DIRECTIVE



DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

DIVISION OF ENFORCEMENT

Subject: OPERATION OF VEHICLES AND WATERCRAFT WITHOUT LIGHTS

Directive Number: **O-19-2013** Effective Date: **February 11, 2013**

Special Instructions: Rescinds Directive O-19-2012

Reference: Minnesota Statutes, Sections 169.541 and 169.48

Distribution: All Conservation Officers

Number of Pages, Including Appendices and Signature Page: 15

This directive is for division use only and does not modify or supercede any law and should not apply to any criminal or civil proceeding except civil proceedings related to departmental administrative action, including disciplinary action. This directive should not be viewed as creating a higher standard of safety or care in any evidentiary sense. Violations of this directive may form the basis for departmental administrative action.

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this directive is to provide direction to state conservation officers in the operation of vehicles and watercraft without lights as permitted under Minnesota Statutes, Section 169.541 in the performance of field duties.

II. DEFINITIONS

DNR Enforcement Vehicle: Is any vehicle that is owned and titled to the State of Minnesota, MN-DNR Enforcement Division assigned to a Conservation Officer for field duties that may include but is not limited to pickup trucks, sedans, or SUV's outfitted as emergency vehicles with emergency lighting, sirens, as well as approved no light or restricted lighting components.

III. POLICY

Vehicles and watercraft operated by conservation officers shall display all lighting devices required by law and regulation, except as authorized by this directive and Minnesota Statutes, Section 169.541 while not displaying lights otherwise required when necessary to accomplish law enforcement duties consistent with this directive and Minnesota Statutes, Section 169.541.

IV. GUIDELINES FOR OPERATION WITHOUT LIGHTS/FIELD PATROL/SURVELLIANCE

- A. Operation without required lights is authorized when conservation officer reasonably believes that operating the vehicle without lights is necessary under the circumstances to investigate a criminal violation or suspected criminal violation of state laws, rules, regulations, or orders.
- B. In the event conditions or circumstances change, or the safety of the public or an officer is compromised, officers shall immediately use due regard and reactivate lights or restricted lighting devices.
- C. Only vehicles and watercraft owned, leased, or otherwise the property of the state may be operated without lights. Subject to the provisions of this directive, vehicles and watercraft may be operated without lights, including headlamps, tail lamps, clearance lamps, navigational lighting, or any other required lights under the following conditions and purposes:
 - 1. To enter an area or location undetected or for surveillance.
 - 2. To investigate, or respond to a criminal violation or suspected criminal violation.
 - 3. When directed by a law enforcement officer or pilot to an actual or suspected criminal violation.
 - 4. When following a suspected violator at a safe distance and at speeds reasonable for existing weather, road, traffic or watercraft travel conditions.
 - 5. When from the officer's experience and training, the officer believes traveling into an area with a non-illuminated vehicle affords a tactical advantage/officer safety by concealing the approach or response to a recognized, known or perceived threat to the officer's safety.
- D. **Recreational Vehicles Prohibition:** Snowmobiles, ATVs, and other recreational vehicles shall not be operated without required lights.

E. Restrictions on Operating Vehicles Without Lights:

Vehicles and, where applicable, watercraft shall not be operated without required lights under the following conditions:

- 1. On an interstate highway or other divided highway.
- 2. At speeds greater than reasonable and prudent under existing weather, road, traffic or water travel conditions.
- 3. While involved in a pursuit of a motor vehicle being operated in violation of Minnesota Statutes, Section 609.485 (fleeing a peace officer).
- 4. Contrary to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Section 169.541 (see appendix A of this directive).
- 5. Contrary to directives or policies of this division.
- 6. When the officer does not have a reason to believe that a criminal violation or suspected criminal violation has or may take place.
- 7. Operation of watercraft without required lighting is not permitted on waters under the primary jurisdiction of the U.S. Coast Guard (see appendix B of this directive).

F. Authorized DNR Enforcement Vehicles to be Operated Without Lights or Restricted Lighting Devices:

- 1. Only DNR Enforcement vehicles that have been modified for restricted lighting or no light operation by a certified law enforcement emergency equipment vendor/technician may be operated without lights.
- 2. Installation of any special no light or low light components, equipment, or equipment modifications require the approval of the Director.
- 3. Enforcement vehicles issued to management-level conservation officers will not be authorized for this modification.
- 4. Conservation officers must obtain their appropriate NR Program Manager's/Captain's approval to have no light or restricted lighting components installed on any DNR Enforcement Vehicle.

- 5. Officers shall not alter, remove, or disable any equipment that functions to enhance safety during vehicle operation without lights; nor shall an officer attempt to personally modify, install lighting equipment, or allow any other person, other than an approved vendor, to modify a DNR Enforcement Vehicle to be operated without lights.
- 6. Officers shall not conceal/cover rear tail lamps, head lights, parking lights, or brake lights that illuminate to the rear or ahead of the vehicle while the vehicle is in motion; nor shall any officer disable any exterior vehicle light bulbs/lamps, cut or splice vehicle wiring, or install any personal equipment that may interfere with factory designed and installed safety features.

G. Reporting of Lighting System Failure/Monthly Inspection Required:

- Monthly Inspections Required:
 Vehicles that are equipped with restricted lighting or no light components
 shall be inspected monthly by the officer to ensure proper functioning of all
 lighting and factory designed safety features. The inspection will be noted
 on the monthly MUIR vehicle use report with a notation near the "Safety
 Equipment Checked" tab.
- 2. In the event a defect of any of the vehicle's lighting systems, or the no light or low light components are not working properly, the officer will immediately notify their supervisor and take the vehicle to an approved vendor for repairs. In the event a District Supervisor learns or finds a vehicle with non-functioning restricted lighting or low lighting components, the supervisor shall remove the vehicle from field service and immediately report the incident to the appropriate NR Program Manager/Captain. Any failure of a vehicle's lighting system will be documented on a Division Safety Management Report. Copies of these forms shall be maintained by the Division's Operations Support Manager.

V. TRAINING REQUIRED

Officers authorized to operate vehicles without lights must attend and complete a MN-POST Board approved training class on the operation of motor vehicles without lights (Minnesota Statutes, Section 169.541) before operating a DNR Enforcement Vehicle without lights or under low light components. The Standards and Training Manager will develop initial certification standards and lesson plans as well as, establish annual refresher training sessions for all conservation officers, to include:

- A. Authorized Operation of vehicles without required lighting.
- B. Utilization of specialized night operation equipment (e.g., blackout lights, night vision devices).

- C. Safety considerations during operation without lights.
- D. Documentation and records of training for each officer.

VI. INCIDENT INVESTIGATION:

In the event an officer is involved in a vehicle accident while driving a DNR Enforcement Vehicle without lights or in a low light situation or is found in violation of any provision this policy, an investigation will be conducted to determine the facts related to the incident. The Investigation Process will be at the discretion of the Division Director or his designee, and will be conducted using the Accident Review Board process as identified in the DNR Health and Safety Manual. The Division may also utilize its misconduct investigative processes as described in A-3-05 Allegations Against Conservation Officers. Officers found to be in violation of the policy guidelines are subject to disciplinary guidelines in the MLEA work agreement.

	COL lim Konrod	COL Jim Konrad	By Authority of:
	COL lim Konrad		
Chief Conservation Officer/Division Director			Division of Enforcement

O-19-2013 APPENDIX A

MINNESOTA STATUTES, SECTION 169.541

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MINNESOTA STATUTES SECTION 169.541

169.541 LIGHTING EXEMPTION FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT; STANDARDS.

Subdivision 1. Exemption. Sections 84.87, 84.928, 86B.511, and 169.48 to 169.65, relating to lighting of vehicles and watercraft, do not apply to a licensed peace officer, as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), while operating a motor vehicle or watercraft owned, leased, or otherwise the property of the state or a political subdivision, in the performance of the officer's law enforcement duties if the officer's conduct is reasonable and is consistent with the standards adopted under subdivision 2, and if the officer reasonably believes that operating the vehicle without lights is necessary under the circumstances to investigate a criminal violation or suspected criminal violation of state laws, rules, or orders or local laws, ordinances, or regulations.

Subd. 2. POST Board standards. The Peace Officer Standards and Training Board shall adopt standards governing situations in which licensed peace officers as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), may operate a vehicle or watercraft without lights as provided in subdivision 1. The board shall report to the legislature on the standards by January 1, 1991.

HIST: 1990 c 391 art 10 s 3; 1990 c 555 s 9

O-19-2013 APPENDIX B

LISTING OF MINNESOTA WATERS UNDER THE PRIMARY JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES COAST GUARD

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LISTING OF MINNESOTA WATERS UNDER THE PRIMARY JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES COAST GUARD

Where a conflict exists between federal and state regulations, the federal requirements prevail. The following is a list of Minnesota waters on which the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) has exerted authority and on which conservation officers must display lights on watercraft when required by federal law. These waters are generally, but not always, border waters and navigable portions of waters connected to border waters or waters connected to federal dam projects.

County	Body of Water

Aitkin Big Sandy Lake Aitkin Flowage Lake

Aitkin Sandy Lake Reservoir, including Big Sandy, Aitkin and

Sandy Rivers; and Flowage Lakes

Aitkin Sandy River

Beltrami Andrusia Lake
Beltrami Bemidji Lake
Beltrami Big Lake
Beltrami Cass Lake

Beltrami Cass, Rice, Kitchi, Pike Bay, Andrusia Lake, Wolf Lake

Beltrami Kitchi Lake Beltrami Sioux Lake

Big Stone Big Stone Lake

Carlton St. Louis River, from Spirit Lake to 1st rapids

Cass Boy Lake

Cass Gull Lake Narrows

Cass Leech Lake

Cass Leech Lake Reservoir, including Gull, Wilson, Roy, Nisswa

and Round Lakes

Cass Leech River, from mouth to Leech Lake Dam

Cass Little Cut Foot Lake

Cass Nisswa Lake
Cass Pike Bay Lake

Cass Sanitorium Bay (Leech Lake)
Cass Shingobee Bay (Leech Lake)

Cass Upper Gull Lake
Cass Wilson Lake
Cass Zemple Bay

Clay Red River of the North

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Clearwater Itasca Lake

Cook Gneiss Lake
Cook Granite Lake
Cook Granite River
Cook Gunflint Lake
Cook Iron Lake
Cook Lily Lake

Cook Little Gunflint Lake Little North Lake Cook Cook Magnetic Lake Cook Maraboeuf Lake Melon Lake Cook Cook Mountain Lake Cook North Fowl Lake Cook North Lake Cook Pigeon River Cook Red Rock Lake Cook Rose Lake Cook Rove Lake Cook Saganaga Lake Cook Seagull Lake Seagull River Cook South Fowl Lake Cook Cook South Lake Cook Swamp Lake Cook Watap Lake

Crow Wing Arrowhead and Pig Lakes

Crow Wing Arrowhead Lake **Crow Wing** Bertha Lake **Crow Wing** Cross Lake **Crow Wing** Daggett Lake **Crow Wing** Gull Lake **Crow Wing** Island Lake **Crow Wing** Lower Hay Lake **Crow Wing** Lower Whitefish Lake

Crow Wing Pig Lake Crow Wing Pine Lake

Crow Wing Pine River, Pine River Reservoir, incl. Pine, Daggett, Cross,

Rush Island, Big Trout, Whitefish

Crow Wing Roy Lake
Crow Wing Rush Lake

Crow Wing Upper Whitefish Lake

Goodhue Cannon River, from confluence with Mississippi River

upstream .2 miles

Houston Root River, from confluence with Mississippi River 2.6 miles

upstream

Hubbard Kabekona Bay

Itasca Cut Foot Sioux Lake

Itasca Gould Lake Itasca Pokegama Lake

Itasca Pokegama Reservoir, including Pokegama, Gould,

Blackwater and White Oak Lakes

Itasca Rice Lake Itasca White Oak Lake

Itasca Winnibigoshish Reservoir, including Cut Foot Sioux

Itasca Winnibigoshish Lake

Kittson Red River

Koochiching Big Fork River, from mouth to 10 miles upstream Koochiching Rainy River, from LOW county to Rainy Lake

Koochiching Rat Root River, to mile 11.5

Lac Qui Parle Lake

Lake Cypress Lake **Devils Elbow Lake** Lake Lake **Duluth Canal Ensign Lake** Lake Lake Fall Lake Garden Lake Lake Kawishiwa River Lake Lake Knife Lake Knife River Lake Lake Lake Superior Little Knife Lake Lake Moose Lake Lake Lake Newton Lake

Lake of the Woods
Lake of the Woods
Warroad River

Lake of the Woods Rainy River from mouth to Koochiching County

Sucker Lake

Marshall Mud Lake Marshall Red River

Lake

Norman Red River

Norman Wild Rice River, upstream to the City of Twin Valley

Otter Tail Otter Tail River

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Polk Red Lake River, mouth to Fisher's Landing

Polk Red River

St. Louis

Crane Lake

Kabetogama Lake

Lac La Croix

Lake Vermillion

Little Fork River

St. Louis

Little Vermillion Lake

St. Louis
Loon Lake
St. Louis
Loon River
St. Louis
Namakan Lake
St. Louis
Rainy Lake
St. Louis
Sand Point Lake
St. Louis
St. Louis St. Louis Bay

St. Louis River, from Spirit Lake to 1st rapids

St. Louis Vermillion Slough

Traverse Lake Traverse

Wabasha Pepin Lake

Wabasha Zumbro River, from confluence with Mississippi River

upstream .1 mile

Various Minnesota River, from Mississippi River to Shakopee

Various Mississippi River, including Leech, Pepin, and Pokegama

Lakes

Various St. Croix River, from confluence with Mississippi River to

Taylor's Falls

DIRECTIVE NO. 0-19-2013 SIGNATURE

vith my supervisor.			
	Officer Printed Name	Badge No.	
	Signature	 Date	

This sheet shall be signed and returned to your immediate supervisor within seven working days after receipt of this directive. Directive signature sheets will be filed and maintained in the officer's division file in the central office.