#### **Conservation Challenges:**

- \*Conversion to agricultural uses
- \*Changes in agricultural practices
- \*Conversion to mining
- \*Deforestation/logging
- \*Increased draintiling makes stream flow more flashy, reduces groundwater for algific habitats
- \*Waterways are more incised, with more alluvium, and higher turbidity, TMDL
- \*Invasive spp.: Common buckthorn, Eurasian honeysuck-
- le, garlic mustard, leafy spurge
- \*Habitat fragmentation
- \*Declining groundwater levels
- \*Fire-dependent communities are likely to decline due to difficulty in restoring natural fire regimes

#### **Existing Conservation Network:**

State Parks: State Forests:

Richard J. Dorer

**SNAs: Cannon River Turtle Preserve** 

**River Terrace Prairie** 

**Aquatic Management Areas:** 

Gemini

Wildlife Management Areas:

Gore's Pool #3

**Hastings** 

**Tangential** 

**Important Bird Areas:** 

**Lower Vermillion - Cannon Bottoms** 

#### Rare Species:

Acadian Flycatcher American Brook Lamprey American Ginseng Bald Eagle

Bald Eagle Black Buffalo Black Sandshell

Bladder Pod Blanding's Turtle

Blue Sucker Butterfly

Cerulean Warbler Clasping Milkweed

Clustered Broomrape Creek Heelsplitter Creeping Juniper

Crystal Darter Dwarf Trout Lily

Eastern Hognose Snake Ebonyshell Elephant-ear

Elktoe Ellipse

Fluted-shell Glade Mallow Gopher snake

Gray's Sedge Green Dragon

Hickorynut Higgins Eye Hill's Thistle

James' Polanisia Kitten-tails

Lake Sturgeon Leonard's Skipper Lilia-leaved Twayblade

Loggerhead Shrike Long-bearded Hawkweed

Milk snake Monkeyface Moschatel Mucket

**Conservation Opportunities:** 

Narrow-leaved Pinweed
North American Racer
Old Field Toadflax
Ozark Minnow
Paddlefish
Pallid Shiner
Pawnee Skipper
Peregrine Falcon

Pistolgrip Plains Pocket Mouse Plains Wild Indigo Prairie Bush Clover

Prairie Bush Clover Prairie Vole Pugnose Minnow Purple Wartyback Rattlesnake-master

Raven's foot Sedge Red-shouldered Hawk Rhombic-petaled

Evening Primrose Rock Pocketbook Rock Sandwort Round Pigtoe Sandhill Crane Sea-beach Needlegrass

Sheepnose Shovelnose Sturgeon Six-angle Spurge Skipjack Herring

Sessile-flowered Cress

Skipjack Herring
Small-leaved Pussytoes
Smooth Softshell

Spike Squirrel-corn Upland Sandpiper Virginia Water Horehound Wartyback

Washboard
Western Fox snake
Western Harvest Mouse
Winged Mapleleaf
Wood's Sedge

Wood Turtle Yellow Sandshell

# **Lower Cannon-Vermillion Bottoms**Opportunity Area

#### **Ecological Significance:**

The Lower Vermillion - Cannon Bottoms encompasses a number of important resources in close proximity to the Twin Cities metropolitan area, including features such as the trout habitat of the Vermillion River, the waterfalls of the Vermillion Gorge, and avian habitats and rookeries of the Vermillion Bottoms. This is a key area in the flyway as it is also located at the base of the Twin Cities and near the confluence with the St. Croix River. The Cannon Bottoms has one of the largest floodplain forests in southeastern Minnesota. The area is one of the top four locations for rare forest birds in the entire state. A total of 153 bird species use the area as permanent, semi-permanent, or migratory habitats, of which 14 have special conservation concerns. A number of wetland types also occur in the OA, including calcareous fens.



Counties:

Dakota Goodhue

#### **Rare Native Plant Communities:**

Black Oak - White Oak Woodland (Sand)
Calcareous Fen (Southeastern)
Dry Barrens Prairie (Southern)
Dry Bedrock Bluff Prairie (Southern)
Dry Sand - Gravel Oak Savanna (Southern)
Dry Sand - Gravel Prairie (Southern)

Dry Sandstone Cliff (Southern)

Elm - Ash - Basswood Terrace Forest

Elm - Basswood - Black Ash - (Blue Beech) Forest
Mesic Limestone - Dolomite Cliff

Native Plant Community, Undetermined Class
Oak - Shagbark Hickory Woodland

Red Oak - Sugar Maple - Basswood

- (Bitternut Hickory) Forest Red Oak - White Oak - (Sugar Maple)

Forest
Red Oak - White Oak Forest
Sedge Meadow

Seepage Meadow/Carr Silver Maple - (Virginia Creeper) Floodplain Forest

Silver Maple - Green Ash -Cottonwood Terrace Forest

Southern Dry-Mesic Oak Forest Southern Mesic Maple-Basswood Forest Spikerush - Bur Reed Marsh (Northern) Spikerush - Bur Reed Marsh (Prairie) Sugar Maple - Basswood -

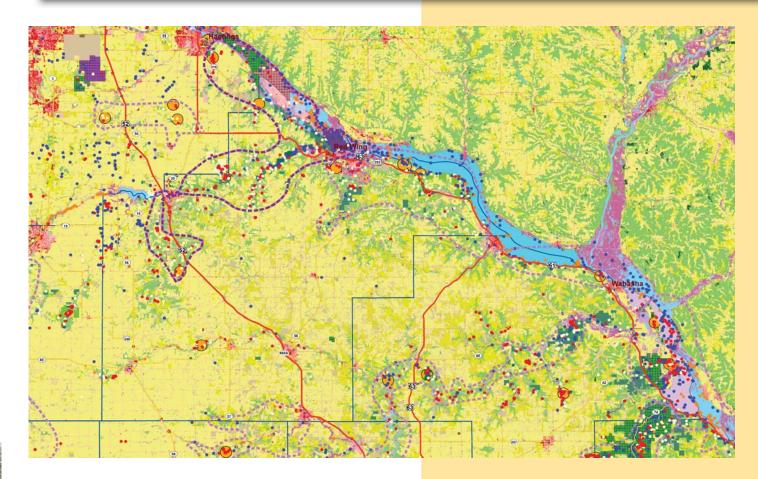
(Bitternut Hickory) Forest Sugar Maple - Basswood - Red Oak -(Blue Beech) Forest

# Ecological Evaluations:

Sand Coulee Prairie
Hastings
Hastings SNA Addition
Vermillion Bottoms
Wood Turtle Flats
Red Wind Bluffs
River Terrace Prairie
Little Cannon Woods

## **Lower Cannon-Vermillion Bottoms**

**Ecological Evaluations, Land Cover, Public Ownership** 



Please see Legend at the front of the Opportunity Area Descriptions for a key to this map

### **Lower Cannon - Vermillion Bottoms**

**Marxan Prioritization, Element Occurrences** 

