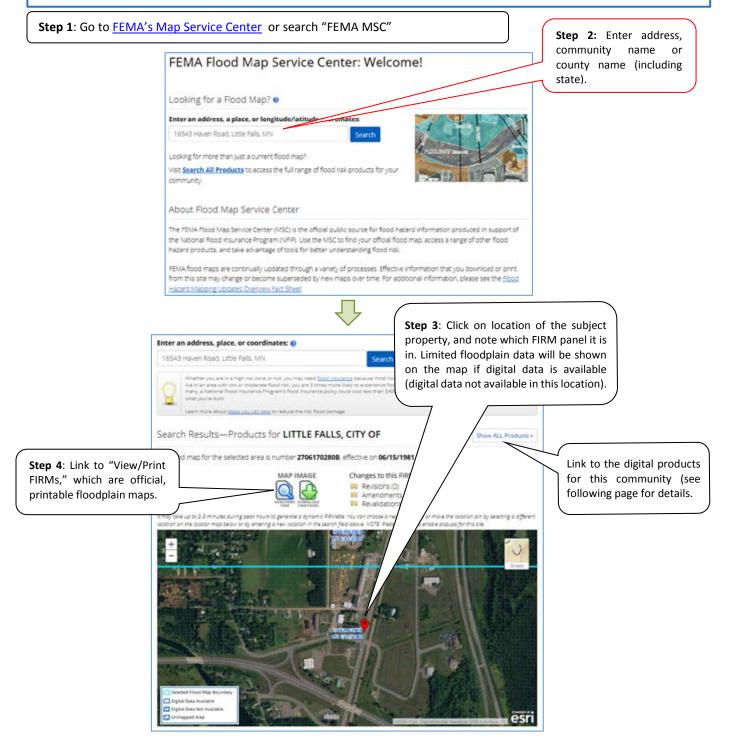
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

How to Use FEMA's Map Service Center (MSC) Site For Floodplain Data

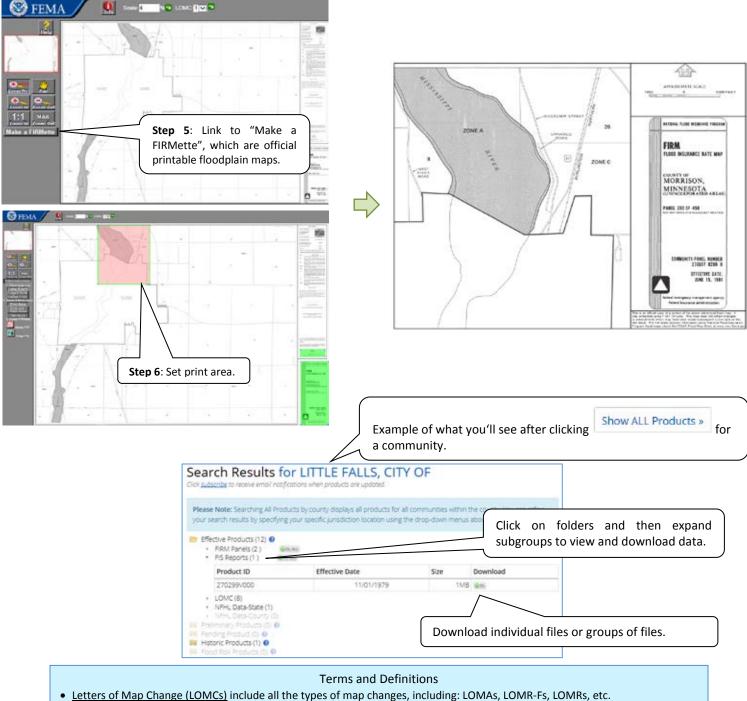
(for communities with older, paper-based maps)

What is at the MSC Site? <u>https://msc.fema.gov/portal</u>

- See the official FEMA maps and studies that show the high risk floodplain areas
- See other digital products, such as Letters of Map Changes (i.e. Letters of Map Amendments, or LOMAs), archived Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), or Flood Insurance Studies
- Retrieve digital files for a specific site, a community, a county, or the entire state



How to Use FEMA's Map Service Center (MSC) Site (Continued)



- Letters of Map Amendment (LOMAs) are issued when a structure is shown in the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHA) but more accurate elevation data show the lowest natural ground touching the structure (i.e., the lowest adjacent grade) is actually higher than the Base Flood Elevation (the "100-year flood elevation"). LOMAs are issued for individual or multiple lots. Note: the SFHA is the 1% annual chance ("100-year flood) floodplain.
- Letters of Map Revision based on Fill (LOMR-Fs) involve filling to get the lowest floor and lowest adjacent grade above the base flood elevation.
- Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs) are issued for larger changes to the maps.
- <u>Revalidation Letters</u> are sent to the chief elected officials just before new maps become effective. The letter lists the LOMAs, LOMR-Fs, etc., that were issued in the past, and that are still valid on the new maps. These cases are automatically "revalidated" the day after the new map dates, and those landowners do NOT need to apply.