Sustainable Forestry Initiative® Forest Management Audit Report

Minnesota Department of Natural Resources

Certificate # SCS-SFI-FM-00088N

SFI 2022 Standards and Rules®, Forest Management 3rd Surveillance Audit

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Client Contact	Adam James	
	Forest Certification Consultant	
Client Website	www.dnr.state.mn.us_	

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Public Summary Report SFI® Forest Management Standard

SECTION A – PUBLIC SUMMARY

Foreword

Organization of the Report

This report of the results of your audit assessment is divided into two sections. Section A provides the public summary and background information that is required by the Sustainable Forestry Initiative® Section A is made available to the public and is intended to provide an overview of the audit process, the management programs and policies applied to the forest, and the results of the audit. Section A will be posted on the SFI website and Section B contains more detailed results and information for required SFI record-keeping or for use by the Certified Organization.

Principles of SFI Forest Management

The SFI 2022 Standards and Rules® for Forest Management promotes sustainable forestry and includes measures to protect water quality, biodiversity, wildlife habitat, species at risk and Forests with Exceptional Conservation Value.

The 13 SFI Principles for Forest Management are:

- Sustainable Forestry: To practice sustainable forestry to meet the needs of the present while
 promoting the ability of future generations to meet their own needs by practicing a land stewardship
 ethic that integrates reforestation and the managing, growing, nurturing and harvesting of trees for
 useful products and ecosystem services such as the conservation of soil, air and water quality, climate
 change mitigation, biological diversity, wildlife and aquatic habitats, recreation and aesthetics.
- 2. Forest Productivity and Health: To provide for regeneration after harvest and maintain the productive capacity of the forest land base, and to protect and maintain long-term forest and soil productivity. In addition, to protect forests from economically or environmentally undesirable levels of wildfire, pests, diseases, invasive species and other damaging agents and thus maintain and improve long-term forest health and productivity.
- 3. **Protection of Water Resources:** To protect water bodies and riparian areas, and to conform with forestry best management practices to protect water quality, to meet the needs of both human communities and ecological systems.
- 4. **Protection of Biological Diversity:** To manage forests in ways that protect and promote biological diversity, including animal and plant species, wildlife habitats, ecologically important species and native forest cover types.

- 5. **Aesthetics and Recreation:** To manage the visual impacts of forest operations, and to provide recreational opportunities for the public.
- 6. **Protection of Special Sites:** To manage lands that are ecologically important, geologically or culturally important in a manner that takes into account their unique qualities.
- 7. **Responsible Fiber Sourcing in North America:** To use and promote among other forest landowners sustainable forestry that is both scientifically credible and economically, environmentally and socially responsible.
- 8. **Legal Compliance:** To comply with applicable federal, provincial, state, and local forestry and related environmental laws, statutes, and regulations.
- 9. **Research:** To support advances in sustainable forest management through forestry research, science and technology.
- 10. **Training and Education:** To improve the practice of sustainable forestry through training and education programs.
- 11. **Community Involvement and Social Responsibility:** To broaden the practice of sustainable forestry on all lands through community involvement, socially responsible practices, and through recognition and respect of Indigenous Peoples' rights and traditional forest-related knowledge.
- 12. **Transparency:** To broaden the understanding of forest certification to the Forest Management Standard by documenting certification audits and making the findings publicly available.
- 13. **Continual Improvement:** To continually improve the practice of forest management, and to monitor, measure and report performance in achieving the commitment to sustainable forestry.

1. General Information

1.1 Name, Contact, and Certificate Information

Organization Name	Minnesota Department of Natural Resources		
Certification Adam James			
Representative	Forest Certification Consultant		
Phone Number	651-259-5256		
Phone Number	Adam.james@state.mn.us		
Address	500 Lafayette Road		
Address	St. Paul, MN 55155-4040		
Audit Dates 24-27 September 2024			
	⊠ Single		
SFI Certificate Type	☐ Multi-site. This Audit covered the requirements of the central organization and a subset		
ori certificate Type	of sites. These sites were selected based on proximity and length of time since previous		
	audits. See Summary of Audit Itinerary for details of sampling.		

2. Summary Description of the Management Unit(s)

Description of Ownership	 ☑ SFI: List of all sites/FMUs under scope of the certificate, including certified acres. The scope of the certificate includes forest management on Minnesota DNR managed forestry lands, fisheries lands in Lake County, Land Utilization Project (LUP) lands, and wildlife lands except for the Prairie Province, including SFI 2022 Rules and Standards, Section 2- Forest Management Standard Objectives 1-17. Scientific and Natural Areas (SNAs) and State Parks are excluded. The SFI Forest Management number is SCS-SFI-FM-00088N. ☐ ATFS: List of all sites/FMUs under scope of the certificate, including certified acres. If a Group certificate provide a description of the group structure.
Total Forest Area (Acres)	4,997,383 Acres
Description of Sites and Group Membership under Scope	 ☑ Single site description Refer to description within the ownership section. ☐ SFI: List of all sites/FMUs under scope of the certificate, including certified acres. ☐ ATFS: Summary of Sites/FMUs under scope of certificate, including acres. ☐ Group: Description of group structure.
Management Unit Maps	Provide a link to any public maps. https://www.dnr.state.mn.us/forestry/subsection/update.html
Forest Types and Key Ecological Features	General description of major timber types with a general characterization of management approaches used (natural regeneration vs. planting, thinning regimes, even-aged vs. unevenaged silvicultural). Forest Management Planning in Minnesota is based upon the seven (7) forested ecological sections of the state. Landscape level guidance is provided within each of the plans. Detailed information is contained within the link provided within the Management Unit Maps section.
The management plan outlining forest management policies and objectives: Section Forest Resource Management Plans (SFRMP) for each forested ecological region within the state of Minnesota are utilized as the basis for planning and guidance.	

Sustainable Harvest Level Assessment	Public Summary of how long-term harvest levels are determined, maintained, and monitored. Note: Details supporting this description are provided with evidence under Performance Measure 1.1, when evaluated. Sustainable Timber Harvest (STH) Analysis utilizes parameters developed at the ecological section scale to evaluate the effects of various harvest levels on natural resources statewide over the long term (100 years). The Section Forest Resource Management Plans (SFRMPs) provide management guidance for many resource values at the ecological section scale, based on an assessment of the resources in the ecological section.
Monitoring Program Description	The DNR updates its forest inventory continuously, and that dataset is the basis for sustainable timber harvest level and stand exam list modeling at the statewide and ecological section scales. The DNR is revising inventory procedures to utilize the latest technologies and techniques. Inventory accomplishments are tracked as part of the DNR's work planning process. The Midpoint Assessment of Forest Management Strategic Direction: Sustainable Timber Harvest Implementation (PDF) report is an analysis of the DNR's implementation of its forest resource management strategic direction to date.

3. Audit Process

3.1 Applicable Standards and Audit Objectives

Certificate Code	SCS-SFI-FM-00088N				
	☐ Stage 1, Preliminary Review Audit		☐ Stage 2, Certification Audit		
	☐ Re-Certification		☐ COVID-19 Additional Surveillance		
Audit Type	\square 1 st , \square 2 nd , \boxtimes 3 rd or \square 4 th Surveillance				
	☐ Transfer		☐ Expansion of Scope		
	☐ Other (<i>describe</i>):				
	⊠ SFI: 2022 Forest Ma	anagement. <i>Obje</i>	ectives 1-17. Exclusions, if applicable:		
	⊠ SFI: Rules for Use o	f SFI On-Product	t Labels and Off-Product Marks		
Applicable Standards	☐ SFI: Audits of Multi-	-Sites			
Applicable Stalldards	☐ ATFS: Forest Management, 2021. Standards 1-8				
	\square ATFS: AFF 2021 Standards for Independently Managed Groups. Sections 1-4				
	☐ ATFS: ATFS 2021 Logo Use Guidelines				
	□ N/A, this is not a multi-standard nor a multi-CB audit.				
		□ Joint	☐ Integrated		
Multiple Standards	A combined audit is when a client is being audited against the	A joint audit is w two or more aud organizations cooperate to aud	when An integrated audit is when a client has integrated the application of requirements of two or more		
	requirements of two or more	single client.	management system and is being audited against more than one standard.		
SFI Substitute or Modified					
Indicators	, , ,				
	The scope of the certificate includes forest management on Minnesota DNR managed				
Certificate Scope/	forestry lands, fisheries lands in Lake County, Land Utilization Project (LUP) lands, and				
Statement	wildlife lands except for the Prairie Province, including SFI 2022 Rules and Standards,				
	Section 2- Forest Management Standard Objectives 1-17. Scientific and Natural Areas (SNAs)				

	and State Parks are excluded. The SFI Forest Management number is SCS-SFI-FM-00088N.		
Description of Sampling Approach	Three of the Forestry areas were selected for the 3 rd surveillance audit. The Warroad, Baudette and Littlefork areas were audited in 2024.		
Deviations from the Audit Were there any significant deviations from the Audit Plan?			
Plan	oxtimes No $oxtimes$ Yes. If yes, provide a description and explanation.		

3.2 Audit Team

Auditor name:	Shannon Wilks	Auditor role:	SFI Lead Auditor/FSC Team
			Auditor
Qualifications: Shannon Wilks has over 32 years of professional experience in the forest inc			n the forest industry. Roles
	have included procurement, supply chain ma	inagement, cont	ract negotiations and
	environmental management/certification co	mpliance. Exper	ience includes 20 years with a
	global forest products company, 4 years of ir	idustrial site mai	nagement and 8 years as a
	forest certification auditor. Mr. Wilks is a Co	ntrolled Wood S	enior Lead Auditor for FSC®
	Chain of Custody, FSC Forest Management, F	SC Controlled W	ood, Lead auditor for
	Sustainable Forestry Initiative® (SFI®) Chain of	of Custody, SFI Fi	ber Sourcing, SFI Forest
	Management, SFI Certified Sourcing, America	an Tree Farm Sys	tem®-Georgia Tree Farm
	Inspector #165961, Programme for the Endo	rsement of Fore	st Certification (PEFC) Chain of
	Custody Standard and a Lead Auditor for ©S	ustainable Bioma	ass Program (SBP). Forest
	certification audit experience includes all ma	-	
	Wilks is a graduate of Louisiana Tech University with a Bachelor of Science-Forest		
	Management degree. He is also a member of the Texas Forestry Association and holds a		
	Texas Accredited Forester certification #158.		
Auditor name:	Sterling Griffin	Auditor role:	FSC Lead Auditor/SFI Team
			Auditor
Qualifications:	Sterling Griffin, Technical Specialist, Forest Co	ertification – Ste	rling is a California Registered
	Professional Forester #2805 living in souther	n Oregon. He is a	a graduate of Purdue
	University with a degree in Forest Manageme	ent. His career b	egan with the U.S. Forest
	Service where he participated in long-term e	cosystem produ	ctivity research in the Pacific
	Northwest. He later founded a consulting firm	m serving private	e landowners managing
	timber, water, recreation, fuels, and biodiver	•	•
	verification program and later founded one of	-	•
	credits. He is a FSC FM Lead Auditor, SFI FM auditor, and has evaluated over 20 million		evaluated over 20 million
	hectares of forestland around the world.		

3.3 Total Time Spent on Audit

A.	Number of days spent on-site for the Audit	3.0
B.	B. Number of auditors participating in on-site audit	
C.	Number of days spent by any technical experts (in addition to amount in line A)	0
D.	Additional days spent on preparation, stakeholder consultation, and follow-up	1.75
E.	Total number of person days used in audit	7.75

3.4 Summary of Audit Itinerary and Site Visits

Location(s) sampled	9/24/2004: Warroad Area; 9/25/24: Baudette Area; 9/26/24: Littlefork Area
Number of field sites	17

	T
	Approximately seven (7) cover types were observed in 2024:
	White Pine Plantation
	Norway Pine
Summary of Cover Types	Rare/Endangered Plant Area
visited	White Spruce
	Jack Pine
	Site Preparation Research Project
	Open Lands
	Approximately thirteen (13) different silviculture activities were observed in 2024:
	Thinning/Clear-Cut/Site Preparation/Planting
	●Thinning
	●Thinning
Summary Description	Variable Thinning with Gap Openings
/Number of Silviculture	●Old Growth Forest
Activities inspected	◆Clear-Cut
	Natural Regeneration
	Reforestation Project With Planting
	Open Lands Management
	Forest Roads and Infrastructure
Summary Description	Refer to details within the Site Notes.
/Number of Harvest	
Areas inspected	
Summary Description of	Refer to details within the Site Notes.
Road infrastructure	
inspections	

3.5 Evaluation of Management Systems

SCS deploys teams with expertise in forestry and other relevant fields to assess the certified organization's conformance to SFI standards and policies. Audit methods include reviewing documents and records, interviewing personnel and contractors, implementing sampling strategies to visit a broad number of forest cover and harvest prescription types, observing implementation of management plans and policies in the field, and collecting and analyzing relevant stakeholder input. When there is more than one team member, each member may review parts of the standards based on their background and expertise. Applicable aspects of the Management System under evaluation, such as Management System Review and other relevant Objectives, Performance Measures, and Indicators will also inform the audit team. On the final day of an evaluation, team members convene to deliberate the findings of the audit jointly. This involves an analysis of all relevant field observations, interviews, reviewed documents and records, and relevant stakeholder input. Where consensus among team members cannot be achieved due to lack of evidence, conflicting evidence or differences of interpretation of the standards, the team is instructed to report these in the certification decision section and/or in observations.

3.6. Changes to Management System

☑ There were no significant changes in the management and/or harvesting methods that affect the FME's conformance to the SFI standards, rules, and policies.

ceil Significant changes that affect the management system occurred since the last audit d	lescribed as
follows (describe):	

3.7 Confirmation of Meeting Audit Objectives

The objectives for this audit included:

- a. Determination of the conformity of the client's management system, or parts of it, with audit criteria (Selected Objectives, Performance Measures, and/or Indicators).
- b. Determination of the ability of the management system to ensure the client meets applicable statutory, regulatory and contractual requirements.
- c. Determination of the effectiveness of the management system to ensure the client can reasonably expect to achieve specified objectives.
- d. As applicable, identification of areas for potential improvement of the management system.

Audit Objectives were met	Yes ⊠ No □ If no, provide an explanation:	

4. Results of Audit

4.1 Grading of Possible Findings

Once a consensus is reached by the audit team, determinations of grading are made as to the level of findings. Grading of findings may occur as follows:

- Major CARs: Major Corrective Action Requests (CARs) occur when one or more of the SFI 2022 Standard(s) performance measures or indicators has not been addressed or has not been implemented to the extent that a systematic failure of a Certified Organization's SFI system to meet an SFI objective, performance measure or indicator occurs.
- Minor CARs: An isolated lapse in SFI 2022 Standard(s) implementation which does not indicate a systematic failure to consistently meet an SFI objective, performance measure or indicator.
- Opportunities for Improvement: Opportunities for Improvement (OFIs) are identified by audit team members where the client is in conformance, but there is a risk to conformance in the future.
 Nonconformance with the standard requirements cannot be recorded as OFIs.
- Exceeds: Practices that exceed the basic requirements of the SFI 2022 Standards and Rules for Forest Management or Fiber Sourcing.

4.2 Table of Audit Results and History of Findings for Certificate Period

This table lists Findings to the Performance Measure and/or Indicator level for each year of the certificate period and is updated annually.

SFI Objective	3 rd Annual	4 th Annual
	Evaluation	Evaluation

	(2024)	(year)
No findings		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13	Minor NC:	
	2024.1	
14		
15		
16		
17		
COC		
Trademark		
Group		
Other		

4.3 General Description of Evidence of Conformity

This section summarizes the general evidence found to verify conformity that is detailed in Appendix 5.

SFI Objective	Summary of Evidence
Objective 1. Forest Management Planning. To ensure	Not Evaluated in 2024.
forest management plans include long-term	
sustainable harvest levels and measures to avoid	
forest conversion or afforestation of ecologically	
important areas.	
Objective 2. Forest Health and Productivity. To	Not Evaluated in 2024.
ensure long-term forest productivity and conservation	
of forest resources through prompt reforestation,	
afforestation, deploying integrated pest management	
strategies, minimized chemical use, soil conservation,	
and protecting forests from damaging agents.	
Objective 3. Protection and Maintenance of Water	Review of all field sites confirmed accurate maps
Resources. To protect the water quality and water	identifying rivers, streams and other riparian
quantity of rivers, streams, lakes, wetlands, and other	features. Buffers and protection areas were
water bodies.	identified on ground with monitoring during
	harvesting operations confirmed. No evidence of
	BMP violations was observed on field sites.
	Qualified Logger Training requirements are

SFI Objective	Summary of Evidence
	documented within all written contracts and
	harvest permits.
Objective 4. Conservation of Biological Diversity To maintain or advance the conservation of biological diversity at the stand- and landscape- level and across a diversity of forest and vegetation cover types and successional stages including the conservation of forest plants and animals, aquatic species, threatened and endangered species, Forests with Exceptional Conservation Value, old-growth forests and ecologically important sites.	Review of field sites included well defined buffers along water features, irregular shaped harvest areas, retention of snags and tree-islands for diversity, use of downed woody debris and seeding of roads/decks for wildlife. Various ages of stands were observed across the landscape creating diversity and habitat for multiple wildlife species. Certificate Holder's personnel were professional foresters, technicians, ecologists and biologist. Organization utilizes credible resources to identify sensitive species of flora or fauna prior to implementing forest management activities. GIS layers are available to identify occurrences for protection.
Objective 5. Management of Visual Quality and Recreational Benefits. To manage the visual impact of forest operations and provide recreational opportunities for the public.	Not Evaluated in 2024.
Objective 6. Protection of Special Sites. To manage lands that are geologically or culturally important in a manner that takes into account their unique qualities.	Not Evaluated in 2024.
Objective 7. Efficient Use of Fiber Resources. To minimize waste and ensure the efficient use of fiber resources.	Not Evaluated in 2024.
Objective 8. Recognize and Respect Indigenous Peoples' Rights. To recognize and respect Indigenous Peoples" rights and traditional knowledge.	Minnesota has statues mandated within their regulations for the protection, recognition, contact and training requirements for recognized Tribes within the state. Personnel, contact processes and training have been implemented to ensure compliance.
Objective 9: Climate Smart Forestry To ensure forest management activities address climate change adaptation and mitigation measures.	Not Evaluated in 2024.
Objective 10. Fire Resilience and Awareness To limit susceptibility of forests to undesirable impacts of wildfire and to raise community awareness of fire benefits, risks, and minimization measures.	Not Evaluated in 2024.
Objective 11. Legal and Regulatory Compliance To comply with all applicable laws and regulations including, international, federal, provincial, state, and local.	Not Evaluated in 2024.
Objective 12. Forestry Research, Science and Technology. To invest in research, science, and	Not Evaluated in 2024.

SFI Objective	Summary of Evidence
technology, upon which sustainable forest	
management decisions are based.	
Objective 13. Training and Education. To improve the	Minnesota DNR supports the Minnesota SIC
implementation of sustainable forestry through	Committee financially and with in-kind support for
appropriate training and education programs.	the development of education programs and logger
	training requirements. All forest management
	operations were conducted by trained and qualified
	personnel. One non-conformance was identified for
	not meeting the organization's interdisciplinary
	structure of forest management.
Objective 14. Community Involvement and	Minnesota DNR maintains membership within the
Landowner Outreach. To broaden the practice of	MN SIC Committee which provides educational
sustainable forestry through public outreach,	outreach materials for private landowners and
education, and involvement, and to support the	training for harvesting permittees. The organization
efforts of SFI Implementation Committees.	also has detailed and significant resources
	published on their public website supporting
	forestry, recreation, research and various other
	nature focused resources.
Objective 15. Public Land Management	Minnesota Department of Natural Resources
Responsibilities. To participate and implement	maintains significant opportunities for public input
sustainable forest management on public lands.	during all phases of forest management activities.
	Additional avenues are available to solicit
	complaints or concerns.
Objective 16. Communications and Public Reporting	Review of SFI website confirms previous audit's
To increase transparency and to annually report	Public Summary Report is available. Evidence
progress on conformance with the SFI Forest	reviewed during audit confirms Annual Progress
Management Standard.	Report was submitted prior to deadline.
Objective 17. Management Review and Continual	Review of Annual Management Review conducted
Improvement: To promote continual improvement in	by senior management in August 2024 confirms
the practice of sustainable forestry by conducting a	compliance to requirements.
management review and monitoring performance.	

4.4 Existing Corrective Action Requests, OFIs, and Exceeds

Finding Number: 2023.1		
Finding and	☐ Major: Pre-condition to certification	
Deadline	☐ Major: 3 months from Closing Meeting	
	☑ Minor: Next audit (surveillance or re-evaluation) or 12 months from closing	
☐ OFI: no deadline		
	☐ Exceeds: no deadline	
	☐ Other deadline (specify):	
SFI Indicator:	11.1.3: Demonstration of commitment to legal compliance through available	
	regulatory action information.	
⋈ Non-Conformity	☐ Background/ Justification in the case of OFI or Exceeds	
Finding 2023.1		

Finding Number: 2023.1

Funding to MN DNR provided by the US Fish and Wildlife service under the Pittman-Robertson act has been suspended in August, based on FWS identifying non-compliances with the terms of the grant program. The specific non-compliances are related to the ability of the DNR to provide documentation to demonstrate the wildlife purposes of timber sales on projects or properties that have received funding under this program. Pre-sale documentation is essential for the service to ensure compliance with National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), Endangered Species Act (ESA), National Historic Preservation Act and other grant requirements.

Auditors observed that MN DNR and FWS are actively working on resolving the issue, but at the time of the audit the DNR was in non-compliance with the grant program.

the addit the DNK was in non-compliance with the grant program.			
Action Plan and	Action Plan and FME should describe actions to be taken to prevent reoccurrence of the non-		
Root Cause conformity. This is due to the lead auditor within 5 days of closing meeting			
Analysis (to be	Procedures for Forest Habitat Management on Lands administered by the Fish &		
prepared by	Wildlife Division and letter from US Fish & Wildlife Service was submitted		
Organization)	confirming the actions were addressed.		
SCS Review of	⊠ Accepted	☐ Rejected (<i>explain</i>):	
Action Plan	SCS representative: Shannon Wilks	Date: 10/3/2023	
Evidence and	Evidence and Auditor review of the Procedures for Forest Habitat Management on Lands		
Actions administered by the Fish & Wildlife Division and letter from US Fish & Wildli		on and letter from US Fish & Wildlife	
Implemented by	by Service confirmed the MNDNR had corrected the non-conformance to a		
Organization	satisfactory level. Additional implementation work was being conducted and		
	documented within the letter from USFWS.		
SCS Review of	Review of corrective actions documented within the Management Review		
Implemented	Implemented conducted by MNDNR on 13 August 2024. Closed by auditor on 26 September		
Actions	ctions 2024-SW.		
Status of Finding:			
	⊠ Closed		
	☐ Upgraded to Major		
	\square Other decision (refer to description above)		

Finding Number: OFI 2023.1			
Finding and	☐ Major: Pre-condition to certification		
Deadline	☐ Major: 3 months from Closing Meeting		
	☐ Minor: Next audit (surveillance or re-evaluation) or 12 months from closing		
	☑ OFI: no deadline		
☐ Exceeds: no deadline			
	☐ Other deadline (specify):		
SFI Indicator:			
⋈ Non-Conformity	oxtimes Background/ Justification in the case of OFI or Exceeds		
Finding OFI 2023.1 Recommendation to identify occurrences of RTE species within Permit Supervision Record, or other			

documentation that is maintained at a stand level detail before any ground disturbing operations are conducted. Records observed did not clearly identify occurrences or non-occurrences of protected

Finding Number: OFI 2023.1						
species of flora and fauna during audit. Specific examples were observed Site #B015319.						
Action Plan and						
Root Cause						
Analysis (to be						
prepared by						
Organization)						
SCS Review of	☐ Accepted	☐ Rejected (<i>explain</i>):				
Action Plan	SCS representative:	Date:				
Evidence and	The Department has several current loca	tions to indicate that a check of				
Actions	appropriate databases has been complet					
Implemented by	detailed records of findings or lack of find	•				
Organization	Division of Forestry and the Division of Fi	_				
	keeping systems. Both divisions have nev					
	applications in development. These syste	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	will have the ability and requirement to o	•				
	waiting on the long-term correction, the					
	notes to these effects in comment sectio					
SCS Review of	Review of corrective actions documented	d within the Management Review				
Implemented	conducted by MNDNR on 13 August 2024	_				
Actions	2024-SW.					
Status of Finding:	φ:					
	⊠ Closed					
	☐ Upgraded to Major					
	\square Other decision (refer to description ab	ove)				
Finding Number: OF	I 2023.2					
Finding and						
Deadline	☐ Major: 3 months from Closing Meeting					
	☐ Minor: Next audit (surveillance or re-evaluation) or 12 months from closing					
	☑ OFI: no deadline					
	☐ Exceeds: no deadline					
	☐ Other deadline (specify):					
SFI Indicator:						
	issues through state, provincial, federal, or independent collaboration.					
,						
Finding OFI 2023.2						
Recommendation to improve communication for specific invasive species, educational resources and						
mitigation efforts needed to prevent spread for public stakeholders. Specific example observed on						
Silviculture Treatment Site for Japanese Knotweed on Premier Trout Stream-Garvin Brook.						
Action Plan and N/A-OFI						
Root Cause						
	Analysis (to be					
prepared by						
Organization)						

Finding Number: OFI 2023.2				
SCS Review of		☐ Rejected (<i>explain</i>):		
Action Plan	SCS representative: Shannon Wilks	Date: 26 September 2024		
Evidence and	The Department has an extensive program for the identification and control of			
Actions	invasive species. While this OFI did not require formal response or action			
Implemented by	meetings and discussions were held with leaders in this program. In these			
Organization	meetings it was determined that we do share significant information on invasive			
	species but attention and effort would be given to sharing information where			
	control actions are being taken and/or in high public use area. No formal direction			
	was developed, but increased awareness within the appropriate programs should			
	raise the level of compliance with this indicator.			
SCS Review of	Review of corrective actions documented within the Management Review			
Implemented	conducted by MNDNR on 13 August 2024. Closed by auditor on 26 September			
Actions	2024-SW.			
Status of Finding:	⊠ Closed			
	☐ Upgraded to Major			
	☐ Other decision (refer to description above)			

4.5 New Corrective Action Requests, OFIs, and Exceeds

Finding Number: 2024.1			
Finding and	☐ Major: Pre-condition to certification		
Deadline	☐ Major: 3 months from Closing Meeting		
	☑ Minor: Next audit (surveillance or re-evaluation) or 12 months from closing		
	☐ OFI: no deadline		
	☐ Exceeds: no deadline		
	☐ Other deadline (specify):		
SFI Indicator:	13.1.3: Staff education and training sufficient to their roles and responsibilities.		
☑ Non-Conformity	\square Background/ Justification in the case of OFI or Exceeds		
Minor NC 2024.1: Pr	ocedures were not properly implemented for Permit #X018268 based on interviews		
· ·	eview of Direction Memo #2022-1. Contact request frow Ecological and Water		
Resources were docu	umented on the SEL. Interviews confirmed a discussion was conducted between		
	losed by Forestry personnel as directed within the Direction Memo Section C. The		
sale prescription was	s implemented which resulted in an unexpected result by EWR personnel.		
Action Plan and			
Root Cause			
Analysis (to be	1) Immediate Action Taken		
prepared by	The Direction Memo 2022-1 was distributed initially in 2021, updated, and		
Organization)	redistributed recently (September 16, 2024). Staff involved with forest		
	management were asked to review the direction in upcoming meetings, training		
events, and discussions and implement. This audit finding will be communicated			
	to staff.		
	2) Root Cause Analysis		
	The Direction Memo was originally sent on March 22, 2021. Staff did not fulfill the		

Finding Number: 2024.1				
rinding Number. 20	requirements of this direction on the site in question by documenting the outcome of the contact request. Coordinating staff expected different outcomes after the contact. The forester received the recommendations but after reviewing the recommendation, and relying on their experience and training, developed a silviculture prescription that they believed was best for the site. The forester considered the matter closed. The staff person who shared the input expected their recommendation to be implemented. This misunderstanding between staff may have been prevented if the procedures in Direction Memo 2022-1 had been followed. 3) Person/People Responsible Adam James—Forest Certification Program Consultant will work with a variety of DNR staff at multiple levels across the divisions to address this finding. 4) Proposed Timeline By year's end, Adam, program staff, and each divisions' leadership will evaluate training opportunities and communication strategies to ensure compliance with Direction Memo 2022-1. Possible options include, but are not limited to: Incorporating elements of DM 2022-1 into existing procedure documents. Reviewing the direction at applicable training events. Reviewing the direction at applicable training events. Reminders at program, region, or local area meetings.			
	4Trees software package. The design includes an automatic generation of an "activity" when a contact or joint site visit is requested. This activity will need to be completed, i.e., closed out, to complete the planning activity. Production release of the module is scheduled for spring/summer of 2025 with internal			
	communication and training as part of th	ie pian.		
SCS Review of	⊠ Accepted	☐ Rejected (explain):		
Action Plan	SCS representative: Shannon Wilks	Date: 10/1/24		
Evidence and				
Actions Implemented by				
Organization				
SCS Review of	Completion of corrective actions need to	be validated at the next audit or 12		
Implemented	months from closing meeting date of 9/27/2024.			
Actions				
Status of Finding:	☐ Closed			
	☐ Upgraded to Major			
	\square Other decision (refer to description ab	ove)		

5. Certification Decision

The certificate holder has demonstrated continued overall conformance to the applicable Sustainable Forestry Initiative standards. The SCS annual audit team recommends that the certificate be sustained, subject to subsequent annual audits and the Certified Organization's response to any open CARs.	Yes ⊠ No □
Comments:	

SECTION B – CONFIDENTIAL REPORT

Appendix 1 –Site Notes, and Interviewees

Below are audit team notes of sites visited, audit activities completed during the audit, locations visited, and names and titles of staff and stakeholders interviewed particularly government agencies, community groups, affected Indigenous Peoples or conservation organizations.

SCS notes that auditing is based on a sampling process of available information.

2024 MN DNR SFI FM Audit-Day 1

9/24/2024-Shannon Wilks

Attendees:

Sterling Griffin, FSC Lead Auditor
Adam Jones, Certification Manager
Ted Dick, MN DNR Wildlife Biologist
Charlie Tucker, Red Lake WMA Manager
Katie Gray, Timber, Utilization and Marketing Supervisor
Rebecca Rickaby, Assistant Supervisor Warroad Area
Trevor Olsen, Forestry Technician
Anna Heinrich , Forestry Technician
Adam Fisher, Warroad Area Supervisor

Theresa Ebbenga, Regional Director NW
Adam Munstenteiger, Region Forestry Manager
Nathan Kestner, Region EWR Manager
Adam Maleski, Regional Non Game Specialist
Nick Jensen, , EWR Regional Ecologist
Shane Delaney, Forester
John Stelter, Forester Timber Program Lead
Brilyn Brecka, AST Wildlife Area Manager

All sites observed had completed Stand Exam List (SEL) process 2021-2030, Appraisal documents, public bid notices and permits for sold stands. Surveys are conducted during SEL process for rare/threatened/endangered species of plants and animals. SEL list reviewed by DNR Fish and Forestry Archaeologist for cultural, historical and archaeological features.

Warroad Area: NW area of state. Administrative requirements over six counties. Large state land area. Three main offices; six WMA Areas; Eco and Waters Area; 3 State Parks. Largest State Forest-Beltrami 703k acres. 7 vacancies in area currently. Average 84 fires per year. Cooperation with 22 volunteer fire departments. 48 fire wardens, heli-base and tanker base. Average 71,871 cords per yr/5 5 yr average. Primary species are aspen and red pine. Silviculture-3.3 million seedlings in last 10 years. Aerial seeding of 3900 acres, TSI on 2000 acres, site preparation on 4000 acres. 210 miles of roads/125 miles of MMR (minimum maintenance roads). Annual kindergarten field visits for fire prevention. Stakeholders include Indigenous people, fire departments, ohv and snowmobiles and soil/watershed districts. Tablet reporting of invasive species occurrences-Ed Maps. Integration within mapping system is conducted. Forestry-Application on mobile devices for invasive species reporting-MORE. Average of 60% from Stand Exam List to Appraisals. EWR reviews for RTE, historical and cultural occurrences during appraisals. Foresters check NHI checks prior to harvesting. Guidance documents include Timber Sales Manual and SFRMP. SRM-Silviculture and Roads Module. All timber sales are maintained within Timber sale platform. Checklist verified prior to stands being approved for auction. 2 auctions are conducted each year-public notification. Inter-Disciplinary framework established to provide guidance for Forestry, Wildlife and Ecological Resource Divisions for coordination. No major complaints or regulatory issues were confirmed with personnel. No tribal issues were known. Current audit by USFWS to document wildlife values on WMA/AMA lands. Form for approval has been submitted (Habitat Value Forms) submitted for approval from Federal OIC. Initial approval of form and grant funding released. Cultural occurrences are documented within the state list; reviewed on annual basis during ASEL (annual stand exam list) process.

Red Lake WMA: Largest in state-325,000 acres. Multiple SNA and peatland. Administrator of 90k acres of LUP lands. Belong to USFWS as National Refuge but leased to state for management. Resource Management Plan-Executed by Commissioner in Summer

2023. Increase habitat and conservation. Primary goal is wildlife habitat. System plans are in progress for smaller WMAs. SFRMP applies to WMAs.

- 1. FAW-Site Preparation and Seeding-Permit X017359: Approximately 40 acres- thinning and clear cut. Species is Norway pine and mixed spruce. Annual Stand review, tagged for joint visit. Scarification methods were reviewed. Increase diversity within the white pine plantation. Seeding with herbaceous seeding with some long-lived conifer species. Maps and notes documented on maps. DNR performed the scarification with internal crew. Overall goal to improve the diversity and improve wildlife habitat. Chopped with dozer in 2022; seeding occurred in Fall 2022. No RTE occurrences on site. Cultural resources (old homesite)identified from old fence posts-area protected with no activity within area. No water on site. Over story of white spruce with goal to add diversity of species. Road is mowed and part of hunter walking trail. Goal to maintain larger White Spruce (83 yr old) for conifer canopy. Acreage goals by cover types are established within Red Lake Management Plan. Forest health concerns from budworm. Dead stems of spruce within stand. Habitat is conducive for raptors-goshawks, bears and rough grouse. Firewood removal was restricted to maintain downed woody debris.
- 2. Forestry-Marked Thinning: Permit #X018269-27-acre pine marked with yellow paint. Beltrami Island State Forest-Northern Fire dependent habitat identified. State imperiled natural community identified by EWR. Maintain the species composition during harvesting operation noted within comment field of SEL. Prescription to harvest larger mature trees. No additional comments noted for occurrences of RTE, cultural or historical identification on site. Maps with old landings documented. Harvest operations were completed in Q4-2022. E H MLEP qualified logging permittee purchased and harvested the timber sale. No water or crossings on site-area consisted of 4 parcels identified with blue painted boundaries. Red boundary established for border with Tribal lands. Annual stand exam list sent to all Tribal representatives for 60 day period or longer if needed. Period is usually mid-January to mid-March; comments are requested and additional 30 days extended during the public comment period. Local communication is conducted with tribal foresters. Red boundary confirmed. No damages to retained stand, snags retained. Cavities observed within snags. Low stumps and utilization of fiber.
- 3. FAW-Moonworts (fern) Survey Project-Winner Day Use Silo: Due to their small size and cryptic nature, many plant species in the genus Botrychium, commonly known as moonworts, are considered rare and have been included in the Minnesota list of endangered, threatened and special concern species (ETS). Northern Minnesota, specifically the Beltrami Island State Forest and Red Lake Wildlife Management Area, has become renowned as a regional hot spot of moonwort activity after initial survey efforts in the late 2000's revealed established populations in some unusual locations, including abandoned 1930's-era homestead sites. Long lived perennial plant-up to 20 years. Majority of life is spent below ground. Above ground is to release spores and reproduce. Experts identified occurrences based on training and experience with identification in other areas of state. External rare plant practicum is required by outside contractors. Site has been surveyed multiple times. Management within forested stands contain a 250 foot buffer. Guidance for opening/homesite management includes: apply an approximately 50' buffer around the NHIS occurrence during management activities; avoid equipment travel, slash piling and landing placement within this buffer area; preferably conduct operations during frozen conditions, or at least outside of the main growing season for these species: early June-July.
- 4. Forestry-Permit #X019041: 49 acre Norway Pine yellow pine marked thinning and all Jack Pine. Leave reserved unmarked Norway Pine completed in Q4-2023. Conventional equipment utilized with forwarder. Harvested during extreme wet conditions. Removal of snags within 100 feet of public road. Permit purchased by E H MLEP qualified logging permittee. EWR comments to maintain species and forest cover type after harvesting. Jack pine suppression in understory of Norway pine and reaching end of life stage. Ability to increase species diversity will most likely be accomplished during next re-entry in 10+ years. Comments documented during SEL. Confirmed additional check of NHI prior to harvesting operations. No water on stand; natural boundaries utilized. Paint added to western boundary to assist operator on harvesting machine. Minimal damages to retained stand. No soil compaction issues. Contact gap on SEL-EWR noted contact; no record of contact from Forestry.
- 5. Jack Pine brush saw study: Approximately 152 acres started in 2023 and completed in spring 2024. -Paulsburg Wildfire in 2015. Salvage operations commenced. Some sites planted, aerial seeding and natural regeneration. Jack Pine/ Norway Pine planted at 800 trees per acre. Natural regeneration from wildfire impacts facilitated Jack Pine regeneration. Surveys

confirmed 11k Jack pine seedlings/acre. Pre commercial thinning with brush-saw contractors. Goal to leave quality Jack Pine, all red pine and remove other competition in 7 foot spacing. Sites have been thinned to 945 JP and 151 NP per acre.

6. Permit #X018607: Active 58 acre Aspen clear-cut (summer ground harvested; winter ground not completed). Purchased by C Logging MLEP qualified logging permittee and began operations in Q1-2022. Northern block (A53) and western block (A45) have been harvested. Approximately 14 acres have been completed. Reserves are protected as island/clump. Scattered aspens and conifers retained within the clear-cut areas. Scattered logging debris required within stand. Guidelines and policies are a factor in determining operability of sites. (BMP, Rutting AOSMCR). Sale boundaries are painted blue. Additional stand of Tamarack identified if available for harvest. No water or crossings on harvest blocks. Last activity was Q3-2022 due to lack of frozen ground conditions in 2023. Permit expires in May 2025. Aspen coppice regeneration observed in the clear-cut operations. No occurrences of RTE, historical or archaeological identified.

2024 MN DNR SFI FM Audit-Day 2

9/25/2024-Shannon Wilks

Attendees:

Sterling Griffin, FSC Lead Auditor Adam Jones, Forest Certification Program Consultant Ted Dick, MN DNR Wildlife Biologist Nick Jensen, , EWR Regional Ecologist Katie Gray, Timber, Utilization and Marketing Supervisor Charlie Tucker, Red Lake WMA Manager Adam Munstenteiger, Region Forestry Manager Kevin Dorow, Forest Technician David Dragon, Area Forestry Supervisor Blane Klemek, NW Regional Wildlife Manager Talesha Karish, Asst. Wildlife Manager Baudette Ethan Erdmann, Forester (9 yrs) Kristen Cook, Forester (1.5 yrs) Brandon Quern, Forest Tech Baudette (2 yrs) Becky Lein, Forester Nick Abel, Silviculture Forester Brady Hasbargen, Whitfish Creek Enterprises Daren Becklund, Skidder/Delimber Operator Luke Courchaine, Operator

Baudette Area: Glacial soils with European settlements beginning in early 1909s.main cover types Aspen, Spruce and

other lowland conifers. 80% of land base is publicly owned. Historical fire in 1910 impacting over 360k acres. Agassiz Lowlands Subsection Ecological classification category. Forestry owns 437k lands, Wildlife 156k acres and 2.6k acres by Parks. 90+% of sales sold each year, majority pulpwood market. 10.5k acres designated as old growth. Annual offered volume is 70-80k cords (2021 and up) compared to historical average of 116.5k acres. Accelerated harvest of older aspen stands to diversify species composition. Increased conflict from recreational users of public roads with logging. Forests are open with ability to utilize roads for off road vehicles. Some roads are closed to recreational user vehicles. Forest Officers with law enforcement authority are able to enforce forestry regulations.

All sites observed had completed Stand Exam List (SEL) process 2021-2030, Appraisal documents, public bid notices and permits for sold stands. Surveys are conducted during SEL process for rare/threatened/endangered species of plants and animals. SEL list reviewed by DNR Fish and Forestry Archaeologist for cultural, historical and archaeological features.

- 1. Forestry-B015659: 23 acre Norway Pine Thinning harvested by E H MLEP qualified logging permittee completed in summer 2024. Prescription of harvesting every third tree or as directed. Age of stand is approximately 43 years old. Left side of public road is managed by wildlife and thinned heavier. Heavier thinning utilized to promote natural regeneration on WMA area. Harvesting was conducted with processor and forwarder. SEL completed in 2022. NHI reviewed in July 2024 prior to harvesting operations. Natural boundary with age class variation for adjoins stands. Land classification system reviewed. Sharp-tail grouse habitat management within the Red Lake WMA. Sale closed and escrow released. Site level guidelines are utilized to establish and review considerations of appraisals. Deviations from the guidelines require input. The data is stored within management system for each stand listed on the SEL. Harvest operations were conducted in professional manner, minimal damage to residual stand. Contract provisions were met.
- 2. WMA-Pine Thinning/Clearcut: Permit X018392: 67 acres harvested by E H MLEP qualified logging permittee. Joint visit with forestry and wildlife to adjust thinning operations and create additional openings for wildlife benefits. Multiple cutting blocks with primary being 56 acres. Some stands are thinned with one block containing a clear-cut. Variability with multiple openings. Harvesting began in June 2023 and completed in April 2024. Blue painted boundary on part of stand. Imperiled plant community adjacent to harvest area identified by EWR and noted within SEL. Protection was recommended and documented for occurrence. Reserve area retained due to clear-cut stand. Reserve of 5% of area and 10% reserved on WMA land. No water or crossings within stand. Target of 90 basal area on retained stands. Reserve area painted in blue paint and confirmed with no equipment incursion observed.
- 3. FAW Habitat Project: Conducted on site #2. Changes to harvesting method, utilizing scarification and piling of debris. Seeding planned of Jack pine, white pine and spruce to facilitate diversification of future cover type. Agriculture disc utilized for additional help in breaking the soil layer. Northern 1/3 stand completed. Mulching head utilized on southern part of stand, less seeding occurred due to availability. Goal to increase diversity for habitat into the future.
- 4. Red Lake WMA: Added Stop-Variable Thinning Operation. Unscheduled stop to observe thinning prescription with gap openings and additional openings created for wildlife habitat.
- 5. EWR-Norris Camp South Old Forest Management Complex (OFMC): Old growth forest-Old homestead site, picnic and public use. Site is surrounded by 40 acre designated Old Growth. Stand is approximately 137 years old; areas of mature with minimal amount of human disturbance. 330 foot buffer management zone established around Old Growth stands; limitations of only 25% of area can be harvested based on

certain parameters. 340 acres surround designated old growth stand. Management Opportunity Area (MOA) identified within surrounding 340 acres. Template created with description and future direction documented. (Policy updated in May 2024 -consolidated series of historical amendments. Old growth stands are identified and documented within GIS system. Natural origin red pine-originated from natural fire event in 1800s. Old growth guidelines are documented within Old Growth Forest Policy.

- 6. Forestry-Spruce Clear-Cut partially harvested: Permit #X018268-125.5 acres Timber sale conducted by E H MLEP qualified logging permittee -Clear cut with reserves, painted and natural boundaries. White spruce and cedar retention maintained in reserves. Contact by EWR with forestry to retain old growth characteristics of cedar. Long lived conifers were a focus for retention. Rare plants mentioned that live in Spruce /Cedar- information. Multiple blocks with one located within OFMC area. No wildlife issues confirmed. Strip harvesting not conducted as recommended by EWR. Forestry indicated recommendation was varied due to species and historical blowdown risk-Balsam Fir. Harvesting completed in Q2-2023. Minor NC 2024.1: Procedures were not properly implemented for Permit #X018268 based on interviews with personnel and review of Direction Memo #2022-1. Contact request frow Ecological and Water Resources were documented on the SEL. Interviews confirmed a discussion was conducted between the groups but not closed by Forestry personnel as directed within the Direction Memo Section C. The sale prescription was implemented which resulted in an unexpected result by EWR personnel.
- 7. Forestry-Natural regeneration Jack Pine: Non-serotinous cones opened with sun exposure. Multiple harvested blocks with aspen and other species. Harvest operations were conducted in 2007/2008. Adequate regeneration with mixture of aspen, Jack pine and herbaceous/woody understory. Prime habitat for spruce grouse. Monitoring was conducted in 2012 with 400 trees per acre minimum free to grow stems established to ensure proper regeneration.

Interview:

Brady Hasbargen, Whitefish Creek Enterprises, Board Member of MN Timber Producers:- on site visit, prescription reviewed, boundaries defined, Avenza maps and hard copy maps utilized. Routine weekly or more inspections confirmed from MN DNR. No RTE, Historical or cultural sites. Crew has attended QLP safety training. Board member of MN Loggers Education Program. Coordinates with SFI SIC. All machines with fire equipment, ppe equipment, spill kits and first aid kits. Crew meetings are conducted informally and reviewed on a frequent basis. Check in process utilized if working alone. Cell phones and 2-way radios are utilized for communication. WMA-Red Lakes WMA no timber harvesting. Big impacts to logging force. Sales are offered with restrictions that prevent harvesting. Not financially feasible based on prescriptions. High turnover of personnel is frustrating for permittee. Sale preparation inexperience is causing problems with harvesting. Log a Load for Kids load was delivered from MN DNR site currently working.

2024 MN DNR SFI FM Audit-Day 3

9/26/2024-Shannon Wilks

Attendees:Sterling Griffin, FSC Lead Auditor
Adam Jones, Forest Certification Program Consultant
Ted Dick, MN DNR Wildlife Biologist-Forest Habitat Supervision
Katie Gray, Timber, Utilization and Marketing Supervisor
Brittany King, Silviculture Forester
Austin Fischer, Asst.. Wildlife Manager
Ben West, Area Forest Supervisor
Perry Bovitz, Field Forester

Kirby Readman, Senior Forester Amanda West, Timber Program Forester Jim Hansen, Ast. Wildlife Manager John McDonald, Ast. Forest Supervisor Gaea Crozier, Regional Ecological and Water Resources Manager

All sites observed had completed Stand Exam List (SEL) process 2021-2030, Appraisal documents, public bid notices and permits for sold stands. Surveys are conducted during SEL process for rare/threatened/endangered species of plants and animals. SEL list reviewed by DNR Fish and Forestry Archaeologist for cultural, historical and archaeological features.

Littlefork Area-15 person staff, Historical 99% glacial coverage. Heavy peat component. Approximately 608k managed land. 352k acres productive timberland. 89% of lands are School Trust. Heavy timber harvesting within area. Approximately 96k cords annual target. Spruce top market. Challenges-warming climate with access to summer ground is limited. Heavy historical extensions required in timber sales. Contractor and personnel shortages. High demand and low supply. Heavy mortality impacts on Tamarack due to beetle kill. Positive cooperative agreements with other agencies and companies. Heavy dependence on forestry and logging in the area. Approximately 40 sales on auction per year. Positive relationships with other agencies, external partners and 2 Tribes confirmed by Assistant Wildlife Manager. No lands inter mixed within Tribal land but bordering property. Notification required for use of infrastructure on tribal land. Permits are issued for special products required-no tribal requests in past year.

- 1. Forestry: Permit #B015338-53 acre Norway Pine thinning and clear cut. Harvesting operations conducted by 2 organization working under FSC & SFI Certified Company-PCA. Reserves of white pine, maples and elms. Cavity trees retained. Ground sprayed with Round-up Pro, disc trenched for reforestation. Planting of Norway, Jack and White Pine. Goal is a mixed stand in the future. NHI for plant identification near harvest site. Coordination with EWR confirmed no occurrences on site. Harvesting operations completed in Q4-2022. Permit executed for contractor to work in wetlands. No water or crossings was confirmed on site. Retention confirmed and protected-5% of sale area. Boundaries defined, good utilization and clean harvest operation. Review of Contractor-Future Forests for site preparation:
- 2. Forestry-Permit #X018299: 41 acre Jack Pine clear-cut with reserves harvested by D Logging MLEP qualified logging permittee. Reserve of snags, den trees and white pines. NHI occurrence for plant community identified by EWR. Avoidance of slash piles on landings was noted. Observation confirmed slash piles were retained within harvested areas. Operations began in Q4-2022 and completed in Q4-2022. Jack pine has been aerial seeded in Spring 2024. Monitoring will be conducted in year 4 to ensure adequate survival and free to grow threshold achieved. Approximately 700 Jack pines per acre. Other mixed conifer species will regenerated naturally. Regeneration checks are scheduled within SRM (Silviculture and Roads Model) until the new 4Trees system becomes operational. Forest Management Guidelines and Forest Management Wildlife Guidelines.
- 3. Forestry-Anchor chain Site Preparation: multiple blocks to assess regeneration of Jack pine. Observed site with anchor chain and barrel (most aggressive). Variety of chains were utilized with baseline of no chain to study the rates. Project began in 2018; hand seeded in Fall 2018. Designated plots established and first check done in 2020. Monitoring will conducted until free to grow is reached. Case studies are published within Great Lakes Silviculture Library (Created by University of Minnesota)cooperative with members able to provide comments. No chemicals were utilized on site.

4. WMA:Littlefork River WMA-640 acres managed as open lands. Wild parsnip and Meadow knapweed treated as invasive by chemical herbicide (Escort XP). Records confirmed proper use. Primary management is grouse habitat. Public hunting is available. Site is permanently managed as open land due to deed restriction from donated land. No NHS occurrences were identified. Checks are conducted on annual basis. Perpetual Conservation Agreement administered by USFWS. Prescribed burning is scheduled but no recent activity in previous 10 years. WMA will be divided into 4 burn units. Goal to maintain early successional habitat. Heavier use during g upland bird and deer season.

Appendix 2 – Meeting Attendance and Stakeholder Consultations

Meeting Attendance for Opening and Closing Meetings

Copies of sign-in sheets are required records for Opening and Closing Meetings.

1. Summary				
Meeting title 2024 Forest Certification Audit – Opening Meeting				
Attended participants 26				
Start time 9/20/24				
End time 9/20/24				
Meeting duration 1h 52m				
Average attendance time 1h 31m 27s				
2. Participants				
Name First Join Last Leave In-Meeting Duration Email Participant ID (UPN) Role				
James				
Lilly				
Levine				
Schindler				
Westreich				
Strommen				
Harrington				
Dubuque				
Rivers				
Jensen				
Tillma				

1. Summary
Smith
Wolf
Thielen
Sterling Griffin 9/20/24
Richards
Dick
Kestner
Naramore
Drimel
Klemek
Gray
Munstenteiger
Arends
VandeLinde
Quincer
3. In-Meeting Activities
Name Join Time Leave Time Duration Email Role
James
Lilly
Levine
Schindler
Westreich
Strommen
Harrington
Dubuque
Rivers
Jensen
Tillma
Tillma
Smith

1. Summary
Wolf
Thielen
Sterling Griffin 9/20/24
Richards
Dick
Kestner
Naramore
Drimel
Klemek
Gray
Munstenteiger
Arends
Arends
VandeLinde
Quincer

Audit Attendance Sheet

Company Name	Minnesota Department of Natural Resources		
Location	Baudette, MN		
	SFI FM/FSC FM 3 rd Surveillance Audit (Clos	sing Meeting); Note Names with *	
Type of Audit	attended in person, others attended via virtual platform.		
Opening			
Meeting Date	Closing Meeting Date	9/27/2024	

		Attended	Attended
Name	Position	Opening	Closing
		Meeting?	Meeting?
Shannon Wilks*	SFI Lead Auditor		Υ
Sterling Griffin*	FSC Lead Auditor		Υ
Adam James*	MN DNR Forest Certification		Υ
	Consultant		
Katie Gray*	Timber Utilization and Marketing		Υ
	Supervisor		

Name	Position	Attended Opening Meeting?	Attended Closing Meeting?
Sarah Strommen	MN DNR Commissioner	Wiccing:	Y
Barb Naramore	MN DNR Deputy Commissioner		Υ
Shannon Lottammer	MN DNR Assistant Commissioner		Υ
Katie Smith	MN DNR EWR Director		Υ
Grant Wilson	MN DNR Central Region Director		Υ
Andrew Arends	MN DNR Forest Operations and Management Section Manager		Y
Jon Drimmel	MN DNR Forest Operations Section Manager		Y
Paul Dubuque	MN DNR Silviculturist		Υ
Ted Dick	MN DNR Region Wildlife Biologist		Υ
Nick Jensen	Regional EWR Ecologist		Υ
Nathan Kestner	Region EWR Manager		Υ
Blane Klemek	MN DNR NW Region Wildlife Manager		Υ
Lacy Levine	MN DNR Conservation Management and Rare Resources		Y
Lonnie Lilly	MN DNR Region Forestry Manager		Υ
Adam Munstenteiger	Region Forestry Manager		Υ
Tim Quincer	MN DNR NE Region Forestry/Wildlife Coordinator		Y
Name	Position	Attended Opening Meeting?	Attended Closing Meeting?
Jess Richards	MN DNR Assistant Commissioner		Υ
Pat Rivers	MN DNR Deputy Director Fish and Wildlife		Y
Darrell Schindler	MN DNR Region Wildlife Manager		Υ
Lindsey Shartell	MN DNR Division of Fish and Wildlife		Υ
Patty Thielen	MN DNR Division of Forestry Director		Υ
Aaron Vandelinde	MN DNR Director School Trust Lands		Υ
Lila Westreich	MN DNR Guideline Monitoring Program Consultant		Υ

Appendix 3 - Required Tracking

Additional techniques employed:

 \boxtimes None.

Appendix 4 – Forest Management Standard Conformance Table

The table below provides the schedule for surveillance and recertification audits and tracking of Objectives, Performance Measures, and/or Indicators assessed each year.

Evaluation Year	Requirements Reviewed (Objectives & Performance Measures)
2021	All – (Re)certification Evaluation
2022	Objectives: 1, 3, 6, 9, 15, 16, 17
2023	Objectives: 2, 4, 5, 7, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17
2024	Objectives: 3, 4, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17

C= Conformance with Criterion or Indicator

NC= Nonconformance with Criterion or Indicator

NA = Not Applicable

NE = Not Evaluated

SFI Principles Checklist

SFI 2022 Standards and Rules®, Section 2 – Forest Management

C= Conformance with Performance Measure or Indicator

NC= Nonconformance with Performance Measure or Indicator

EXC = Exceeds the Performance Measure or Indicator

OFI = Opportunity for Improvement with Performance Measure or Indicator

NA = Not Applicable

NE = Not Evaluated

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Objective 1. Forest Management Planning	Not Audited in 2024.	
To ensure forest management plans		
include long-term sustainable harvest		
levels and measures to avoid forest		
conversion or afforestation of ecologically		
important areas.		
Performance Measure 1.1. Certified		□с
Organizations shall ensure that forest		□ NC
management plans include long-term		□EXC
harvest levels that are sustainable and		
consistent with appropriate growth-and-		☐ OFI
yield models.		⊠ NE

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
1.1.1. Forest management planning at a		□с
level appropriate to the size and scale of		□ NC
the operation, including:		□ EXC
a. a long-term resources analysis;		
b. a periodic or ongoing forest inventory;		☐ OFI
c. a land classification system;		
d. biodiversity at landscape scales;		
e. soils inventory and maps, where		
available;		
f. access to and use of growth-and-yield		
modeling capabilities;		
g. up-to-date maps or a <i>geographic</i>		
information system (GIS);		
h. recommended sustainable harvest		
levels for areas available for harvest; and		
i. consideration of non-timber issues		
such as recreation, tourism, pilot projects		
and economic incentive <i>programs</i> to		
promote water <i>protection</i> , carbon storage,		
bioenergy feedstock production, or		
biological diversity conservation, or to		
address climate-induced ecosystem		
change. 1.1.2. Documented current harvest		
1.1.2. Documented current harvest trends fall within <i>long-term</i> sustainable		□С
levels identified in the forest management		□ NC
plan.		□ EXC
pian.		□ OFI
1.1.3. A forest inventory system and a		□с
method to calculate growth and yield is		□NC
used to determine annual and/or periodic		□ EXC
harvest levels.		_
1.1.4 Pariadic undates of farast		□ OFI
1.1.4. Periodic updates of forest inventory and recalculation of planned		□С
harvests to account for changes in growth		□ NC
due to <i>productivity</i> increases or decreases,		□ EXC
including but not limited to: improved data,		□ OFI
long-term drought, fertilization, climate		_ •
change, changes in forest land ownership		
and tenure, or forest health.		
1.1.5. Documentation of forest		
management (such as: planting,		□ C
fertilization, and thinning) consistent with		□ NC
assumptions in harvest plans.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
1.1.6. Assessment of the local or regional		□с
social, environmental, and economic		□NC
effects of forest management operations		□ EXC
contained in the forest management plan.		
		□ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Performance Measure 1.2. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□с
Organizations shall not convert one forest		□NC
cover type to another forest cover type		□EXC
unless an assessment has been conducted		
to determine ecological impacts and		□ OFI
provide appropriate justification.		⊠ NE
1.2.1. Certified Organizations shall not		□с
convert one forest cover type to another		□NC
forest cover type, unless the conversion:		
a. does not convert <i>native forest cover</i>		□ EXC
types that are rare, ecologically important,		□ OFI
or that put any <i>native forest cover types</i> at		
risk of becoming rare;		
b. does not create significant adverse		
impacts on Forests with Exceptional		
Conservation Value, old growth forests,		
forest critical to threatened and		
endangered species, or special sites or		
ecologically important non-forest eco-		
systems; and		
c. includes objectives for <i>long-term</i>		
outcomes that support maintaining <i>native</i>		
forest cover types and ecological function;		
and		
d. is in compliance with relevant national		
and regional policy and legislation related		
to land use and forest management.		
1.2.2. A proposed conversion deemed		
appropriate per 1.2.1, and which has		С
considered impacts relative to scale, may		□ NC
be implemented subject to a landscape		□ EXC
assessment that considers:		☐ OFI
a. a response to address <i>forest health</i>		☐ NA, does not intend
issues such as pests or pathogens, or		to convert
proactive consideration of anticipated		
impacts of fire or climate change,		
reforestation challenges, or riparian		
protection needs, provided that such		
justification is supported by the <i>best</i>		
scientific information.		
b. site <i>productivity</i> , economics, and/or		
stand quality.		
c. ecological impacts of the conversion at		
the site and <i>landscape</i> scale, as well as		
consideration for any appropriate		
mitigation measures; and		
d. appropriate consultation with local		
communities, <i>Indigenous Peoples</i> , and		
other <i>stakeholders</i> who could be affected		
by such activities.		
by such activities.		

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Performance Measure 1.3. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□с
Organizations shall not have within the		□ NC
scope of their certification to this SFI		□ EXC
Standard, forest lands that have been		
converted to non-forest land use.		□ OFI
		☐ NA, no conversion
		of forest to non-forest
		use.
		⊠ NE
1.3.1. Forest lands converted to other land		□с
uses shall not be certified to this SFI		□ NC
standard. This does not apply to forest		□ EXC
lands used for forest and wildlife		□ OFI
management such as wildlife food plots or		□ OFI
infrastructure such as forest roads, log		\square NA, no conversion
processing areas, trails, etc.		of forest to non-forest
		use.
Performance Measure 1.4. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□с
Organizations shall not afforest in locations		□NC
which negatively impact ecologically		□ EXC
important natural communities, threatened		□ OFI
and endangered species, or native natural		
communities which could be at risk of		□ NA, no
becoming rare.		afforestation
Definition: afforestation: Establishment of		activities.
forest through planting and/or deliberate		
seeding on land that, until then, was under		
a different land use, implies a		
transformation of land use from non-forest		
to forest (source: FAO 2018). 1.4.1. Any afforestation activity must		
include an evaluation of the proposed site		□ C
to determine the presence of:		□ NC
a. ecologically important natural		□ EXC
communities, or		□ OFI
b. threatened and endangered species, or		□ NA, no
c. native natural communities that could		afforestation
be at risk of becoming rare.		activities.
se at list of seconding fare.		
1.4.2. Afforestation shall not occur on		ПС
that location if the evaluation determines a		С
negative impact to:		□ NC
a. ecologically important natural		□ EXC
communities, or		□ OFI
b. threatened and endangered species, or		□ NA, no
c. native natural communities which		afforestation
could be at risk of becoming rare.		activities.
Ĭ		

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Objective 2. Forest Health and Productivity	Not Audited in 2024.	
To ensure long-term forest productivity,		
forest health and conservation of forest		
resources through prompt reforestation,		
afforestation, deploying integrated pest		
management strategies, minimized		
chemical use, soil conservation, and		
protecting forests from damaging agents.		
Performance Measure 2.1. Certified		□с
Organizations shall promptly reforest after		_
final harvest.		□NC
		□ EXC
		☐ OFI
		⊠ NE
2.1.1. Documented reforestation plans,		□с
including designation of all harvest areas		□NC
for either natural, planted, or direct seeded		□ EXC
regeneration and prompt reforestation,		_
unless delayed for site- specific		□ OFI
environmental or forest health		□NE
considerations or legal requirements,		
through <i>planting</i> within two years or two		
planting seasons, or by planned natural		
regeneration methods within five years.		
2.1.2. Clear criteria to judge adequate		□с
regeneration and appropriate actions to		□ NC
correct understocked areas and achieve		□ EXC
acceptable species composition and		
stocking rates for planting, direct seeding,		☐ OFI
and natural regeneration.		
2.1.3. Plantings of native or non-invasive		□с
naturalized tree species are preferred. In		□NC
exceptional circumstances where exotic		
tree species are being planted, they should		□ EXC
not increase risk to <i>native</i> ecosystems.		☐ OFI
2.1.4. <i>Protection</i> of desirable or planned		□с
advanced natural regeneration during		□NC
harvest.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
Performance Measure 2.2. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□с
Organizations shall have a program to		□NC
minimize chemical use required to achieve		□ EXC
management objectives while protecting		
employees, neighbors, the public and the		□ OFI
environment, including wildlife and aquatic		☐ NA, no use of
habitats.		chemicals

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
2.2.1. Pest management shall be		□с
implemented through the use of <i>integrated</i>		□ NC
pest management.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
2.2.2. <i>Minimized</i> chemical use required to achieve management <i>objectives</i> .		□с
		□ NC
		□ EXC
		□ OFI
2.2.3. Use of <i>least-toxic and narrowest-</i>		□с
spectrum pesticides necessary to achieve		□ NC
management objectives.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
2.2.4. Use of pesticides registered for the		□с
intended use and applied in accordance with label requirements.		□ NC
		□ EXC
		□ OFI
2.2.5. The World Health Organization		□с
(WHO) type 1A and 1B pesticides shall be prohibited, except where no other viable alternative is available.		□ NC
		□ EXC
		□ OFI
2.2.6. Use of pesticides banned under the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (2001) shall be prohibited.		□с
		□ NC
		□ EXC
		□ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
2.2.7. Supervision of forest chemical		□с
applications by state- or provincially		□NC
trained or certified applicators.		
8. Use of management practices		□ EXC
appropriate to the situation, such as:		□ OFI
a. notification of adjoining landowners or		
nearby residents concerning applications		
and chemicals used;		
b. appropriate multilingual signs or oral		
warnings;		
c. control of public road access during		
and immediately after applications;		
d. designation of streamside and other		
needed buffer strips;		
e. use of positive shutoff and minimal-		
drift spray valves;		
f. aerial application of forest chemicals		
parallel to buffer zones to limit drift;		
g. monitoring of water quality or safeguards to ensure proper equipment		
use and <i>protection</i> of streams, lakes, and		
other water bodies;		
h. appropriate transportation and		
storage of chemicals;		
i. use of spill response plans and		
chemical spill kits;		
j. filing of required state or provincial		
reports; and/or		
k. use of methods to ensure <i>protection</i> of		
threatened and endangered species.		
Performance Measure 2.3. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□с
Organizations shall implement practices		
that <i>protect</i> and maintain forest and soil		□ NC
productivity and soil health.		□ EXC
productivity and continuation		□ OFI
		⊠ NE
2.3.1. Process to identify soils vulnerable		□с
to compaction, and use of appropriate		
methods, including the use of soil maps		□ NC
where available, to avoid excessive soil		□ EXC
disturbance.		☐ OFI
2.3.2. Use of erosion control measures to		□с
minimize the loss of soil and impacts to site		□NC
productivity.		□ EXC
		-
		☐ OFI
2.3.3. Post-harvest conditions conducive		□ C
to maintaining site <i>productivity</i> (such as:		□NC
retained down woody debris and		□ EXC
minimized skid trails).		□ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
2.3.4. Retention of vigorous trees during		□с
partial harvesting, consistent with scientific		□NC
silvicultural standards for the area.		□ EXC
2.3.5. <i>Practices</i> that address harvesting		□ OFI
and site preparation to <i>protect</i> soil		□ C
productivity and soil health.		□ NC
production, and controlled		□ EXC
		☐ OFI
2.3.6. Road construction, skidding layout,		□с
and harvest plans designed to minimize		□NC
impacts to soil <i>productivity</i> and <i>soil health</i> .		□ EXC
		□ OFI
Performance Measure 2.4. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□ C
Organizations shall manage to protect		□ NC
forests from damaging agents, such as		□ EXC
environmentally or economically		□ OFI
undesirable levels of wildfire, pests,		
diseases, and <i>invasive species</i> , to maintain		⊠ NE
and improve long-term forest health,		
productivity, and economic viability.		
2.4.1. <i>Program</i> to <i>protect</i> forests from damaging agents.		□с
damaging agents.		□NC
		□ EXC
		□ OFI
2.4.2. Management to promote healthy		□с
and productive forest conditions to reduce		□NC
susceptibility to damaging agents.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
2.4.3. Participation in, and support of,		□с
fire and pest prevention and control		□NC
programs.		□ EXC
Performance Measure 2.5. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□ OFI
Organizations that deploy improved planting	Not Addited III 2024.	□ C
stock, including varietal seedlings, shall use		□ NC
best scientific methods.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
		☐ NA, does not plant
		(natural regeneration
		only)
2.5.1. Dua numu fan angura sista sasa s		⊠ NE
2.5.1. <i>Program</i> for appropriate research, testing, evaluation, and deployment of		⊠C
improved planting stock, including varietal		□ NC
seedlings.		□ EXC
		□ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Objective 3. Protection and Maintenance of Water Resources To protect the water quality and water quantity of rivers, streams, lakes, wetlands, and other water bodies.		
Performance Measure 3.1. Certified Organizations shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, provincial, state, and local water quality laws and meet or exceed best management practices.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	□ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI □ NE
3.1.1. Program to implement federal, state, or provincial water quality best management practices during all phases of management activities.	a. DNR has been committed to implementing the "Forestry Water Quality BMPs in Minnesota" since 1987, which are currently included with the MFRC Site-Level Forest Management Guidelines. DNR commitment to implementing these guidelines is summarized in the memo from Brad Moore titled "Direction on Application of Statewide Guidelines in Forest Management Planning" for DNR's Best Management Practices (BMP) guidelines. b. DNR commitment to implementing water quality BMPs is identified in the excerpt from Minnesota Supreme Court rules on the DNR's commitment to use FRC site-level guidelines as minimum standards. c. The Division of Forestry maintains a BMP/Guideline Implementation Monitoring program which monitors and reports on the level of implementation of water quality BMPs as well as the MFRC Site-Level Forest Management guidelines. All field sites with harvesting activity observed in 2024 contained monitoring records.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
3.1.2. Contract provisions that specify conformance to <i>best management</i> practices.	Auditor confirmation of reference documented within the Permit Condition #20 on DNR permit documents. The reference is stated as:	☑ C☐ NC☐ EXC☐ OFI
	#20. SITE-LEVEL FOREST MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES - The persons affected by this permit shall comply with specific site-level forest management guidelines, biomass harvest guidelines and invasive species guidelines, as indicated on the permit form under special conditions, as indicated on supplemental page(s) titled Permit To Cut Timber Supplemental Terms and Conditions, if any, and as indicated on the attached Timber Appraisal Report. [M.S. § 89A.05, 103G.2212, 103G.2241(7)]	
	Auditor observation of permits for all harvest field sites observed in 2024 contained requirements.	
	Review of Contract for Mechanical site preparation confirmed language requiring conformance to Best Management Practices, as defined within Voluntary Site-level Forest Management Guidelines must be followed. Documented within Section V paragraph A.	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
3.1.3. Monitoring of overall best	The Sustainable Forest Resources Act	⊠C
management practices implementation.	requires the DNR to monitor the	□NC
	implementation of the site-level forest	□EXC
	management guidelines (which include	
	water quality BMPs) on all forest	☐ OFI
	ownerships in Minnesota. MN DNR has a	
	Site Level Guidance Monitoring	
	representative that conducts reviews of	
	the BMP's based on a systematic	
	approach. Three WSUs are monitored	
	each year with the sample distributed	
	approximately according to timber	
	harvest ownership. Over the course of a	
	monitoring cycle, each major watershed	
	(HUC8) in the state with greater than	
	20% forest cover (NLCD) is assessed for	
	BMP implementation. The results of this	
	monitoring are reported to the MFRC	
	and the legislature on a biennial basis.	
	Copies of past monitoring reports are	
	available on the MFRC Website. Interim	
	Final MFRC Forest Management	
	Guidelines Updates for Public Comments	
	are listed on public <u>website</u> .	
	Additionally, DNR's timber sale program	
	uses an inspection form to evaluate	
	application of guidelines. Individual areas	
	are responsible for inspecting 10% of	
	sales per year or one inspection for each	
	appraiser (whichever is higher), regions	
	are to inspect two sales per area per	
	year, and St. Paul is to inspect two sites	
	(different areas) per region per year.	
	The "Permit Supervision Record" (NA-	
	02136C) form allows a forester to track	
	activities and communication with the	
	operator on the timber sale site. The	
	forester can document conditions and	
	conversation with the operator about	
	activities that would cause the timber	
	sale to fail a BMP inspection. Review of	
	inspection reports for permit #X017359,	
	#X018269, #B015659, #X018392 and	
	#B015338 confirmed BMP monitoring	
	was conducted.	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Performance Measure 3.2. Certified Organizations shall implement water, wetland, and riparian protection programs based on climate, soil type, terrain, vegetation, ecological function, harvesting system, state best management practices (BMPs), provincial guidelines and other applicable factors.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI □ NE
3.2.1. Program addressing management and protection of water quality of rivers, streams, lakes, wetlands, other water bodies and riparian areas during all phases of management.	a. The DNR is committed to the implementation of MFRC site-level forest management guidelines as the basis for protecting wetlands, lakes, streams and other water bodies as well as riparian areas during all phases of management. b. The DNR is required to comply with all state, federal and local water quality regulations including but not limited to: MN DNR Protected Waters program, US Army Corps of Engineers 404 permit program, MN Wetlands Conservation Act (WCA), and MN PCA Storm Water Permit program. These regulations are implemented through any program that is sponsoring an activity potentially affecting these wetlands or waterbodies. c. For each timber permit a form called the Landowner Statement and Contractor Responsibility for Work in Wetlands or Public Waters is completed. This outlines who to contact and what is expected for work in wetlands. No wetland work was observed during the 2024 audit. No issues were identified during 2024 site visits.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

3.2.2. <i>Program</i> to <i>protect</i> water quantity	The Site –Level Forest Management	⊠C
during all phases of management.	Guidelines (FMGs) outline best	□NC
	management practices to maintain water	□ EXC
	quality and what to do during wet	
	weather events. Examples include	□ OFI
	maintenance of vegetated filter strips	
	around wetlands, avoidance of wetlands	
	and filter strips with regards to roads,	
	landings, and skid trails, use of erosion	
	control practices where needed (e.g.,	
	steep slopes and approaches to	
	waterbody crossings), and cessation of	
	operations when weather and site	
	conditions become problematic. The	
	FMGs recommend including the	
	guidelines appropriate for each site as	
	the operating standards for each project.	
	The ECS program produced a chart	
	outlining acceptable operating seasons to	
	minimize compaction and rutting that is	
	found online.	
	The Forest Information System (FORIST)	
	program includes a menu of standardized	
	statements that can be inserted in timber	
	permits or project contracts. The project	
	manager can also enter statements to address unique site-specific situations	
	the standardized items do not fit.	
	Ultimately, it's up to the forester to	
	determine when and where harvesting	
	can take place so as to remain within the	
	forest management guidelines.	
	The Timber Appraisal Report form is	
	where foresters are allowed to add	
	harvesting restrictions relating to	
	wetness, steep slopes, and a host of	
	other topics.	
	It is the responsibility of timber sale	
	administrator to monitor site conditions	
	on timber sales. Ongoing, frequent sale	
	supervision is a key requirement for all	
	DNR timber sales	
	If conditions occur during the course of	
	the sale that result, or may result, in	
	damage to the site that exceeds	
	guidelines, the appraiser has the	
	authority to shut down all activity on the	
	sale until conditions improve.	
	To minimize possible economic hardship	
	to loggers as a result of enforcing these	
	regulations, provisions exist within state	
	statutes 90.041 and 90.193 to extend the	
	length of the timber sale to	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
	accommodate such weather events.	

3.2.3. Programs that address wet-	The Site –Level Forest Management	⊠C
weather events in order to maintain water	Guideline outline what to do during wet	□NC
quality such as: forest inventory systems,	weather events. It does recommend	
identification of wet-weather tracts and	including the guidelines appropriate for	□ EXC
definitions of acceptable operating	each site as the operating standards for	☐ OFI
conditions.	each project.	
	The Forest Information System (FORIST)	
	program includes a menu of standardized	
	statements that can be inserted in timber	
	permits or project contracts. The project	
	manager can also enter statements to	
	address unique site-specific situations	
	the standardized items do not fit.	
	Ultimately, it's up to the forester to	
	determine when and where harvesting	
	can take place so as to remain within the	
	forest management guidelines.	
	Timber Appraisal Report form is where	
	foresters are allowed to add harvesting	
	restrictions relating to wetness, steep	
	slopes, and a host of other topics.	
	Review of Appraisal Reports for all field	
	sites in 2024 confirmed the requirements	
	are detailed within the Marketing and	
	Special Conditions; Season of Operations	
	sections.	
	Timber sale administrator has	
	responsibility to monitor site conditions	
	on timber sales. Ongoing, periodic sale	
	supervision is a key requirement for all	
	DNR timber sales. If conditions occur	
	during the course of the sale that result,	
	or may result, in damage to the site that	
	exceeds guidelines, the appraiser has the	
	authority to shut down all activity on the	
	sale until conditions improve. Interview	
	with DNR personnel confirms use and	
	knowledge of requirements.	
	To minimize possible economic hardship	
	to loggers as a result of enforcing these	
	regulations, provisions exist within state	
	statutes 90.041 and 90.193 to extend the	
	length of the timber sale to	
	accommodate such weather events.	
	Timber Permits also include language	
	related to a rutting policy to protect soil	
	and water quality. #21. RUTTING METRIC	
	- All harvest operations, including	
	skidding and forwarding trails, will	
	comply with the DNR Forest Land Rutting	
	<u>Guidelines</u>	
	No issues were observed at any field sites	
	audited in 2024.	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Objective 4. Conservation of Biological		
Diversity		
To maintain or advance the conservation of biological diversity at the stand- and		
landscape-level and across a diversity of		
forest and vegetation cover types and		
successional stages including the		
conservation of forest plants and animals,		
aquatic species, threatened and		
endangered species, Forests with		
Exceptional Conservation Value, old-		
growth forests, and ecologically important		
Performance Measure 4.1. Certified	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	
Organizations shall conserve biological	nerer to mandators for Established	⊠ C □ NC
diversity.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
444 - 0	Diadicantin is nector 1 111	□ NE
4.1.1. Program to incorporate the conservation of biological diversity,	Biodiversity is reviewed within various requirements and documented within	⊠C
including <i>native</i> species, <i>wildlife habitats</i>	the Sustainable Timber Harvest Stand	□ NC
and ecological community types at stand	Exam List (SEL). The elements are also	□ EXC
and landscape levels, through the use of	included within the GIS system on a	□ OFI
best scientific information including the	landscape and stand level platform. MN	
incorporation of research results.	DNR utilizes many platforms such as the	
	Native Plant Community Guidelines,	
	Minnesota Biological Survey (MBS)	
	identification of sites with high	
	biodiversity and the utilization of Natural	
	Heritage database. Biodiversity is	
	reviewed during planning and monitored during implementation of silviculture	
	activities. Comments (if applicable) are	
	made by the Fish and Wildlife or	
	Ecological and Water Resources	
	personnel within the Stand Exam List.	
	Different categories are utilized with	
	increasing level of communication.	
442 Panda 1 5 11 1	Info/Contact/JSV (Joint Site Visit).	
4.1.2. Development of criteria and	Criteria are defined within the	⊠C
implementation of practices, as guided by regionally based best scientific information,	documents and platforms identified within Indicator 4.1.1. Implementation is	□ NC
to retain stand-level wildlife habitat	monitored during harvesting	□ EXC
elements such as snags, stumps, mast	prescriptions and activities. Snags, den	□ OFI
trees, down woody debris, den trees and	trees, green tree retention and reserves	
nest trees.	or islands were observed on final harvest	
	(clear-cut) sites. Review of monitoring	
	documents for sites observed in 2024	
	confirmed.	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
4.1.3. Program to individually and/or through cooperative efforts such as SFI Implementation Committees, support diversity of native forest cover types and age or size classes that enhance biological diversity, by incorporating the results of analysis of documented diversity at landscape and ownership/tenure levels, to ensure the contribution of the managed area to the diversity of conditions that promote biodiversity.	Forest cover types are documented within the GIS system. Native forest cover types are reviewed during the Sustainable Timber Harvest and Stand Exam List (SEL). Habitats are described and management plans are implemented to enhance wildlife habitat.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
4.1.4. Certified Organizations shall individually and/or through cooperative efforts such as SFI Implementation Committees, participate in or incorporate the results of credible, relevant state, provincial, or regional conservation planning and priority-setting efforts to conserve biological diversity and incorporate the results of these efforts in forest management planning. Credible priority-setting efforts include state and provincial wildlife action plans, state forest action plans, relevant habitat conservation plans, provincial wildlife recovery plans, Indigenous planning processes or ecoregional plans.	Minnesota DNR has led the development of the Forest Action Plan and Wildlife Action Plans. Input was received from division and external stakeholders. Approval was received from the USFS and US Fish and Wildlife Service on the Minnesota Wildlife Action Plan 2015-2025.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
4.1.5. Program to address conservation of ecologically important species and natural communities.	The Minnesota Biological Survey (MBS) conducts surveys, county-by-county, to search for rare plants, animals, and communities. Natural Heritage databases are checked prior to harvests and land altering treatments. The GIS system contains a layer of the Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS). The TSM (Timber Sales Module) is utilized by field foresters to begin the process for timber harvesting activity. Multiple tabs are utilized for detailed information. The cutting block tab establishes the foundation with names, dates, field notes, locations, accessibility, type of harvest, legal descriptions and GPS coordinates. Stand management tab contains the inventory of stands and the amount of acres with harvest prescriptions. Forty/Lots tab contains the ownership (LUP, School Trust, Consolidated Conservation, etc.) and certification status of the properties. The ownership information is tied to the LRS (Land Records System). Species/Products tab contains the volumes and if the stand is salvage. FRC Guidelines tab contains elements for each of the requirements within the MN Forest Resources Guidelines (BMPs). Specifications tab contains. Auditor confirmation during interviews, site visits, and review of TSM and GIS.	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE C C NC EXC OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
A.1.6. Identification and protection of non-forested wetlands, including bogs, peatlands, fens and marshes, and vernal pools that are ecologically important.	Evidence/CAR Minnesota DNR has a detailed program for the protection of wetlands and watercourses. Foresters plan all harvests and treatments. These plans are reviewed by various specialists. Protections are a priority during planning and implementation of operations. All foresters are trained to follow Minnesota's Site Level Guidelines. Specialists are available for consultation as needed. All activities are subject to interdisciplinary review. The DNR is committed to the implementation of MFRC site-level forest management guidelines as the basis for protecting wetlands, lakes, streams and other water bodies as well as riparian areas during all phases of management. The DNR is required to comply with all state, federal and local water quality regulations including but not limited to: MN DNR Protected Waters program, US Army Corps of Engineers 404 permit program, MN Wetlands Conservation Act (WCA), and MN PCA Storm Water Permit program. These regulations are implemented through any program that is sponsoring an activity potentially affecting these wetlands or waterbodies. Identification of the non-forested wetlands, bogs, ferns and other riparian features are detailed within the GIS system and documented on maps as applicable. No issues were identified	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE C C NC EXC OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
4.1.7. Participation in <i>programs</i> and	DNR has a well-developed program for	⊠c
demonstration of activities as appropriate	identifying, controlling, and monitoring	□NC
to limit the introduction, spread and	invasive species. Public information is	□ EXC
impact of invasive species that directly	available on the DNR website and	
threaten or are likely to threaten <i>native</i>	categorized into Aquatic and Terrestrial.	☐ OFI
plant and animal communities.	Responsibility is shared with the state	
	Department of Agriculture and US Forest	
	Service. DOA's Plant Protection Division	
	is responsible for risk assessments	
	related to invasive plants. The	
	department has an <u>Invasive Species</u>	
	<u>Control Program</u> . Operational Order <u>113</u>	
	outlines invasive species control and	
	prevention measures that occur on an	
	annual basis.	
	The MNDNR program includes four	
	Regional Forest Health Specialists. Area	
	foresters call on health specialists as	
	needed. The program conducts training	
	and outreach in part through Forest	
	Health Newsletters issued 4-6 times per	
	year. Forest health issues of current	
	concern include emerald ash bore,	
	spongy moth, eastern larch beetle,	
	spruce budworm, oak wilt,	
	Heterobasidium Root Disease and	
	Diplodia in red pine.	
	Site visits included examples of invasive	
	plant control. "Op. Order 113 [Invasive	
	Species] is applicable to timber sales	
	planning and management activities.	
	Indeed, during the audit, the daily safety	
	briefing in Area offices included special	
	precautions about inadvertent transfer of	
	seeds from one site to another. Auditor	
	reviewed information regarding invasive	
	species with boot cleaning station at	
	Littlefork River WMA during the 2024	
	audit. Ecological and Water Resources	
	(EWR) and Forestry personnel utilize	
	electronics to identify Invasive Species	
	within the forest. The coordinates are	
	identified and uploaded to coordinate	
	with the GIS system. Observation during	
	the 2024 audit confirmed use.	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
4.1.8. Consider the role of natural disturbances, including opening size, structural retention, the use of prescribed or natural fire where appropriate, and forest health threats in relation to biological diversity when developing forest management plans.	Site Level Forest Management Guidelines, Native Plant Community Classifications, Section Forest Resource Management Plans (SFRMP), Sustainable Timber Harvest Plans (STH) and other resources are utilized by field personnel to guide the planning of forest management activities. No prescribed burning sites were observed during the 2024 field audit. Regeneration was observed from a wildfire that impacted the area in 2015. No adverse conditions were observed in 2024.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
Performance Measure 4.2. Certified Organizations shall protect threatened and endangered species, critically imperiled and imperiled species, and natural communities (Forests with Exceptional Conservation Values), and old-growth forests.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	☐ C ☐ NC ☐ EXC ☐ OFI ☐ NE
4.2.1. Program to protect threatened and endangered species.	Ecosystem Management and Protection Services Section within Ecological and Water Resources Division (EWR) includes the Endangered Species Coordinator, Nongame Wildlife Program, Regional Ecologists (guidance), and statewide Forest Ecologist. EWR Strategic Information Service Section maintains the Natural Heritage Information System, with significant guidance from supervisors of the Minnesota Biological Survey (MBS) Program and Conservation Management and Rare Resources Unit. Natural Heritage information is available to all DNR staff involved in forest management who receive and maintain training. Layers are incorporated into the GIS and mapping systems to provide information regarding the occurrences of threatened and endangered species. All field staff who appraise and administer timber sales and who submit silvicultural projects for contract work receive training.	☐ C ☐ NC ☐ EXC ☐ OFI

4.2.2. <i>Program</i> to locate and <i>protect</i>	MN DNR has a detailed process and	⊠C
known sites flora and fauna associated with	system to locate and protect known sites	□NC
viable occurrences of critically imperiled	of flora and fauna that are critically	□EXC
and imperiled species and ecological	imperiled communities. Some of the	
communities, defined as Forests with	programs are described below.	☐ OFI
Exceptional Conservation Value. Programs		
for protection may be developed	During the Stand Exam List planning	
independently and/or through cooperative	process, the NHIS database is reviewed	
efforts involving SFI Implementation	and occurrences are identified by	
Committees and may include Certified	Ecological and Water Resources	
Organization managers of SFI-certified	personnel. Habitat management	
organizations, cooperation with other	recommendations may be added for the	
stakeholders, or use of easements,	modification of the plan. Communication	
conservation land sales, exchanges, or	with Forestry personnel can be added	
other conservation strategies.	during the Stand Exam List-	
	Information/Contact/Joint Site Visit (JSV).	
	The function is designed to provide	
	another layer of resources for the	
	protection and management around	
	known sites of flora and fauna. Pre-Sale	
	meetings with permittees are also	
	utilized by forestry personnel to identify	
	and communicate requirements if	
	applicable.	
	Minnesota Biological Survey locates sites	
	of biological significance, rare species,	
	and rare native plant communities. It is	
	the responsibility of any staff who	
	encounter a potential old growth forest	
	occurrence to nominate it for designation	
	consideration.	
	Regional Old Growth Teams evaluate and	
	manage adjustments to the Old Growth	
	Forest network. Evaluation processes for	
	Old Growth nominations on Trust lands	
	are currently being reviewed by	
	department leadership.	
	·	
	Department-wide mapping efforts to	
	identify native plant communities (MBS	
	Program, ECS Program and field	
	foresters, Fish & Wildlife division, Parks	
	and Trails division)	
	Protection of rare species and rare native	
	plant communities are a primary	
	objective of SNAs, State Parks, High	
	Conservation Value Forests,	
	Representative Sample Areas, and Old	
	Growth Forest sites. Examples were	
	reviewed during the 2024 field site audit.	
	Refer to field site notes for additional	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
	evidence.	
4.2.3. Support of and participation in programs for the conservation of old-growth forests in the region of ownership or forest tenure.	Old Growth Forest Policy, including a network of OG sites, Special Management Zones and Old Forest Management Complexes around OG site are utilized for the protection and conservation of old growth forests within the landscape.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
	Regional Old Growth Teams manage adjustments to the OG network. A previous process identified Ecologically Important Lowland Conifers (EILC) stands, which have now been replaced Lowland Conifer Old Growth candidates that will go through further evaluation and stakeholder input prior to a designation decision.	
Performance Measure 4.3. Certified Organizations shall manage to protect ecologically important sites in a manner that takes into account their unique qualities.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	☑ C☐ NC☐ EXC☐ OFI☐ NE
4.3.1. Use of information such as existing NatureServe or natural heritage data or expert advice in identifying or selecting ecologically important sites for protection.	Interviews confirm that natural heritage databases are checked prior to harvests and land altering treatments. Review of TMS module confirms Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS) is utilized during the planning process. Personnel are not able to move the stand(s) to active status without verification. The NHIS is a layer within the GIS system. When there are identified occurrences, foresters check with the Regional Forest Ecologist who often provides advice or obtains information from expert specialists and then helps foresters determine appropriate protection or management prescriptions if applicable.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
4.3.2. Appropriate mapping, cataloging	The Minnesota Biological Survey program	⊠c
and management of identified ecologically	within the Ecological and Water	□NC
important sites.	Resources Division conducts surveys	□ EXC
	across the entire state. The Natural	
	Heritage Information System (NHIS) is a	☐ OFI
	layer within the GIS system. MN DNR also	
	utilizes a Scientific and Natural Areas	
	(SNA) for the strategic protection of	
	ecological and geological sensitive areas.	
	Personnel have been trained on the use	
	of the system. Auditor confirmed that	
	special sites are located on maps, listed	
	in databases available to all staff involved	
	in planning and implementation of	
	harvests, vegetation treatments,	
	projects, etc., and when they are close to	
	harvests, they are shown on the harvest	
	plan maps provided to the buyers.	
	Auditor review of sale documents, field	
	observations and interview with	
	permittee that specials sites marked off	
	(buffered out) of nearby timber harvests.	
Performance Measure 4.4. Certified	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠C
Organizations shall apply knowledge		
gained through research, science,		□NC
technology, field experience and the results		□ EXC
of monitoring of the effectiveness of		☐ OFI
conservation-related programs to manage		□ NE
wildlife habitat and contribute to the		
conservation of biological diversity.		
4.4.1. Collection of information on	The Minnesota Biological Survey (MBS)	⊠C
Forests with Exceptional Conservation	conducts surveys, county-by-county, to	
Value and other biodiversity-related data	search for rare plants, animals, and	□NC
through forest inventory processes,	communities. Natural Heritage	□ EXC
mapping, or participation in external	Information System (NHIS) databases are	□ OFI
programs, such as NatureServe, state or	checked prior to harvests and land	
provincial heritage <i>programs</i> , or other	altering treatments.	
reputable organizations. Such participation	Review of process during the audit within	
may include providing non-proprietary	the TMS platform confirms. Interview	
scientific information, time, and assistance	with personnel confirms knowledge and	
by staff, or in-kind or direct financial	awareness of process.	
support.	·	
4.4.2. A <i>program to</i> incorporate data	Methodology is included in operational	⊠C
collected, research results and field	planning. Plans are reviewed internally	
applications of <i>biodiversity</i> and ecosystem	and externally. Refer to additional	□ NC
research into forest management	evidence within Indicator 4.3.1.	□ EXC
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
4.4.3. Individually or collaboratively	MN DNR utilizes Ecological Classification	⊠c
participate in or support research that	System based on Ecological Regions	□NC
demonstrates the <i>conservation</i> outcomes	within the state. There are 4 Provinces,	□ EXC
resulting from management strategies.	10 Sections and 26 subsections	
	identified. Classifications of land types	□ OFI
	are documented and enable resource	
	professionals to manage based on the	
	ecological patterns. Elements include	
	Landform, Bedrock geology, Soils,	
	Climate, Hydrology, Pre-settlement	
	vegetation, Present vegetation and land	
	use, Natural disturbance and	
	Conservation concerns.	
Objective 5. Management of Visual	Not Audited in 2024.	
Quality and Recreational Benefits		
To manage the visual impact of forest		
operations and provide recreational opportunities for the public.		
opportunities for the public.		
Performance Measure 5.1. Certified		□с
Organizations shall manage the impact of		□NC
harvesting on visual quality.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
		⊠ NE
5.1.1. Program to address visual quality		□ C
management.		□ NC
		□ EXC
		□ OFI
5.1.2. Incorporation of aesthetic		□с
considerations in harvesting, road, landing		□ NC
design and management, and other		_
management activities where visual		□ EXC
impacts are a concern.		☐ OFI
Performance Measure 5.2. Certified		⊠c
Organizations shall manage the size, shape,		□NC
and placement of clearcut harvests.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
		⊠ NE
5.2.1. Average size of clearcut harvest		□с
areas does not exceed 120 acres (50		□NC
hectares), except when necessary to meet		□ EXC
regulatory requirements, achieve		□ OFI
ecological <i>objectives</i> or to respond to <i>forest</i>		□ UFI
health emergencies or other natural		
catastrophes.		1

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
5.2.2. Documentation through internal		С
records of clearcut size and the process for		□NC
calculating average size.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
Performance Measure 5.3. Certified		□с
Organizations shall adopt a green-up		□NC
requirement or alternative methods that		□ EXC
provide for <i>visual quality</i> .		□ OFI
		⊠ NE
5.3.1. <i>Program</i> implementing the <i>green</i> -		⊠C
up requirement or alternative methods.		□ NC
		□ EXC
5.2.2. Hamarakanan kurakina ayatana ka		□ OFI
5.3.2. Harvest area tracking system to demonstrate conformance with the <i>green</i> -		□С
up requirement or alternative methods.		□ NC
up requirement of alternative methods.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
5.3.3. Trees in clearcut harvest areas are		□с
at least three years old or five feet (1.5		□NC
meters) high at the desired level of		□ EXC
stocking before adjacent areas are clearcut, or as appropriate to address operational		□ OFI
and economic considerations, alternative		
methods to reach the <i>performance</i>		
measure are utilized by the Certified		
Organization		
Performance Measure 5.4. Certified		□с
Organizations shall support and promote		□NC
recreational opportunities for the public.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
		⊠ NE
5.4.1. Provide recreational opportunities		□ C
for the public, where consistent with forest		□NC
management objectives.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
Objective 6. Protection of Special Sites	Not Audited in 2024.	
To manage lands that are geologically or		
culturally important in a manner that takes		
into account their unique qualities.		
Performance Measure 6.1. Certified		□с
Organizations shall have a program to		□NC
identify special sites and manage and		□ EXC
protect them in a manner appropriate for		□ OFI
their unique features.		
		⊠ NE

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
6.1.1. Use of information such as existing		□с
natural heritage data, expert advice or		□ NC
stakeholder consultation, or consultation		□ EXC
with Indigenous Peoples in identifying or		□ EXC
selecting special sites for protection.		☐ OFI
6.1.2. Appropriate mapping, cataloging		□с
and management of identified special sites.		□NC
		□ EXC
		□ EXC
		☐ OFI
Objective 7. Efficient Use of Fiber		
Resources		
To minimize waste and ensure the efficient		
use of fiber resources.		
Performance Measure 7.1. Certified	Not Audited in 2024.	□ c
Organizations shall employ appropriate		□ NC
forest harvesting technology and in-woods		□ EXC
manufacturing processes to <i>minimize</i> waste		□ OFI
and ensure efficient utilization of forest		
resources where consistent with other SFI		⊠ NE
Standard objectives.		
7.1.1. <i>Program</i> or monitoring system to		\Box C
ensure efficient utilization, using provisions		□ NC
such as:		□ EXC
a. management of harvest residue (such		
as slash, limbs, tops) considers economic,		□ OFI
social and environmental factors (such as		
organic and nutrient value to future forests		
and the potential of increased fuels build-		
up) and other utilization needs;		
b. training or incentives to encourage		
loggers to enhance utilization;		
c. exploration of markets for		
underutilized species and low-grade wood		
and alternative markets (such as bioenergy		
markets); or		
d. periodic inspections and reports		
noting utilization and product separation.		
Objective 8. Recognize and Respect Indigenous Peoples' Rights		
To recognize and respect <i>Indigenous</i>		
Peoples' rights and traditional knowledge.		
	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	
Performance Measure 8.1. <i>Certified Organizations</i> shall recognize and respect	neier to mulcators for Evidence.	⊠C
Indigenous Peoples' rights.		□ NC
maigenous reopies Tigills.		□ EXC
		☐ OFI
		□ NE

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
REQUIREMENT 8.1.1. Certified Organizations shall develop and implement a written policy acknowledging a commitment to recognize and respect the rights of Indigenous Peoples. This policy shall provide reference to a program that includes: a. use of available resources and information to identify the Indigenous Peoples whose rights may be affected by the Certified Organization's forest management activities. b. recognition of the established framework of legal, customary, and traditional rights such as outlined in: i. the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples; ii. federal, provincial, and state laws and regulations; iii. treaties, agreements or other constructive arrangements among governments and Indigenous Peoples. c. appropriate training of personnel and contractors so that the Certified Organization is competent to fulfill their responsibilities under Objective 8 of the Forest Management Standard.	Minnesota Statute 2021 10.65 contains Government to Government Relationship with Tribal Governments. a. Federal Recognized Tribes b. Recognizes rights formed by Constitution of the United States, Treaties, statutes, case law and agreements. c. Training is documented within section (j) of the statute. The Department has one written policy to fulfill the requirements within the Statute 10.65 that recognizes and respects the rights of Indigenous Peoples: • DNR Operational Order 129 Tribal Nations, provides for procedures for communication, coordination, and documentation of work between the DNR and Minnesota's 11 federally recognized Tribal Nations on coordinated conservation, resource protection, and land management activities. Operational order was written to document the	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
8.1.2. The written <i>policy</i> shall be publicly available.	implementation of the statute. Policies are discussed during Tribal Cultural Landscape & Natural Resource Management Training. Policy is documented within the statute of the State of Minnesota and publicly	⊠c
avanable.	available. Refer to indicator 8.1.1.	□ NC □ EXC □ OFI
Performance Measure 8.2. Certified Organizations with forest management responsibilities on public lands shall confer with Indigenous Peoples whose rights may be affected by the Certified Organization's forest management practices.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	

8.2. 1. <i>Program</i> that includes	DNR strategic plan includes working with	⊠C
communicating with affected <i>Indigenous</i>	tribes.	□NC
Peoples to enable Certified Organizations		□EXC
to:	Tribal outreach goes outside of existing	□ OFI
a. understand and respect traditional	stakeholder contact. A specific program	
forest-related knowledge; b. identify and protect spiritually,	has been developed that exceeds stakeholders and public comments.	
historically, or <i>culturally important</i> sites;	stakeholders and public comments.	
c. address the use of <i>non-timber forest</i>	DNR began involving the tribes with	
products of value;	planning in 1980 by state statue. Tribal	
d. communicate through processes that	relations staff was created from	
respect their representative institutions,	government staff down to state agencies.	
using appropriate protocols;	DNR has a tribal relations team	
e. provide opportunities to review forest	composed of members from all divisions.	
management plans and forest	Liaisons are required by statute. During	
management practices; and	2020 the position of Tribal Liaison was	
f. respond to inquiries and concerns	created, and the Tribal Resource Team	
received.	formed. Annual meetings are conducted.	
	Farm Pasianal Disastana and Tribal Lisiana	
	Four Regional Directors and Tribal Liaison work with tribes.	
	WOLK WITH TIBES.	
	Local contacts have been provided to	
	tribes to work on local issues. DNR staff	
	works with tribal staff on local issues.	
	Interviews with personnel during the	
	2024 audit confirmed direct	
	communication was conducted on use of	
	roads and timber harvests that border	
	tribal lands.	
	The Department, through Operational	
	Order 129, sets forth annual coordination	
	frameworks for the various divisions that	
	identifies the action or product, the	
	expected meeting participants, and who	
	the primary contacts are for both the	
	state and the tribes.	
	The Department has required all program	
	managers to attend Tribal State Relations	
	Training which is developed by	
	Minnesota Indian Affairs Council.	
	The Divisions of Forestry and Fish and	
	Wildlife contracts with the Minnesota	
	Historical Society for one FTE	
	archaeologist meeting the Secretary of	
	Interior's professional qualification	
	standards. The DNR archaeologist	
	ensures that the DNR is in compliance	
	with the Minnesota Statute 138.40,	
	which requires state agencies to consider	
	cultural resources in their operations and	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
	development planning. The Department works with tribes on a local level for the permitting of collection of non-timber products such as ash and birch bark and lodge poles. The Department employs a Tribal Contact Tracking system to record contacts with tribes and to document emerging tribal issues, questions, or concerns. The system is maintained within internal network platform controlled by permissions for access.	
Performance Measure 8.3. Certified Organizations are encouraged to communicate with and shall respond to Indigenous Peoples whose rights may be affected by forest management practices on the Certified Organization's private lands.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI □ NE
8.3.1. Certified Organizations are aware of traditional forest-related knowledge, such as known cultural heritage sites, the use of wood in traditional buildings and crafts, and flora that may be used in cultural practices for food, ceremonies, or medicine.	Regional ecologist for rare resources works with tribes on small projects. Identification of sites is proprietary information. If sites are identified during the planning of silviculture activities, the location is identified but the type of site is not shared. Confirmed during interviews.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
8.3.2. Respond to <i>Indigenous Peoples'</i> inquiries and concerns received.	Informal working relationship is maintained with tribes. Most inquiries are around silviculture, access, and ecological work. There is a strong relationship for fire protection confirmed by personnel within the Baudette, Warroad and Littlefork areas during the 2024 audit. No formal requests were received from Tribal personnel for permits for special products-birch bark, etc. in previous 12 months.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
Objective 9. Climate Smart Forestry To ensure forest management activities address climate change adaptation and mitigation measures.	Not Audited in 2024.	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Performance Measure 9.1. Certified		□с
Organizations shall individually and/or		□NC
through cooperative efforts involving SFI		□ EXC
Implementation Committees or other		
partners identify and address the climate		□ OFI
change risks to forests and forest		⊠ NE
operations and develop appropriate		
adaptation objectives and strategies.		
Strategies are based on best scientific		
information.		
9.1.1. Based on best scientific		□с
information, Certified Organizations shall		□NC
identify climate change risks and prioritize		□EXC
them based on the likelihood, nature,		
severity of their expected impact to their		□ OFI
forest lands or forest tenures.		
9.1.2. Certified Organizations shall		□с
develop an adaptation plan to address		□NC
priority climate change risks, via effective		□ EXC
implementation of the SFI 2022 Forest		
Management Standard requirements for		□ OFI
potential adaptive management including:		
a. periodic updates of forest inventory and		
recalculation of planned harvests as		
appropriate to account for changes in		
growth due to productivity increases or		
decreases, including improved data, long-		
term drought, fertilization, climate change,		
or forest health;		
b. access to growth and yield modeling		
capabilities;		
c. documented harvest trends within long-		
term sustainable levels identified in the		
forest management plan, and		
d. appropriate research, testing,		
evaluation, and deployment of improved		
planting stock, including varietal seedlings.		
9.1.3. Certified Organizations shall		□с
document how their adaptation plan		□ NC
objectives and strategies fit within broader		□ EXC
regional climate adaptation strategies and		☐ OFI
plans, where they exist.		
9.1.4. <i>Certified Organizations</i> shall report		□с
annually to SFI Inc. their progress towards achieving climate change adaptation		□ NC
		□ EXC
strategies and plans.		☐ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Performance Measure 9.2. Certified		□с
Organizations shall individually and/or		□NC
through cooperative efforts involving SFI		
Implementation Committees or other		□ EXC
partners identify and address opportunities		☐ OFI
to mitigate the effects associated with its		⊠ NE
forest operations on climate change.		
9.2.1. Based on best scientific		□с
information, Certified Organizations shall		□NC
identify and address opportunities to		
enhance the climate benefits associated		□ EXC
with forest management operations on the		☐ OFI
forests they own or manage via effective		
implementation of the SFI 2022 Forest		
Management Standard requirements such		
as:		
a. Objective 2 – Forest Health and		
Productivity; Objective 10 – Fire Smart		
Forestry; and/or other silvicultural or		
operational <i>practices</i> to enhance the		
climate benefits associated with the forest		
operations.		
9.2.2. Based on <i>best scientific</i>		
information, Certified Organizations shall		□ C
identify and address opportunities to		□ NC
enhance ecosystem resilience for the		□ EXC
forests they own or manage via effective		□ OFI
implementation of the SFI 2022 Forest		
Management Standard requirements		
including:		
a. prompt <i>reforestation</i> or planned		
natural reforestation as per Indicator 2.2.1;		
b. adequate regeneration and		
appropriate actions to correct		
understocked areas, and		
c. evaluation for <i>afforestation</i> of areas		
that are not <i>ecologically important</i> , and		
d. protection of desirable or planned		
advanced regeneration during harvest and		
the retention of vigorous trees during		
partial harvest.		
•		
9.2.3. Based on best scientific		□ C
information, Certified Organizations shall		□NC
develop a program to identify and address		□ EXC
greenhouse gas emissions within their		□ OFI
operational control.		
9.2.4. Certified Organizations shall report		□ C
annually to SFI Inc. their measures to		□NC
mitigate climate change associated with		□ EXC
forest operations.		
		☐ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Objective 10. Fire Resilience and	Not Audited in 2024.	
Awareness		
To limit susceptibility of forests to		
undesirable impacts of wildfire and to		
raise community awareness of fire		
benefits, risks, and minimization		
measures.		
Performance Measure 10.1. On the forests		□с
they own or manage, Certified		
Organizations shall limit susceptibility to		□ NC
undesirable impacts of wildfire, promote		□ EXC
healthy and resilient forest conditions		☐ OFI
through management techniques, actions		⊠ NE
and/or policies, and support restoration of		
forests following wildfire damage.		
10.1.1. <i>Program</i> to evaluate the risk of		
undesirable impacts of wildfire and the role		□ C
of fire on the forests they own or manage.		□ NC
		□ EXC
		□ OFI
10.1.2. Use of stand and landscape level		□с
management techniques, actions and/or		
policies to promote forest health and		□ NC
resilience, and to mitigate the likelihood of		□ EXC
undesirable impacts of wildfire, such as,		□ OFI
prescribed fire, cultural burning, thinning,		
or hazardous fuel reduction where		
appropriate based on risk.		
10.1.3. Use of management techniques		
to address wildfire damage, mitigate		
negative impacts to water and soils, and to		
promote forest restoration and future		
forest resilience.		
Performance Measure 10.2. Certified		□с
Organizations shall individually and/or		
through cooperative efforts involving		□ NC
government agencies, SFI Implementation		□ EXC
Committees, Project Learning Tree, or		□ OFI
other partners, engage in efforts to raise		⊠ NE
awareness of and take action towards		
benefits of fire management and		
minimization of undesirable impacts of		
wildfire.		
10.2.1. Participation in, or support of,		
local, state, provincial, federal, or		□ C
Indigenous fire management and		□ NC
prevention programs.		□ EXC
		□ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
10.2.2. Participation in, or support of,		□с
programs to promote benefits of fire		□NC
management, and raise awareness about		
the environmental, economic, and social		□ EXC
risks of undesirable impacts of wildfire to		□ OFI
values such as carbon emissions, water		
quality and quantity, air quality, species		
habitat, public safety, and human health.		
Objective 11. Legal and Regulatory	Not Audited in 2024.	
Compliance		
To comply with all applicable laws and		
regulations including, international,		
federal, provincial, state, and local.		
Performance Measure 11.1. Certified		□с
Organizations shall comply with applicable		□NC
federal, provincial, state, and local forestry		□ EXC
and environmental laws and regulations.		□ OFI
		⊠ NE
11.1.1. Access to relevant laws and		□c
regulations.		□NC
		□EXC
11 1 2 System to achieve compliance		□ OFI
11.1.2. System to achieve compliance		□с
with applicable federal, provincial, state, or local laws, and regulations.		□ NC
local laws, and regulations.		□ EXC
		□ OFI
11.1.3. Demonstration of commitment to		
legal compliance through available		□ C
regulatory action information.		□ NC
regulatory action injoiniation.		□ EXC
		□ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Performance Measure 11.2. Certified		□с
Organizations shall comply with all		□NC
applicable social laws at the federal,		□EXC
provincial, state, and local levels in the		□ OFI
country in which the Certified Organization		
operates.		⊠ NE
11.2.1. Written <i>policy</i> demonstrating		□с
commitment to comply with social laws,		□NC
such as those covering civil rights, equal		□ EXC
employment opportunities, gender		_
equality, diversity inclusion, anti-		☐ OFI
discrimination and anti-harassment		
measures, workers' compensation,		
Indigenous Peoples' rights, workers', and		
communities' right to know, prevailing		
wages, workers' right to organize, and		
occupational health and safety.		
11.2.2. Forestry enterprises will respect		□с
the rights of workers and labor		□ NC
representatives in a manner that		□ EXC
encompasses the intent of the		
International Labor Organization (ILO) core		□ OFI
conventions.		
Objective 12. Forestry Research, Science and	Not Audited in 2024.	
Technology		
To invest in research, science, and		
technology, upon which sustainable forest		
management decisions are based.		
Performance Measure 12.1. Certified		□с
Organizations shall individually and/or		□NC
through cooperative efforts involving SFI		□ EXC
Implementation Committees, associations		□ OFI
or other partners provide in-kind support		
or funding for forest research to improve		⊠ NE
sustainable management of forest		
resources, and the environmental benefits		
and performance of forest products.		

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
12.1.1. Financial or in-kind support of		□с
research, collaboratives, or knowledge		□ NC
transfer to address key themes of		□ EXC
relevance in the region of operations as		□ EXC
identified by Certified Organizations, local		☐ OFI
stakeholders, communities and/or		
Indigenous Peoples. Examples could		
include, but are not limited to, the		
following topics:		
a. climate change adaptation and		
mitigation;		
b. water quality and quantity;		
c. biodiversity, Forests with Exceptional		
Conservation Value, and species		
maintenance and recovery;		
d. landscape ecology;		
e. Indigenous traditional forest-related		
knowledge;		
f. ecosystem services or non-timber		
forest products;		
g. community engagement;		
h. forest health and productivity;		
i. support for Forest Inventory Analysis		
(FIA);		
j. SFI sponsored conservation research;		
k. the role of forests in the bioeconomy,		
and		
I. or similar themes which build broader		
understanding of the benefits and effects		
of sustainable forest management or		
sustainable supply chains.		
12.1.2. Ensure that knowledge gained		\square C
through research is shared, to the extent		□ NC
possible, to positively influence sustainable		□ EXC
forest management.		□ OFI
Performance Measure 12.2 Cartified		
Performance Measure 12.2. Certified Organizations shall individually and/or		□ C
through cooperative efforts involving SFI		□ NC
Implementation Committees, associations		□ EXC
or other partners develop, contribute to, or		□ OFI
use national, state, provincial or regional		⊠ NE
analyses in support of their <i>sustainable</i>		IVL
forestry programs.		
Jurestry programs.		

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
12.2.1. Participation, individually and/or		□с
through cooperative efforts involving SFI		□NC
Implementation Committees and/or		□ EXC
associations at the national, state,		
provincial or regional level, in the		□ OFI
development of information such as:		
a. regeneration assessments;		
b. growth and drain assessments;		
c. best management practices		
implementation and conformance;		
d. biodiversity conservation information		
for family forest owners;		
e. social, cultural, or economic benefit		
assessments; and		
f. landscape-scale biodiversity		
assessments which clarify the contributory		
role of sustainable forest management.		
Objective 13. Training and Education		
To improve the implementation of		
sustainable forestry through appropriate		
training and education programs.		
Performance Measure 13.1. Certified	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	□с
Organizations shall require appropriate		□NC
training of personnel and contractors so		□ EXC
that they are competent to fulfill their		□ OFI
responsibilities under the SFI 2022 Forest		
Management Standard.		
13.1.1. Written statement of	Statement of commitment is posted on	⊠C
commitment to the SFI 2022 Forest	Minnesota DNR website.	□NC
Management Standard communicated		□ EXC
throughout the organization, particularly to		
facility and woodland managers, and field		□ OFI
foresters.		
13.1.2. Assignment and understanding of	Interviews and site visits confirm	⊠C
roles and responsibilities for achieving SFI	employees are very knowledgeable and	□NC
2022 Forest Management Standard	understand roles and responsibilities for	□ EXC
objectives.	silviculture operations and SFI	
	requirements.	□ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
13.1.3. Staff education and training sufficient to their roles and responsibilities.	Auditor review and interviews confirmed various trainings for certification, silviculture, and other forest related topics. Topics included Appraisal and Design School; Scaling; Forest Management Guidelines, Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS); Legacy/Leave Tree; 4 Trees Inventory and MOR; FORIST-TSM Application; Stand Reviews/Stand Exam Layers; Review stands for concerns (NHIS, MOA, HVCF databases) and appraiser joint site visit. Auditor reviewed training records of selected personnel with 1.5, 7 and 17 years of experience levels. Interviews and site visits confirm staff is knowledgeable for roles and responsibilities, excepted as indicated within the non-conformance indicated below. Minor NC 2024.1: Procedures were not properly implemented for Permit #X018268 based on interviews with personnel and review of Direction Memo #2022-1. Contact request frow Ecological and Water Resources were documented on the SEL. Interviews confirmed a discussion was conducted between the groups but not closed by Forestry personnel as directed within the Direction Memo Section C. The sale	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE □ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
	prescription was implemented which resulted in an unexpected result by EWR.	
13.1.4. Contractor education and training sufficient to their roles and responsibilities.	Review of all harvest sites observed in 2024 confirmed verification on the Minnesota Logger Education Program (MLEP) website. Observation during field sites confirmed professional harvest operations and monitoring records from DNR personnel.	☑ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
13.1.5. Certified Organizations shall have written agreements for the use of qualified logging professionals, or wood producers that have completed training programs and are recognized as qualified logging professionals and/or certified logging companies.	Loggers must be registered with the DNR to purchase timber. Registration is verified prior to buying timber. Interviews with logging permittee during field site audit confirmed training from MLEP program. Interviews with personnel confirm harvest contractors must submit evidence of training and qualification meeting the Qualified Logger Professional requirements utilizing an online system. Verification of trainings, insurance, and other required records are conducted before harvest operations can commence.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
Performance Measure 13.2. Certified Organizations shall work individually and/or through cooperative efforts involving SFI Implementation Committees, logging or forestry associations, or appropriate agencies or others in the forestry community to foster improvement in the professionalism of wood producers specific to qualified logging professionals.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI □ NE

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
13.1.1. Participation in or support of SFI Implementation Committees to establish criteria and identify delivery mechanisms for wood producer core training courses that allow individuals to attain qualified logging professional status. These criteria shall address at least the following: a. awareness of sustainable forestry principles and SFI's work across four pillars: standards, conservation, community, and education; b. best management practices, including streamside management and road construction, maintenance, and retirement; c. awareness of responsibilities under the U.S. Endangered Species Act, the Canadian Species at Risk Act, Forests with Exceptional Conservation Value (critically imperiled and imperiled species and ecological communities), and other measures to protect biodiversity and wildlife habitat; d. logging safety; e. U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS) regulations, wage and hour rules, and other provincial, state, and local employment laws, and f. other topics identified by Certified Organizations and/or SFI Implementation Committees that improve their responsibilities in meeting the SFI 2022 standards.	Review of Minnesota SIC website confirms membership by Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. MN SIC provides guidance for qualified logger training requirements. Review of MLEP website confirms requirements a-f are met.	© C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
13.1.2. Participation in or support of SFI	Review of MLEP confirms continuing e	⊠c
Implementation Committees to establish	education requirements meeting a-j.	□NC
criteria and identify delivery mechanisms	Refer to the website listed within	
for wood producer continuing education	indicator 13.1.1.	□ EXC
training courses that shall be taken by		☐ OFI
qualified logging professionals at least once		
every two years to maintain their status.		
The continuing education training course(s)		
shall address one or more of the following		
topics:		
a. awareness of sustainable forestry		
principles and SFI's work across four pillars:		
standards, conservation, community, and		
education;		
b. best management practices, including		
streamside management and road		
construction, maintenance, and		
retirement;		
c. reforestation, invasive species		
management, forest resource conservation,		
aesthetics and special sites;		
d. awareness of rare forested <i>natural</i>		
communities as identified by provincial or		
state agencies, or by credible organizations		
such as NatureServe and The Nature		
Conservancy;		
e. transportation issues;		
f. business management;		
g. public policy and outreach;		
h. awareness of emerging technologies;		
i. logging safety; or		
j. other topics identified by Certified		
Organization and/or SFI Implementation		
Committees that improve their		
responsibilities in meeting the SFI 2022		
Standards.		
Objective 14. Community Involvement		
and Landowner Outreach		
To broaden the practice of sustainable		
forestry through public outreach,		
education, and involvement, and to		
support the efforts of SFI Implementation		
Committees.		

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Performance Measure 14.1. Certified Organizations shall support and promote efforts by consulting foresters, state, provincial and federal agencies, state or local groups, professional societies, conservation organizations, Indigenous Peoples and governments, community groups, sporting organizations, labor, universities, extension agencies, the American Tree Farm System® and/or other landowner cooperative programs to apply principles of sustainable forest management.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	□ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI □ NE
14.1.1. Support, including financial, for efforts of <i>SFI Implementation Committees</i> .	Review of Minnesota SIC Committee website confirms MN DNR is a participant. Review of financial payment for Invoice #291 on 4/7/24 confirms.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
14.1.2. Support, individually and/or through cooperative efforts involving SFI Implementation Committees, education and outreach to forest landowners describing the importance and providing implementation guidance on: a. best management practices; b. reforestation and afforestation; c. visual quality management; d. conservation objectives, such as critical wildlife habitat elements, biodiversity, threatened and endangered species, and Forests with Exceptional Conservation Value; e. management of harvest residue (e.g., slash, limbs, tops) considers economic, social, environmental factors (e.g., organic, and nutrient value to future forests) and other utilization needs; f. control of invasive species; g. characteristics of special sites; and h. reduction of wildfire risk; i. use of qualified logging professionals, qualified resource professionals and/or certified logging companies; j. awareness of SFI, and k. reporting of inconsistent practices.	Review of Minnesota SIC Committee website confirms Landowner Resource Manual is publicly available for educational resources documented within a-k.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
3. Participation in efforts to support or	Review of MN DNR website confirms	⊠C
promote conservation of managed forests	support and administration for the Forest	□NC
through voluntary market-based incentive	Legacy Program and Forests for the	
programs such as current-use taxation	Future Program.	☐ EXC
programs, Forest Legacy Program,		□ OFI
conservation easements federal, state, or		
provincial cost share programs, or SFI		
Conservation Grants.		
Performance Measure 14.2. Certified	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠c
Organizations shall individually and/or		□NC
through cooperative efforts involving SFI		□EXC
Implementation Committees support and		
promote, at the state, provincial or other		□ OFI
appropriate levels, mechanisms for public		□ NE
outreach, education and involvement		
related to sustainable forest management.		
14.2.1. Periodic educational	Review of MN Department of Natural	⊠c
opportunities for the public promoting	Resources website confirms significant	□NC
sustainable forestry, such as	resources for educational opportunities.	□EXC
a. field tours, seminars, websites,	Examples include the following:	
webinars or workshops;	 a. Website (link listed above) 	☐ OFI
b. educational trips;	b. Educational Trips	
c. self-guided forest management trails;	c. Nature Viewing	
d. publication of articles, educational	d. Publications	
pamphlets, or newsletters; or	e. Conservation	
e. support for national, state, provincial,	f. Project Learning Tree	
and local forestry organizations and soil		
and water <i>conservation</i> districts.		
f. engagement and support of teachers		
and/or students though programs such as		
Project Learning Tree.		
Performance Measure 14.3. Certified	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠c
Organizations shall, individually and/or		□NC
through cooperative efforts including SFI		□ EXC
Implementation Committees, establish, at		□ OFI
the state, provincial, or other appropriate		
levels, procedures to address concerns		□ NE
raised by loggers, consulting foresters,		
employees, unions, stakeholders, the public		
or other <i>Certified Organizations</i> regarding		
management that appears inconsistent		
with the SFI standards principles and		
objectives.		
14.3.1. Support for SFI Implementation	Review of Minnesota SIC website	⊠C
Committees (e.g., toll-free numbers and	confirms process for receiving complaints	□NC
other efforts) to address concerns about	or concerns regarding inconsistent	□EXC
apparent nonconformance.	practices.	
		☐ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
14.3.2. Process to receive and respond to public inquiries. <i>SFI Implementation Committees</i> shall submit data annually to <i>SFI Inc.</i> regarding concerns received and responses.	Minnesota SIC website contains a process for reporting inconsistent practices. The MN DNR website contains a process to report complaints or concerns. The SIC committees are responsible for submitting the data to SFI.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
Objective 15: Public Land Management Responsibilities To participate and implement sustainable forest management on public lands.		□ N/A, private lands
Performance Measure 15.1. Certified Organizations with forest management responsibilities on public lands shall participate in the development of public land planning and management processes.	Refer to Indicators for evidence.	□ C□ NC□ EXC□ OFI□ NE

15.1.1. Involvement in <i>public land</i>	Minnesota DNR is a large public agency,	⊠C
planning and management activities with	and its mission, policies, and statutes	□NC
appropriate governmental entities and the	require input from stakeholders, tribes,	□EXC
public.	other agencies, and customers. The	_
	Department invites stakeholders and	☐ OFI
	agencies to many of its planning and	
	operational activities efforts, such as	
	Section Forest Resource Management	
	Planning. The Division of Forestry invites	
	stakeholders and agencies to comment	
	on pesticide application projects, forest	
	road construction projects, and	
	harvesting timber from state lands. The	
	DNR also has multiple ways that the	
	people can voice their <u>concerns</u> . Auditor	
	observation confirmed significant	
	opportunities for contact within DNR	
	website.	
	latan iawa antina mayadahla assisas	
	Interviews confirm roundtable sessions,	
	public input sessions, surveys, and websites for stakeholder inputs are	
	utilized.	
	utilizea.	
	DNR website is used for receiving	
	comments on various forest	
	management plans.	
	Sustainable Timber Harvest Plan	
	receives many comments from	
	public. Stakeholders have	
	shown interest in the	
	implementation. Plans are for	
	review of accomplishments after	
	year 5.	
	 Annual harvest plans by stand 	
	(Stand Exam List) are posted on	
	the DNR website for comments.	
	Comments are forwarded to the	
	Area to respond directly to the	
	comments.	
	 Annual Stand Exam portal is 	
	used for public to identify	
	individual stands.	
	 Major policy development has a 	
	30-day stakeholder review	
	period. Examples include HCVF	
	guideline management and old	
	growth designation and	
	management.	
	The Department of Natural (2002)	
	Resources (DNR) uses a variety	
	of external advisory groups and	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
	task forces as one way to work with Minnesotans for the department's mission. Some are open-ended and others are limited in duration. Membership design differs according to the purpose and sometimes provisions in an enabling authority. Participation in one of these appointed roles is one way that Minnesotans can contribute ideas and perspectives. • GovDelivery Platform is used for communication and stakeholder engagement. Communication is based on a list of subscribers.	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
15.1.2. Appropriate contact with local	Interviews confirm that the DNR	⊠c
stakeholders over forest management	participates in a number of collaborative	□NC
issues through state, provincial, federal, or	efforts such as the Minnesota Forest	□ EXC
independent collaboration.	Resources Council, Minnesota Forest	☐ OFI
	Resources Partnership, Great Lakes Fire	
	Compact (which includes the Canadian	
	Providence of Ontario), National	
	Association of State Foresters, Midwest-	
	Northeastern Area Alliance of State	
	Foresters, Minnesota Logger Education Program and Natural Resources	
	Conservation Service State Technical	
	Team.	
	ream.	
	The DNR also meets with stakeholders	
	and user groups like Minnesota Forest	
	Industries, Minnesota Soil and Water	
	Conservation District Forestry	
	Association, Forest Stewardship	
	Committee, Grand Rapids and Bemidji	
	Forestry Affairs Councils, Minnesota	
	Association of County Land	
	Commissioners, Minnesota Shade Tree	
	Advisory Committee, environmental	
	groups, and others.	
	The DNR also works closely with the	
	University of Minnesota and the	
	Extension Service. DNR has also taken	
	opportunities when available to provide	
	technical review and input to County and	
	USFS forest management plans.	
	DNR also participates with a number of	
	non-timber groups such as the National	
	Wild Turkey Federation and Ruffed	
	Grouse Society.	
	·	
	Specific programs are in place for tribal	
	outreach. Confirmed during interview	
	with Forest Certification Program	
	Consultant and review of selected	
	Management <u>Plans</u> confirm Tribal	
	inclusion.	
	DNR has implemented a communication	
	and educational plan for Invasive Species.	
	The program is named Play Clean Go.	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
Objective 16. Communications and Public		
Reporting		
To increase transparency and to annually		
report progress on conformance with the		
SFI Forest Management Standard.		
Performance Measure 16.1. A Certified	Refer to Indicators for Evidence	⊠c
Organization shall provide a summary audit		□NC
report, prepared by the certification body,		□ EXC
to SFI Inc. after the successful completion		
of a certification, recertification, or		□ OFI
surveillance audit to the SFI 2022 Forest		□ NE
Management Standard.		
16.1.1. The summary audit report	Review of SFI website confirms 2023	⊠C
submitted by the Certified Organizations	Public Summary Report has been posted	□NC
(one copy must be in English), shall include,	and publicly available. All requirements	□ EXC
at a minimum,	of a-h are documented within report.	
a. a description of the audit process,		□ OFI
objectives and scope;		
b. a description of substitute <i>indicators</i> , if		
any, used in the audit and a rationale for		
each;		
c. the name of <i>Certified Organization</i> that		
was audited, including its SFI		
representative;		
d. a general description of the <i>Certified</i>		
Organization's forestland included in the		
audit;		
e. the name of the <i>certification body</i> and		
lead auditor (names of the audit team members, including technical experts may		
be included at the discretion of the <i>audit</i>		
team and Certified Organization);		
f. the dates the audit was conducted and		
completed;		
g. a summary of the findings, including		
general descriptions of evidence of		
conformity and any nonconformities and		
corrective action plans to address them,		
opportunities for improvement, and		
exceptional management; and		
h. the certification decision.		
The summary audit report will be posted		
on the SFI Inc. website for public review.		
Performance Measure 16.2. Certified	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠c
Organizations shall report annually to SFI		
Inc. on their conformance with the SFI 2022		□ NC
Forest Management Standard.		□ EXC
_		□ OFI
		□ NE

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
16.2.1. Prompt response to the SFI annual progress report survey.	SFI 2023 Annual Report Survey was submitted on 16 July 2024. Auditor confirmed the survey was submitted by SFI personnel on 17 July 2024 by review of email confirmation.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
16.2.2. Record keeping for all the categories of information needed for SFI annual progress report surveys.	Auditor review of procedures, policies, technical infrastructure and trained/qualified certification administrative personnel confirms electronic and hardcopy records are maintained for compliance.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
16.2.3. Maintenance of copies of past survey reports to document progress and improvements to demonstrate conformance to the SFI 2022 Forest Management Standard.	Interview with Certification Manager confirms hard copies of historical reports are maintained within office.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI
Objective 17. Management Review and Continual Improvement To promote continual improvement in the practice of sustainable forestry by conducting a management review and monitoring performance.		
Performance Measure 17.1. Certified Organizations shall establish a management review system to examine findings and progress in implementing the SFI 2022 Forest Management Standard, to make appropriate improvements in programs, and to inform their employees of changes.	Refer to Indicators for Evidence.	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI □ NE

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
17.1.1. System to review commitments, programs, and procedures to evaluate effectiveness.	 Systems to review commitments, programs, and procedures include: Continuation of a Forest Certification Implementation Team (FCIT) to review commitments to the SFI Standard and Department Policies and respond to audits. An Internal Program Review team to assess conformance to the SFI and FSC Standards. A Forest Resources Issues Team (FRIT). Division Management Teams, including program, policy and procedure reviews. DNR Conservation Agenda and Governor's Department Results Performance Indicators. Annual or periodic program workshops (Timber Sales, Forest Development, Timber Appraisal, CFM, Wildlife Training Session and Meeting, etc.). Area and regional field, and central office program reviews. A DNR process (via Statewide Interdisciplinary Review Service) to review and update operational orders. A Division of Forestry process to review and update division circular letters and manuals. A Forestry/Wildlife/Ecological Services coordination policy. 	⊠ C □ NC □ EXC □ OFI

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
17.1.2. System for collecting, reviewing,	Systems for collecting, reviewing, and	⊠C
and reporting information to management	reporting information include:	□NC
regarding progress in achieving SFI 2022	The Internal Program Review	□ EXC
Forest Management Standard objectives	team annually presents findings	
and performance measures, including	from its internal audits to	☐ OFI
measures to reduce the negative impacts	departments leadership.	
from forest management operations.	 Division of Forestry annual work 	
	planning and accomplishment	
	reporting process	
	 The monitoring program under 	
	M.S.§89A.07, subd.1. Forest	
	resource trends and conditions	
	(FIA, FIM, pest surveys, etc.)	
	 The monitoring program under 	
	M.S.§89A.07, subd.2 and 3.	
	Practices, compliance and	
	effectiveness monitoring (i.e.,	
	FRC site-level guidelines	
	implementation monitoring,	
	including field audit reports)	
	FORIST development and	
	implementation (FIM, SRM, site	
	management documentation	
	and objective reporting, forest	
	development project tracking,	
	forest inventory update	
	tracking)	
	Monitoring SFRMP	
	implementation (progress	
	towards SFRMP goals/targets,	
	using FORIST SRM objectives, SEL, and other means)	
	DNR timber sales reporting	
	systemTimber sale inspections,	
	regeneration survival checks,	
	etc.	
	Electronic 121 checkoffs of FRC	
	guideline application	
	 Division training records (ECS) 	
	training, FRC guidelines, timber	
	sale design, etc.).	
	The Forest Certification	
	Implementation Team (FCIT)	
	maintains an annual process to	
	evaluate conformance to the SFI	
	Standard, to review	
	commitments, identify	
	strengths, weaknesses, and gaps	
	and to report findings to	
	management.	
	management.	<u> </u>

REQUIREMENT	Evidence/CAR	C/NC/EXC/OFI/NA/NE
17.1.3. Annual review of progress by	Review of 2024 Annual Management	⊠c
management and determination of	Review of SFI/FSC Forest Management	□NC
changes and improvements necessary to	Standards conducted on 8/13/2024.	□ EXC
continually improve conformance to the SFI	Forest Certification Implementation	
2022 Forest Management Standard.	Team (FCIT) and Corrective Action sub-	☐ OFI
	teams periodic meetings responding to	
	corrective actions identified in 2023	
	external audits. Internal Assessment	
	conducted by FCIT Team for three	
	Forestry Administrative Field Areas-	
	Warroad, Baudette and Littlefork in May	
	2024. Attendance included: Forestry	
	Director, Fish and Wildlife Director,	
	Ecological and Waters Resources Director	
	and Forest Certification Program	
	Consultant/Forest Certification Oversight	
	Team.	

Appendix 5 – Description of Chain of Custody Program

N/A

Appendix 6 – Schedule and Focus Areas for Next Audit

Proposed Audit Dates for Next Audit

Proposed Audit Dates	2025
Rationale for Dates (if applicable)	

Special Instructions or Scoping Notes for Next Regularly Scheduled Annual Audit

\boxtimes	Not applicable; no significant issues identified that may impact the next audit.
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^{*}Note: information audit team leaders wish to remain confidential may be communicated directly to SCS.

Appendix 7 – Copy of Audit Plan

Audit Plan: Forest Management Dual Audit

As a third-party certification body, SCS is permitted to explain its findings and clarify the requirements of standards. However, SCS is prohibited from providing prescriptive advice or consultancy as part of an evaluation in conjunction with certification services.

Organization Name		Minnesota Department of Natural Resources			
Primary Contact		Adam James, Forest Certification Program Consultant Forestry			
Phone Number		(651) 259-	-5256		
Address		500 Lafaye	ette Road, St. Pa	aul, MN 55155	-4040 USA
Start Date, Duration	1	9/20/24 – 9	/27/24, 4 days		
		⊠ Single FN	ИU	☐ Multiple FN	MU
FSC Certificate Type	•				
		☐ Group		☐ If SLIMF, lis	t type: Small, ore Low Intensity
FSC SLIMF if applica	ıble	⊠ Not appl	icable		☐ Group SLIMF certificate
		☐ Small SLI	MF certificate		☐ Low intensity SLIMF certificate
SFI Certificate Type		☐ Single Sit	e		☐ Multi-site: See Description of Ownership below
II.			1		
FSC Lead Auditor, F			_		or; Shannon Wilks, Team Member
SFI Lead Auditor, S			Shannon Wilks, SFI Lead Auditor; Sterling Griffin, Team Member Contact SCS Global Services IT		or; Sterling Griffin, Team Member
Digital Document S	haring		Contact SCS GIG	obal Services II	
III.	ESC: SC	S-FM/COC-00	1000NI		
Certificate Code		S-SFI-FM-000			
	☐ Eval	valuation		☐ Re-Ev	aluation/ ☐ COVID-19 Surv.
FSC Audit Type	□ 1 st , [$^{ m st}$, \square 2 nd , \boxtimes 3 rd or \square 4 th Surveillance			
	☐ Tran	□ Transfer		☐ Expansion of Scope	
		ertification			1, Preliminary Review Audit
SFI/RW Audit			tification Audit COVID-19 Surv.		D-19 Surv.
Туре			or □ 4 th Surveilla		
	☐ Tran				nsion of Scope
	 ✓ FSC-STD Forest Management Standard(s) FSC-US Forest Management Standard, V1-0: Principle 3 (all criteria); Principle 4 (all criteria); mandatory criteria: 1.5, 2.3, 3.2, 4.2, 4.4, 				=
	5.6, 6.2, 6.3, 8.2, and 9.4				nuatory criteria. 1.3, 2.3, 3.2, 4.2, 4.4,
	-	▼ FSC-STD-50-001 V2-0, Trademark Standard			
Applicable			rs for FMEs, V8-0		
Standards		SFI: 2022 Standards and Rules® Forest Management. <i>Objectives</i> 3, 4, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16 &			
	17				
	⊠ SFI:	Rules for Use of SFI On-Product Labels and Off-Product Marks			
	⊠ SFI:				

Certificate Scope/ Statement	The scope of the certificate includes all forest management activities associated with the Organization's sustainable forest management system with defined forest lands located on State lands in MN and including the harvest, transport, and sale or trade of forest products, and other forest management system activities for the Audit Objectives. The Organization has sufficient control over any contracting or outsourcing of forest management planning and activities to ensure conformance to applicable certification requirements.
MN DNR is considered a Multi-Site organization and qualifies for multi-site sam provided within the Requirements for the SFI 2022 Standards and Rules® Section Auditing Requirements. The central office has general control and authority over separate state forests. As such the program is eligible for a sampling approach field reviews of a sample of the state forests that are organized into administration of activity at each forest, and the level of risk or complexity of the activities. A 25% of the field sites to be reviewed within each forest are selected randomly. Office issues are reviewed primarily during the opening meeting and in schedulup calls.	
Surveillance	FSC PC&I: P3 (all); P4 (all); mandatory criteria below
Requirements	SFI Objectives: <i>Objectives</i> 3, 4, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16 & 17
FSC Mandatory	☑ Natural forests > 50,000 ha (123,553 ac): 1.5, 2.3, 3.2, 4.2, 4.4, 5.6, 6.2, 6.3, 8.2, and 9.4
Annual	☑ FMUs containing High Conservation Values: 6.2, 6.3, 6.9 and 9.4
Requirements	
Status of	⊠ FSC/ ⊠ SFI are valid.
Certificate	
IV.	Longhalandaha amang darah darah arawai saha firah faran dia affisi ana Diagram di
Audit logistics	Lunch should be arranged each day to occur in the field for audit efficiency. Please advise audit team if they need to make their own lunch arrangements or if Organization can arrange/provide lunches. Lodging and vehicle travel during the audit as arranged in coordination with the certified organization.
Safety	Auditors shall follow all organization's Policies related to safety. Additional SCS policies
Considerations and guidance shall also be followed.	
Field Site Selection	 The audit team leaders will have pre-selected field sites to meet sampling requirements of the Standards and have client approval prior at least 1 week before the opening meeting. For a random selection, audit team requests all harvests over the past 12 months for the selected sample areas. Auditors randomly select about 1/3 of sites to audit from harvest sites (mandatory sites) and remainder selected using sampling criteria for route efficiency. Add-on sites may be requested or suggested to increase sampling along planned routes. Sampling criteria for selected or add-on sites include active or inactive management related activities. Active generally includes any site disturbing activities and inactive generally includes monitoring activities. Audit Team Leaders will make adjustments, as needed, while meeting sampling requirements to the extent possible. Deviations from the pre-approved Itinerary must be documented and explained in the audit report.
Examples of Active management:	Timber harvesting, energy wood and non-timber forest products harvesting (all commercial logging/extraction methods); soil preparation; planting or seeding; seedling stand management; fertilization; thinning; ditching; post-harvest remediation activities; infrastructure development (e.g. forestry road construction); road decommission (closure); fuel management (e.g. manual clearing); quarrying; chemical pesticides use; prescribed burning; pruning; harvest layout activities (e.g. tree marking, riparian buffer demarcation, identification of environmentally sensitive areas and cultural values).

Examples of Inactive management	Forest protection monitoring activities (e.g. fire patrols, surveillance for unauthorized activities); permanent sample plots establishment and/or monitoring; fire break maintenance; road side mowing; road grading (shaping); boundary line demarcation and maintenance; forest resource surveys/inventory; non-chemical invasive species management; developing/updating forest management plan; passive operational planning of a forest management activity (e.g. GIS activities, boundary demarcation, stand level
	reconnaissance).
List of Potential Interviewees	Stakeholders around controversial issues Key forestry staff relevant to conformance with standards and subject areas being audited.

<u>v.</u>

V.					
Audit	9/20/24 – 9/27/24;				
Dates	Location: Baudette, Warroad (North), Little Fork—Tentative				
Time/	Activity / Forests Visited				
Duration					
Day 1,	Online – MS Teams Meeting				
9/20/24					
10:00 AM	Opening Meeting: Introductions, client update, review audit scope, review and approve audit				
CDT	plan, intro/update to applicable Forest Management standards, SCS standards, confidentiality and				
	public summary, conformance evaluation methods and tools, review of open CARs/OBS,				
	emergency and security procedures for audit team, and final site selection adjustments. Review				
Day 2,	prior year findings. review any ongoing issues and/or stakeholder concerns. Location: Warroad (North)				
9/24/24	Location. wantoau (North)				
800 AM	Travel to State Forest; Conduct field visits. Evaluate FSC P&C and SFI Objectives				
	FSC:				
	Principle 3: The legal and customary rights of indigenous peoples to own, use and manage				
	their lands, territories, and resources shall be recognized and respected.				
	Principle 4: Forest management operations shall maintain or enhance the long-term				
	social and economic well-being of forest workers and local communities.				
	Mandatory criteria: 1.5, 2.3, 3.2, 4.2, 4.4, 5.6, 6.2, 6.3, 8.2, and 9.4				
	SFI:				
	Objective 3: Protection and Maintenance of Water Resources				
	Objective 4: Conservation of Biological Diversity				
	Objective 8: Recognize and Respect Indigenous People's Rights				
	Objective 13: Training and Education				
	Objective 14: Community Involvement and Landowner Outreach				
	Objective 15: Public Land Management Responsibilities				
	Objective 16: Communications and Public Reporting				
	Objective 17: Management Review and Continual Improvement				
12:00 PM	Lunch should be arranged each day to occur in the field for audit efficiency.				
Lunch 4:30 PM	Daily debrief: Review daily activities, communicate lines of inquiry or open questions				
4.30 PIVI	Daily debiter. Neview daily activities, communicate lines of inquiry of open questions				
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Day 3,	Location: Baudette, MN	
9/25/24		
800 AM	Travel to State Forest; Conduct field visits. Evaluate FSC P&C and SFI Objectives	
1200 – 100	Lunch should be arranged each day to occur in the field for audit efficiency.	
PM Lunch		
100 PM	Conduct field visits. Evaluate FSC P&C and SFI Objectives	
4:30 PM	Daily debrief: Review daily activities, communicate lines of inquiry or open questions	
Day 4,	Location: Littlefork	
9/26/24		
800 AM	Travel to State Forest; Conduct field visits. Evaluate FSC P&C and SFI Objectives	
Little Fork,		
MN		
1200 – 100	Lunch should be arranged each day to occur in the field for audit efficiency.	
PM Lunch		
100 PM	Conduct field visits. Evaluate FSC P&C and SFI Objectives	
4:30 PM	Daily debrief: Review daily activities, communicate lines of inquiry or open questions	
Day 5,	Location: DNR Office	
9/27/24		
Office		
900 AM	Closing meeting preparation. Audit team takes time to consolidate notes and review audit	
	findings for presentation at closing meeting	
1100 AM	Closing Meeting: Convene with all relevant staff to give a brief summary of audit activities, FSC	
	present preliminary findings, SFI review identified nonconformities, confidentiality, SCS/FSC/SFI	
* ^ !! + !	dispute policy, timeline for reports.	

*Audits should be scheduled for regular work hours. Audits may be rescheduled or delayed due to unforeseen circumstances that arise onsite, including, but not limited to, significant changes to the scope, emergencies, extreme weather, unsafe work conditions, strikes, work stoppages, absent staff members, and detection of serious lapses in the forest management or OH&S systems, etc. In such cases, the auditor may recommend stopping and/or rescheduling the audit if the audit cannot be reasonably extended on a given day.

VI.

Audit Preparation Checklist			
The following documents should be available during the audit and any indicated items highlight should be sent to the auditor at least 14 business days prior to the onsite audit.			
Item		Notes	SHAREFILE LOCATION
\boxtimes	2024 DAR reporting form (excel)		
\boxtimes	Forest Management Plans for FMU(s)	Prior to audit, links to online docs are ok.	
\boxtimes	Relevant documented Forest Management procedure manuals, handbooks, and/or work instructions		
\boxtimes	Policies regarding certification, health, and safety		
\boxtimes	Response to open findings		
	Occupational Health and Safety procedures and records of training, or evidence of compliance with a third-party body such as government regulatory agency		

☑ Documentation for monitoring ☑ Records of approval for logo usage for RW or SFI and/or FSC (if used) ☑ Management Review records for applicable standards ☑ Internal audit procedures and records, including training materials, if applicable ☑ Non-conformances identified, internal or external and corrective actions Open NC response to be sent prior to audit ☑ Staff Training records, license, certifications. Records may include workshops, conferences, safety courses, etc. from the prior 2 years. For each unit visited training records for 2-3 staff including one person with 1 year and less than 5 years-experience and one person with 5-15 years' experience Trained Loggers List ☑ Contracts, legal documents related to harvesting and silvicultural activities. Required Contracts: For pre-selected field sites ☑ Recently complete or active timber harvest planning and monitoring documentation. Required field site documents For pre-selected field sites ☑ Controversial issues (stakeholder input) Accident records (serious injury and fatalities must be reported. Fatalities of employees or contractors must be reviewed). Fratalities of employees or contractors must be reviewed). ☑ Operational plan(s) for the next 12 months Inventory records ☑ Chemical use records in addition to annual reporting summaries. ☑ Records of sales of certified products; this includes copies of invoices, bills, shipping documents, as well as log load/trip tickets, timber sale contracts, and relevant bill payment documents </th <th></th>	
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manufactured) ☑ Outsourcing procedures and agreements (if applicable)	
☑ Documentation for operation of complaint procedure (where relevant) ☐ N/A	
✓ Multiple sites list and consent forms / contracts (where relevant) □N/A	

End Report