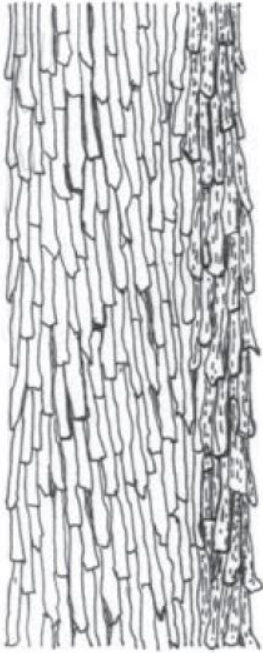
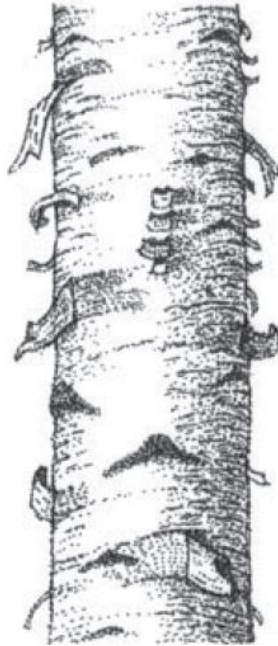


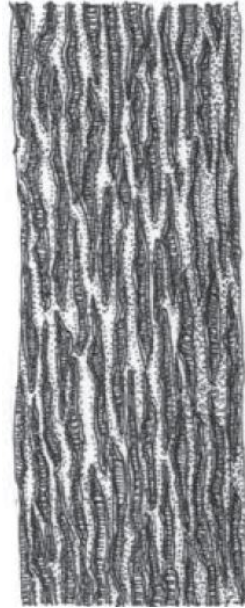
Teacher Page: Bark



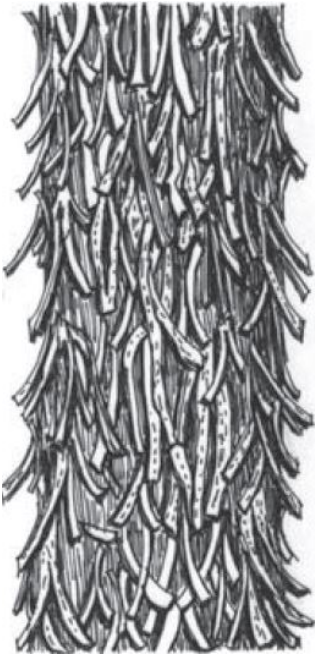
1. White oak



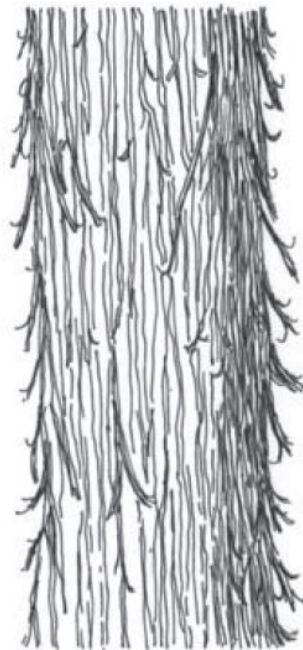
2. Paper birch



3. White ash



4. Shagbark hickory



5. Eastern red cedar



6. Red pine

Note: Shagbark hickory generally grows only in southeastern Minnesota.

Note: Learning to observe bark is just one characteristic for identification. Make sure students understand they also need to observe other tree characteristics such as patterns (opposite or alternate branching), twigs, leaves, overall tree shape, and tree habitat.