SIX-LINED RACERUNNER

(Aspidoscelis sexlineata)



24" 36" 48" 60" 72"
Not listed, Species in Greatest Conservation Need
Up to 9 inches in total length, snout to vent length $2\frac{1}{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{8}$ inches
Mid-May to late August
This lizard has a slender body with a long tail. It is marked with six light yellow to yellow-green dorsal stripes from behind the eye to the base of the tail. Its body is brown or dark brown, and bright green or yellow-green on the sides.
Rough and dull
Grasshoppers, crickets, beetles, ants, flies, spiders and other arthropods
Open sandy or gravelly areas with little ground vegetation, prairies on south facing bluffs and sand outwashes in river flood plains. They overwinter below the frost line in underground burrows, ordinarily self-excavated in loose soil.
Active forager
Egg layer, clutch size is 1-6 eggs
Racerunners' tail can break off if grabbed by a predator. Juvenile Six-lined Racerunners have a powdery blue-green tail. The previous scientific name for this lizard was <i>Cnemidophorus sexlineatus</i> .

WILDERARE



Six-lined Racerunner.



MNDNR-Kelly Lynch Pharis

Six-lined Racerunner.

Source: Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. 2010. <u>Snakes and Lizards of Minnesota</u>. Nongame Wildlife Program, Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, St. Paul, Minnesota. 67 pp.