

Metallic Mineral Exploration in Minnesota: Typical Exploration Activities





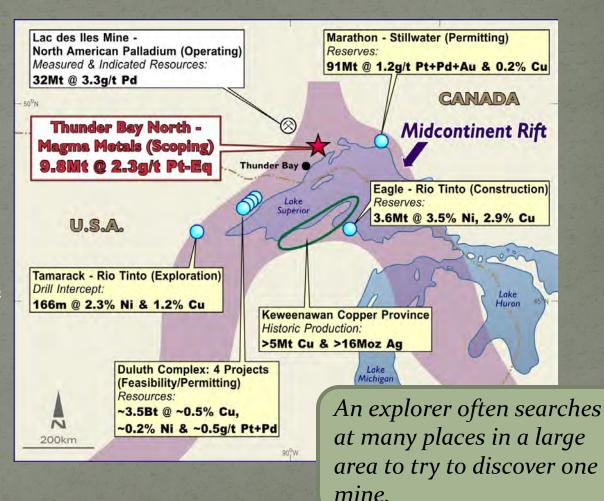




Division of Lands and Minerals Minnesota Department of Natural Resources

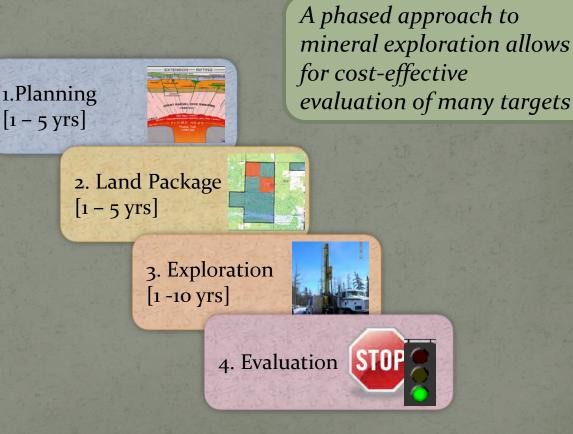
Exploring for Undiscovered Mineral Deposits

Metallic minerals can only be mined economically where geologic processes have concentrated the metals into an ore deposit.

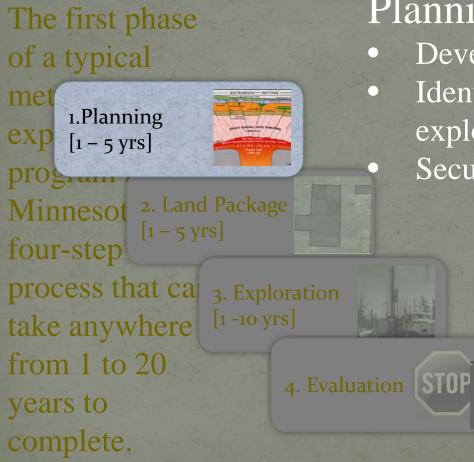


Mineral Exploration Phase I

The first phase of a typical metallic mineral exploration program in Minnesota is a four-step process that can take anywhere from 1 to 20 years to complete.



Mineral Exploration Phase I

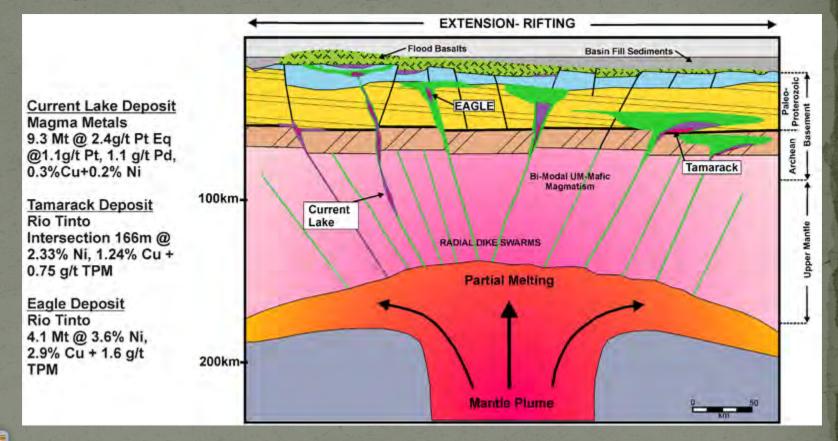


Planning Activities

- Develop a business plan
- Identify a concept and exploration model Secure financing

Concept: Using an Exploration Model

1.Planning [1 - 5 yrs]



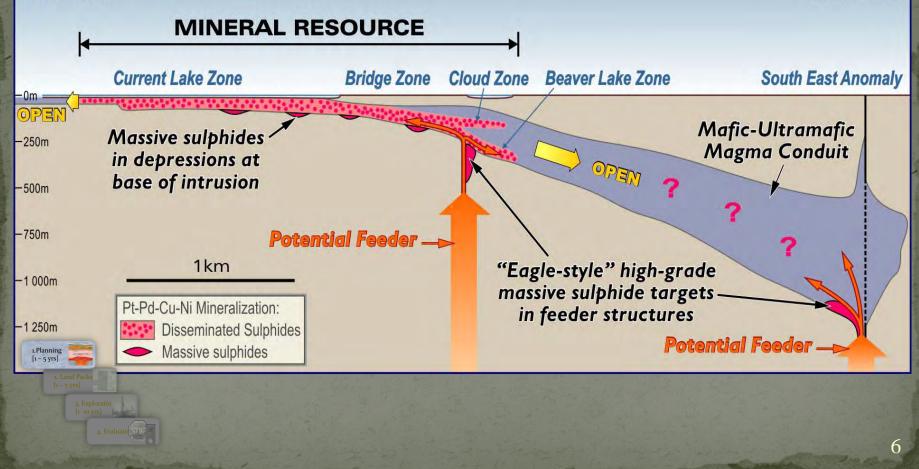
5

An Exploration Model

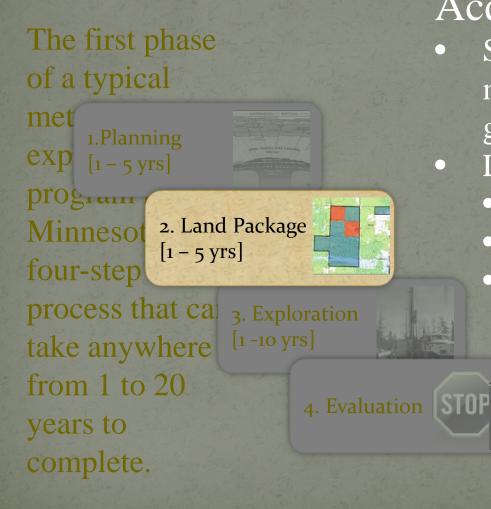
CURRENT LAKE INTRUSIVE COMPLEX - SCHEMATIC LONG-SECTION MODEL

North-West

South-East



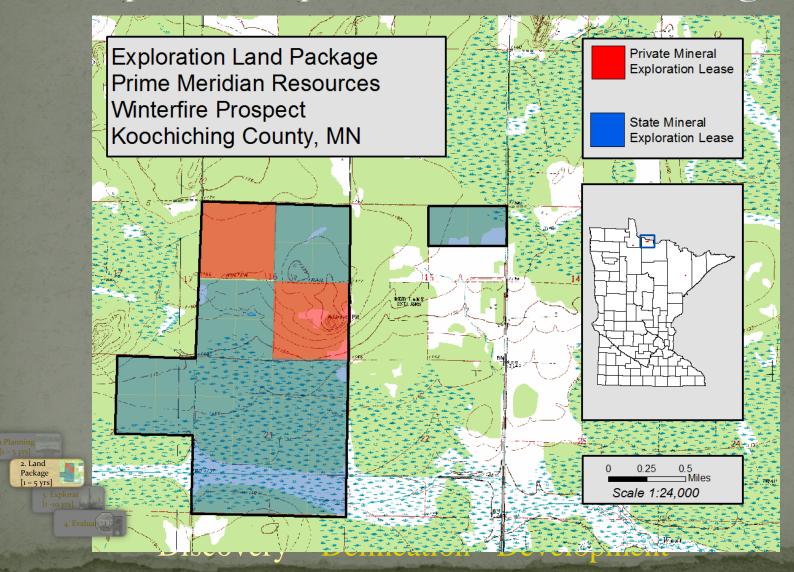
Mineral Exploration: A Phased Approach



Acquire a Land Package

- Secure the rights to explore for minerals over a buried geological target feature
 Land package may include:
 - State mineral leases
 - Private mineral leases
 - Federal prospecting permits

Example of Exploration Land Package



Mineral Exploration: A Phased Approach

The first phase of a typical met exp program Minnesot four-step process that car 3. Exploration [1 -10 yrs] take anywhere from 1 to 20 4. Evaluation | STOP years to complete.

Exploration

- Test many buried geologic features to discover an ore deposit in the bedrock
 Use these exploration methods
 Geologic Mapping
 Geophysics
 Geochemistry
 - Drilling

Exploration Activities Summary

- **Exploration**: Explorer surveys many possible sites using a selection of exploration methods
 - <u>geophysics</u> uses remote sensing to measure physical properties
 - <u>geochemistry</u> measures chemical content in the landscape around the selected feature <u>geologic mapping</u> to define the buried geology and the locations, if any, of the metal being sought <u>drilling</u> obtains samples of the bedrock to measure the metal content and refine the buried geology map



Discovery – Delineation - Development

Walk on property to observe, map, and sample any bedrock outcrops



Geophysical Surveys

 Remotely measures the physical properties (e.g. magnetism, density, electrical conductivity) of the buried bedrock

- From a helicopter or fixed-wing plane
- From the surface of the ground
- From within an exploration borehole
- From the drill core (or bedrock outcrop) sample



Helicopter Survey during Winter 2010-11



Geophysical Equipment



Example of a Geophysical Line

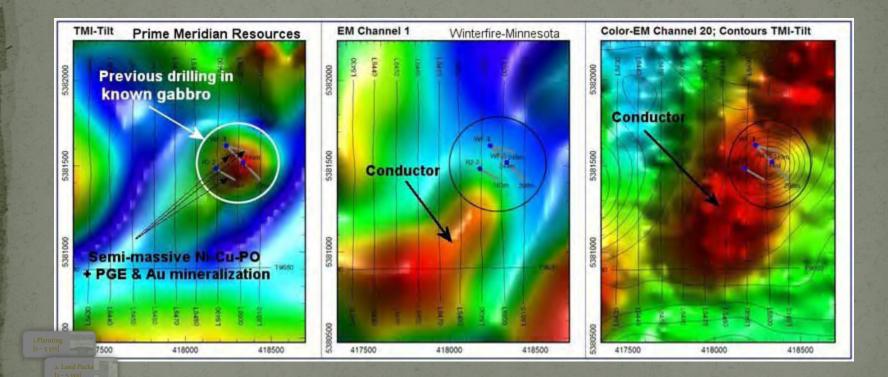


Down –Hole Geophysical Equipment





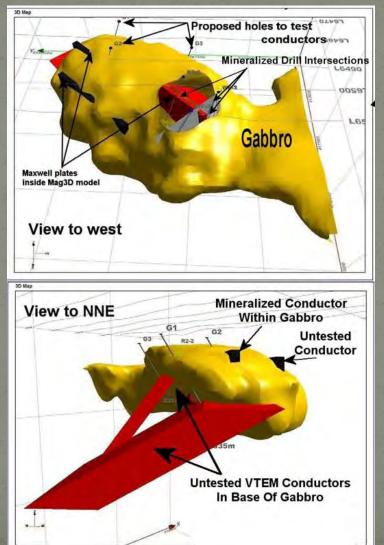
Example of Geophysics and Selection of Drill Sites



3. Exploratio [1 -10 yrs]

17

Geophysical Model of Buried Target to be Drilled





Geochemical Sample: Glacial till collected below the soil horizons to be tested for platinum and palladium



Drill Rig to Obtain Bedrock Core Samples





Personal Safety Near Heavy Equipment: Be sure the operator sees you

3. Exploratio



Drill Bit and Drill Core Sample



Drill Core is put into boxes

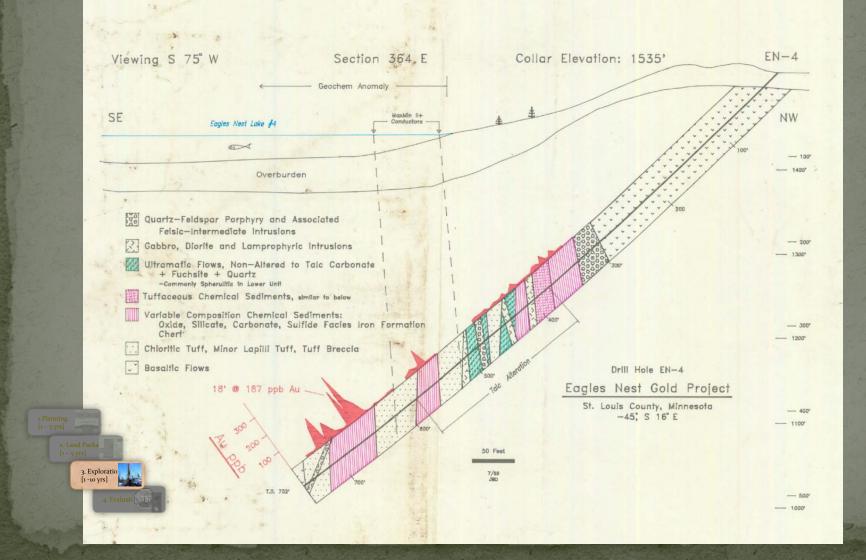


Example drill core sample that contains copper



24

What a geologist learns from a drill core?



25

Exploratory Boring Location After Drilling



Drill Site Location After Boring Sealed



During Drilling and After [Same Location After One Growing Season]



Mineral Exploration: Phase I Evaluation

•

The first phase of a typical

met

exp [1-5 yrs] programmed 2. Land Package [1-5 yrs] four-step [1-5 yrs] process that cal 3. Exploration take anywhere [1-10 yrs] from 1 to 20 years to complete. Determine whether the exploration results fit the business plan Decide whether to:

- Continue the project; or,
 - Terminate the lease and move on to a different target. 99% of state leases were terminated after year 10 because no discovery was made

4. Evaluation STOP

Summary of Impacts of Exploration from State Lease Data

There were 23,757 total forty-acre parcels leased during the 46 year historic data time period:

- Geochemistry: was done on 28% of the forty-acre parcels
 Geophysics: no estimate because we do not have the digital data to query this
- •Drilling: was done on 3% (559) of the forty-acre parcels

If any activity takes place, the activity typically would require about a month time period. The impacts are minimal and temporary in nature, such as the cutting down of some vegetation for an access trail.



The End