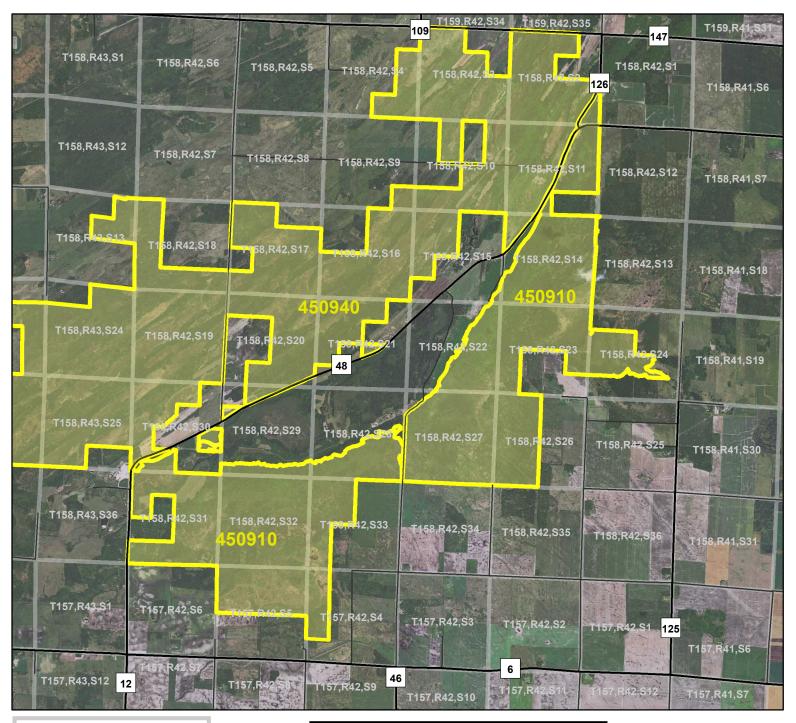
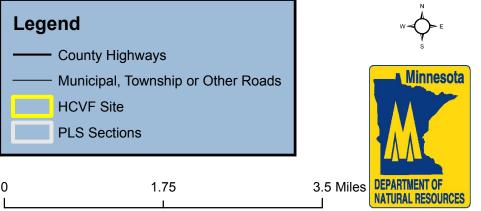
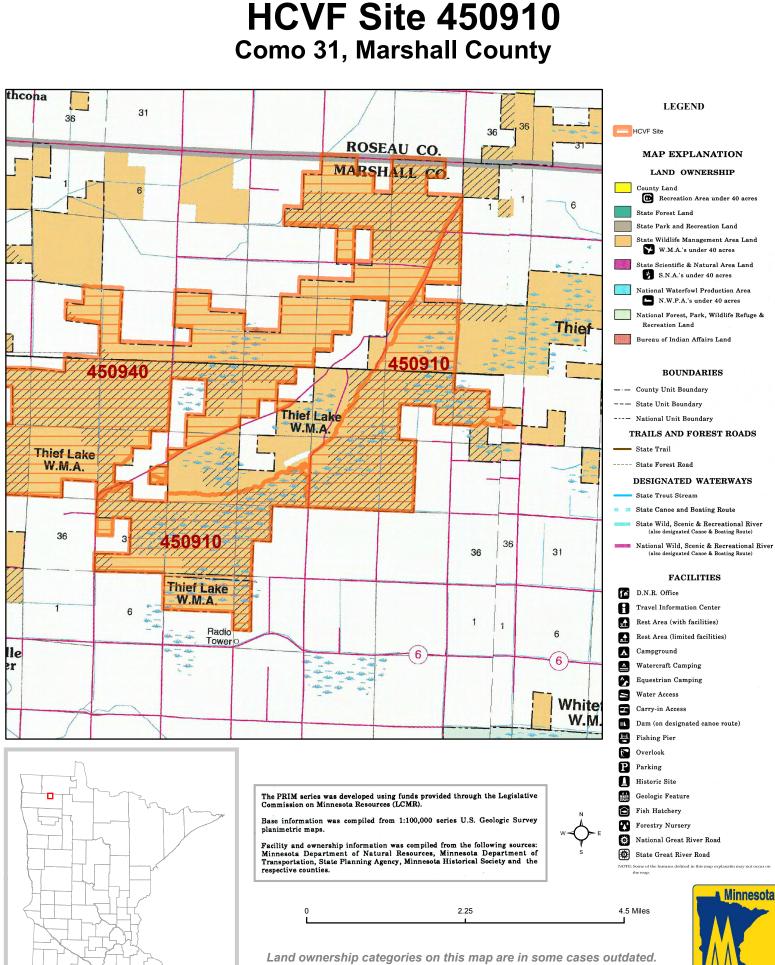
HCVF Site 450910 Como 31, Marshall County









HCVF sites are on DNR-managed land only; DNR HCVF sites have not been identified on other ownerships.



HCVF Informational Report

Report Run: September 3, 2013

General Information

HCVF #: 450910 HCVF Name: Como 31 Acres of HCVF site: 4859.63 County: Marshall

Data edited by: Becky Marty, Erik Thorson, Mike Locke **Role:** NW Reg HCVF Team Forestry, EWR, and Wildlife Representatives **Date edited on:** 2013-08-22

Corresponding Land Administrator(s): Wildlife **Management Unit Name(s) (if applicable):** Thief Lake WMA

HCVF Summary

Complex of oak and wetlands along Dorman Ridge, mostly state owned. Some wildlife food plots. Fens bordered by zones of conifers.

HCVs known to be present that factored into HCVF designation.

FSC expects DNR to maintain HCVs within designated HCVFs. Because HCVF boundaries are not the same as the larger, multi-ownership MBS Sites, this list will differ from the values identified during the MBS Survey.

TALLGRASS ASPEN PARKLANDS PROVINCE HCVs: 1e (Rare species concentrations): 18 birds; 1g (Examples of outstanding key habitats): prairie, shrub/woodland-upland (brush prairie), wetland-nonforest (wet prairie); 2a TAP (large natural vegetation complex): 4,860 acres; 2bii (forest block in ag landscape): yes; 3a (G1 or G2 plant community): UPn13c (17 acres); 3b (S1 or S2 plant community): FDw24a (5 acres), UPn12b (26 acres); 3c (Special S3 plant community): FPw63a (64 acres), OPp91 (700 acres).

Management Considerations

Overall management objectives for the entire HCVF:

Region HCVF Recommendations - Maintain/enhance the landscape complex of brushland habitats and their associated native plant communities. - Maintain diverse ground cover; maintain and protect localized habitat. - Verify rare species and protect habitat; conduct SGCN analysis for habitat needs. - Actively manage rare key habitats and plant communities to maintain, enhance, and increase where necessary. - Fire can be a viable method to promote the above objectives. - Restore habitats and hydrology where necessary.

Management direction from the following sources was considered in developing the above recommendations:

Are the HCVs within this HCVF likely to benefit from coordination with adjacent landowner(s)? _Yes_

This HCVF was flagged by the Regional HCVF Team as warranting cross-ownership coordination efforts. The specific HCVs likely to benefit from such coordination with adjacent landowners are identified below.

HCV 1e, 1g, 2a, 2bii, 3a, 3b, 3c. Multiple rare species, NPCs, and SGCN extend onto adjacent private lands.

General Comments

There could be some future conflicts due to some of this site being underlain with gravel and much of it Trust.

Reference to rare plants and animals, Minnesota Biological Survey Sites of Biological Significance and mapped native plant communities are records maintained in the Minnesota DNR's Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS). A date of information is associated with each record. The NHIS is continually updated as new information becomes available. The lack of data listed for any geographic area should not be construed to mean that no significant features are present.

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