunt m 224	□ 235 □	□ 236	\square 285 \square I hunted a	permit area not listed
5.	Including 2013, how Years	v many years have you hu	inted dee	r in the p	permit area you hunt mo	ost often?
6.	Including 2013, how	w many years have you be	een huntii	ng deer i	n Minnesota?	Years
7.	•	deer hunting did you do on? (Please circle one item			owing types of land dur	ing your most recent
				None	Some Most	A11

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ters can take I bucks, but I bucks, and can be harve	e any legal b hunters can antlerless h	uck take any an	tlerless deer	· —
	wing stateme	ents regardir	ng your mos	t recent deer
Strongly Disagree	Slightly Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Slightly Agree	Strongly Agree
1	2	3	4	5
1	2	3	4	5
1	2	3	4	5
1	2	3	4	5
1	2	3	4	5
in the deer p go ars ago o				
	ters can taked bucks, but d bucks, and can be harve that the followent below). Strongly Disagree 1 1 1 1 1 cortunity? in the deer page ars ago o	ters can take any legal by display bucks, but hunters can display bucks, and antierless here to be harvested Strongly Disagree Strongly Disagree 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 6 1 9 1 9 1 1 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ters can take any legal buck d bucks, but hunters can take any and bucks, and antlerless harvest is als can be harvested th the following statements regarding the below. Strongly Disagree Disagree Nor Disagree 1 2 3 1 3 3 1 4 4 5 5 6 1 5 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	th the following statements regarding your mosent below). Strongly Disagree Neither

13. How much importance should we assign to each of the following considerations when setting deer population goals? (*Please circle one number for each statement below*).

	Not at all Important	A little Important	Moderately Important	Important	Very Important
Amount of deer mortality during an <u>average</u> winter	1	2	3	4	5
Amount of deer mortality during a <u>severe</u> winter	1	2	3	4	5
Potential health risks to the deer herd	1	2	3	4	5
Public health (human-deer diseases)	1	2	3	4	5
Amount of crop damage from deer	1	2	3	4	5
Number of deer-vehicle collisions	1	2	3	4	5
Deer over-browsing of forests	1	2	3	4	5
Impacts of deer on other wildlife species	1	2	3	4	5
Deer hunting heritage and tradition	1	2	3	4	5
Hunter satisfaction with deer numbers	1	2	3	4	5
Public satisfaction with deer numbers	1	2	3	4	5
Impact of deer hunting on the local economy	1	2	3	4	5

	ease identify up er population g		tors that you b	elieve are imp	ortant and sho	uld be conside	ered when setting
1)							
17. In	thinking about Much to thinking about pulation should	o Low To	oo Low 🗖 Al	oout Right ne surrounding	Too High	☐ Much too	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Decrease	Decrease	Decrease	No Change	Increase	Increase	Increase
	50%	Population 25% (Moderate)	10%		Population 10% (Slight)	Population 25% (Moderate)	Population 50% (Significant)

18. To what extent would you support or oppose a regulation that bucks in the deer area you hunt most often? (<i>Check one</i>) ☐ Strongly Oppose	t would ind	crease the	e proportio	on of ant	lered
☐ Slightly Oppose					
□ Neither Oppose nor Support□ Slightly Support□ Strongly Support					
19. Please let us know how you feel about the Minnesota Departiresponse for each of the following statements.)	nent of Na	tural Res	sources. (A	Please c	ircle one
	Strongly Disagree	Slightly Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Slightly Agree	Strongly Agree
The MnDNR does a good job of managing deer in Minnesota.	1	2	3	4	5
When deciding about deer management in Minnesota, the MnDNR will be open and honest in the things they do and say.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR can be trusted to make decisions about deer management that are good for the resource.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR will make decisions about deer management in a way that is fair.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR has deer managers and biologists who are well-trained for their jobs.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR listens to the concerns of deer hunters.	1	2	3	4	5
20. What is your gender? ☐ Male ☐ Female	.i4)				
21. What year were you born? (Please use the 4 dig	git year).				
If you would be willing to respond to additional questions about and are willing to provide your email address, please write it beloresearch related to deer management and will not share it with an	w. We wi				
E-mail address:					

1. How many total acres did you own and/or lease at the end of 2013?

2014 Survey of Minnesota Landowners: Deer Management

The Minnesota Department of Natural Resources will be evaluating deer population goals in east-central Minnesota this year. An important component of this project is to collect information from landowners regarding their opinions towards deer populations and land management. You have been selected at random to participate in this survey. Please take a few moments to answer the questions below. This survey should take less than ten minutes to complete. Your responses will help guide deer population goals in the area you own land.

Land Type		Acres Owned	Acres Leased	% Enrolled in Conservation Program
Private Residence (house, l	awns, associated buildings)			%
Woodlands (natural forest	or tree plantings)			%
Brushland (including aband	loned, overgrown fields)			%
Hayfields, Pasture, or Gras	sland			%
Wetlands				%
Row Crops				%
Small Grains				%
Orchards or Vineyards				%
Vegetables or other Truck	Crops			%
Prairie (Native or Restored)			%
Wildlife Food Plots				%
Other (please list:)		%
Did you experience deer dam	age to land that you own or	leased in 2013?		
Crops Woodlands Landscaping	☐ Yes ☐ 1	No / SK	IP TO QU	NO PLEASE ESTION 6
How would you describe the ☐ Negligible ☐ Mi How would you compare the	nor	Severe	ry Severe	
(Check one) ☐ Much less damage ☐ Slightly less damag ☐ About the same damage ☐ Slightly more damage ☐ Much more damage	than 5 years ago ge than 5 years ago mage as 5 years ago age than 5 years ago	. experienced in	EQTS to WIR	at you experienced 5 years

☐ Much fewer deer now than 5 years ago ☐ Slightly fewer deer now than 5 years ag ☐ About the same number of deer now as ☐ Slightly more deer now than 5 years ag ☐ Many more deer now than 5 years ago	go s 5 years ago				
7. In thinking about your property and the surround numbers. (<i>Check one</i>)	ing area, pleas	e indicate you	ır overall satisf	action with cu	ırrent deer
 □ Very Dissatisfied □ Slightly Dissatisfied □ Neither Dissatisfied nor Satisfied □ Slightly Satisfied □ Very Satisfied 					
8. How much importance should we assign to each (<i>Please circle one number for each statement bel</i>		ng considerati	ons when settii	ng deer popula	ation goals?
(Fredate en ele ene number for eden sidiement del	Not at all Important	A little Important	Moderately Important	Important	Very Important
Amount of deer mortality during an <u>average</u> winter	1	2	3	4	5
Amount of deer mortality during a severe winter	1	2	3	4	5
Potential health risks to the deer herd such as chronic wasting disease	1	2	3	4	5
Public health (human-deer diseases)	1	2	3	4	5
Amount of crop damage from deer	1	2	3	4	5
Number of deer-vehicle collisions	1	2	3	4	5
Deer over-browsing of forests	1	2	3	4	5
Impacts of deer on other wildlife species	1	2	3	4	5
Deer hunting heritage and tradition	1	2	3	4	5
Hunter satisfaction with deer numbers	1	2	3	4	5
Public satisfaction with deer numbers	1	2	3	4	5
Impact of deer hunting on the local economy	1	2	3	4	5
 9. Please identify up to 3 other factors that you belied population goals. 4)	ing area, woul	d you say the	deer populatio		

6. Over the past 5 years, what trend have you seen in the deer population in the area of your property?

(Check one)

12.	In thinking about your property and the surrounding area, at what level do you think the deer population should be managed? (<i>Please circle one</i>)							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	Decrease Population 50% (Significant)	Decrease Population 25% (Moderate)	Decrease Population 10% (Slight)	No Change	Increase Population 10% (Slight)	Increase Population 25% (Moderate)	Increase Population 50% (Significant)	
13.	Did you allow hunt	ting on your pro	perty during the	e 2013 deer sea	ason? (Check only	y one)		
	☐ Yes ☐ No→PLI	EASE SKIP TO	QUESTION 16	5				
14.	Do you lease any o	f your property	for deer hunting	g?				
	☐ Yes ☐ No							
15.	Who did you allow who hunted your pr			(Check all the	at apply). Please	also estimate t	he number of people	
	☐ Myself or far	mily members	peopl	e	gers who ask per	mission	people	
	☐ Friends or ne	ighbors	peopl	e Peopl	e who lease my p	property	people	
	☐ Other (please	e list:				p	eople	
16.	Please indicate if ye	ou impose any	deer harvest rest	crictions on you	ur property. (Plea	ase check one o	only)	
	Buck harBuck har	evest restricted to evest restricted to extend to extend the type of type of the type of type	U	bucks, but hur bucks, and and an be harveste	nters can take any tlerless harvest is d			
17.	Please check the bo	•	ou hunted deer in	n Minnesota du	uring the 2011, 20	012 or 2013 M	innesota deer season	
			☐ 2013 unt any of these → Please skip t	•	se skip to Questi	on 20		
18.	Which ONE deer p	permit area did	you hunt most o	ften during the	most recent deer	r season you hu	inted?	
	219 2 22	23 🗖 224 🗖	227 229	🗖 235 🗖	236 🗖 285 🗓	☐ I hunted a p	ermit area not listed	
19.	If you did not hunt	one of the perm	nit areas listed al	bove, please te	ll us which one y	ou hunted mos	t often:	
	Ar	ea Number						

20.	How much of you	ur deer hunting did	you do on each o	of the following t	ypes of land dur	ring your mos	st recent d	eer
	hunting season?	(Circle one number	for each row)					

	None	Some	Most	All
Private land that I own	1	2	3	4
Private land that I lease for hunting	1	2	3	4
Private land that I do <u>not</u> own or lease	1	2	3	4
Public land	1	2	3	4

21.	Including 2013,	how many years ha	ve you been hunting	g deer in Minnesota?	Years.

22.	To what extent would you support or oppose a regulation that would increase the proportion of antlered bucks in the
	area you own property? (Check one)

	Strongly	Oppose
_	Duongry	Oppose

- ☐ Slightly Oppose
- ☐ Neither Oppose nor Support
- ☐ Slightly Support
- ☐ Strongly Support

22. Please let us know how you feel about the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. (*Please circle one response for each of the following statements.*)

	Strongly Disagree	Slightly Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Slightly Agree	Strongly Agree
The MnDNR does a good job of managing deer in Minnesota.	1	2	3	4	5
When deciding about deer management in Minnesota, the MnDNR will be open and honest in the things they do and say.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR can be trusted to make decisions about deer management that are good for the resource.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR will make decisions about deer management in a way that is fair.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR has deer managers and biologists who are well-trained for their jobs.	1	2	3	4	5
The MnDNR listens to the concerns of landowners.	1	2	3	4	5

24.	What is your gende	er?	
	☐ Male	☐ Female	
25.	What year were yo	u born?	(Please use the 4 digit year)
wil	ling to provide your		onal questions about deer management and hunting in Minnesota and are e write it below. We will only use your email address for research related to anyone.

E-mail address: