WMs92

Southern Basin Wet Meadow/Carr

Open wetlands dominated by dense cover of broad-leaved sedges. Typically present in small, closed, shallow basins isolated from groundwater inputs.

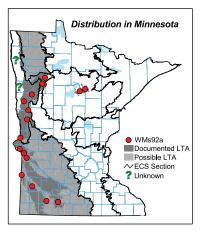
Vegetation Structure & Composition

Description is based on summary of vegetation data from 28 plots (relevés).

• **Mosses** are typically absent or sparse, although the weedy and shade-tolerant species *Drepanocladus aduncus* is commonly present beneath dense sedge tussocks

 Graminoid cover is continuous (75–100%); typically dominated by slough sedge (Carex atherodes), sometimes with whitetop (Scolochloa festucacea), bluejoint (Calamagrostis canadensis), prairie cordgrass (Spartina pectinata), red-stalked spikerush (Eleocharis palustris), or lake sedge (Carex lacustris).

• Forb cover is variable, ranging from absent to sparse (< 25%); common species include water smartweed (*Polygonum amphibium*), cattails (*Typha* spp.), common mint (*Mentha arvensis*), rough bugleweed (*Lycopus*



asper), water parsnip (Sium suave), and swamp milkweed (Asclepias incarnata).

• Shrub cover is sparse; pussy willow (Salix discolor), slender willow (S. petiolaris), and red-osier dogwood (Cornus sericea) may be present.

• Note: WMs92 has become uncommon across much of its range as a result of invasion by non-native species, especially reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), following alterations in wetland hydrology.

Landscape Setting & Soils

WMs92 occurs primarily in shallow wetland basins and rarely along shores of lakes and rivers. Surface water is derived from rainfall and surface flow; in general, sites are isolated from lateral groundwater flow. Water chemistry is basic (pH > 7) because of influence of calcareous soils. Relatively low precipitation in the prairie region and high rates of evaporation result in higher salinity in this community compared with other Wet Meadow/Carr communities in Minnesota. Soils are predominantly mineral or muck, but sapric peat of variable depth can also occur.

Natural History

WMs92 is subjected to moderate inundation following spring runoff and heavy rains and to periodic drawdowns during summer. Peak water levels are high and persistent enough to prevent trees (and usually shrubs) from becoming established, although standing water may be absent by the end of the growing season. As a result of water-level fluctuations, surface substrates alternate between aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Organic matter that accumulates over time on the substrate surface is usually oxidized during drought-influenced drawdowns or is removed by fire during periods of severe drought. The fluctuating water levels needed for development of this community typically occur in areas transitional between wet prairies and marshes. The diagnostic dominant species of WMs92—slough sedge (*Carex atherodes*) and whitetop—have a competitive advantage over other wet meadow sedges in wetland basins with relatively high salinity. These species may also be favored by high fire frequency, as WMs92 tends to occur in fire-prone landscapes. Frequent fire during periodic droughts eliminates or greatly reduces the presence of shrubs in WMs92 and also reduces peat accumulation.

Similar Native Plant Community Classes

WMs83 Southern Seepage Meadow/Carr

WMs83 can be similar to WMs92 but occurs along streams, on sloping terraces, and at



bases of slopes in areas influenced by lateral groundwater flow. WMs83 is more likely to have abundant willows and other shrubs. WMs92 is more likely to have slough sedge *(Carex atherodes)* as a dominant graminoid species.

WMs92 Indicator Species		q%) WMs83	WMs83 Indicator Species	(frec) WMs92	q%) WMs83	
Slough sedge (Carex atherodes)	93	-	Prairie sedge (Carex prairea)	-	33	
Whitetop (Scolochloa festucacea)	41	-	Flat-topped aster (Aster umbellatus)	-	32	
River bulrush (Scirpus fluviatilis)	14	-	Virginia mountain mint (Pycnanthemum virginianum	n) -	30	
Giant bur reed (Sparganium eurycarpum)	14	3	Northern marsh fern (Thelypteris palustris)	-	30	
Water smartweed (Polygonum amphibium)	79	22	Dwarf raspberry (Rubus pubescens)	-	27	
Water parsnip (Sium suave)	31	10	Porcupine sedge (Carex hystericina)	-	25	
Germander (Teucrium canadense)	21	6	Common boneset (Eupatorium perfoliatum)	3	51	
Beaked sedge (Carex utriculata)	21	8	Northern bugleweed (Lycopus uniflorus)	3	44	

WMp73 Prairie Wet Meadow/Carr

WMp73 and WMs92 occur in similar landscape settings, but WMp73 is generally present on sites where the water table is below the rooting zone for longer periods of time. As a result, shrubs are more common in WMp73. WMs92 is more likely to have lake sedge (*Carex lacustris*) and slough sedge (*C. atherodes*) as dominant graminoids.

WMs92 Indicator Species		q%) WMp73	WMp73 Indicator Species		(freq%) /Ms92 WMp73	
Whitetop (Scolochloa festucacea)	43	-	Prairie loosestrife (Lysimachia quadriflora)	-	42	
Lake sedge (Carex lacustris)	29	-	Dark green or Pale bulrush*	-	38	
Marsh skullcap (Scutellaria galericulata)	25	-	Silverweed (Potentilla anserina)	-	33	
Lesser-duckweed (Lemna minor)	21	-	Buxbaum's sedge (Carex buxbaumii)	-	33	
Beaked sedge (Carex utriculata)	21	-	Grass-leaved goldenrod (Euthamia graminifolia)	-	29	
Slough sedge (Carex atherodes)	93	8	Sartwell's sedge (Carex sartwellii)	4	71	
Water parsnip (Sium suave)	32	8	Narrow reedgrass (Calamagrostis stricta)	7	88	
Cattails (Typha spp.)	43	13	Woolly sedge (Carex pellita)	7	71	

*Dark green or Pale bulrush (Scirpus atrovirens or S. pallidus)

WMn82 Northern Wet Meadow/Carr

WMn82 can be similar to WMs92 and the ranges of the two classes overlap in the northern MIM, central MDL, and likely in the northern CGP. WMn82 is more likely to occur along streams or drainageways or in small isolated basins surrounded by forest (rather than prairie) vegetation and is more likely to have significant shrub cover.

WMs92 Indicator Species		q%) WMn82	WMn82 Indicator Species		q%) WMn82	
Whitetop (Scolochloa festucacea)	43	1	Northern marsh fern (Thelypteris palustris)	-	41	
Prairie cordgrass (Spartina pectinata)	36	1	Marsh cinquefoil (Potentilla palustris)	-	39	
Germander (Teucrium canadense)	21	1	Arrow-leaved tearthumb (Polygonum sagittatum)	-	28	
Slough sedge (Carex atherodes)	93	5	Crested fern (Dryopteris cristata)	-	24	
Rough bugleweed (Lycopus asper)	36	4	Speckled alder (Alnus incana)	-	24	
Red-stalked spikerush (Eleocharis palustris)	32	6	Northern bugleweed (Lycopus uniflorus)	4	45	
Water parsnip (Sium suave)	32	6	Bulb-bearing water hemlock (Cicuta bulbifera)	7	46	
Water smartweed (Polygonum amphibium)	82	42	Marsh bellflower (Campanula aparinoides)	11	58	

WPs54 Southern Wet Prairie

WPs54 and WMs92 occur in similar settings, but WPs54 is present on soils only briefly saturated in late spring rather than throughout the summer. As a result, WMs92 is more likely to have species tolerant of long periods of inundation and saturated soils.

WMs92 Indicator Species		q%) WPs54	WPs54 Indicator Species		q%) WPs54
Slough sedge (Carex atherodes)	93	-	Big bluestem (Andropogon gerardii)	-	80
Whitetop (Scolochloa festucacea)	43	-	Heath aster (Aster ericoides)	-	67
Common mint (Mentha arvensis)	32	-	Virginia mountain mint (Pycnanthemum virginianum	n) -	57
Water parsnip (Sium suave)	32	-	Great blazing star (Liatris pycnostachya)	-	53
Tufted loosestrife (Lysimachia thyrsiflora)	25	-	Indian grass (Sorghastrum nutans)	-	51
Marsh skullcap (Scutellaria galericulata)	25	-	Golden alexanders (Zizia aurea)	-	49
Great water dock (Rumex orbiculatus)	18	-	Switchgrass (Panicum virgatum)	-	47
Lake sedge (Carex lacustris)	29	2	Golden or False golden ragwort*	-	43
Golden or False golden ragwort (Senecio aurei	IS OF S DEOL	daurous			

Golden or False golden ragwort (Senecio aureus or S. pseudaureus,

Native Plant Community Types in Class

WMs92a Basin Meadow/Carr

WMs92a is the only community type recognized in this class at the present.





Kettledrummer Prairie, Wilkin County, MN

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Cut-leaved bugleweed (Lycopus americanus) 17	Eastern panicled aster (Aster lanceolatus) 21	Spotted Joe pye weed (Eupatorium maculatum) 21	Germander (Teucrium canadense) 21	Marsh skullcap (Scutellaria galericulata) 24	Tufted loosestrife (Lysimachia thyrsiflora) 24	Swamp milkweed (Asclepias incarnata) 28	Water parsnip (Sium suave) 31	Common mint (Mentha arvensis) 34	Rough bugleweed (Lycopus asper) 34	Water smartweed (Polygonum amphibium) 79	Forbs, Ferns & Fern Allies	Small-fruited bulrush (Scirpus microcarpus) 7	Soft stem bulrush (Scirpus validus) 7	Fowl bluegrass (Poa palustris) 7	Woolly sedge (Carex pellita) 7	Common reed grass (Phragmites australis) 10	River bulrush (Scirpus fluviatilis) 14	Tall manna grass (Glyceria grandis) 14	Tussock sedge (Carex stricta) 21	Aquatic sedge (Carex aquatilis) 21	Beaked sedge (Carex utriculata) 21 4	Lake sedge (Carex lacustris) 31	Red-stalked spikerush (Eleocharis palustris) 31	Prairie cordgrass (Spartina pectinata) 34	Whitetop (Scolochloa festucacea) 41	Bluejoint (Calamagrostis canadensis) 45	Slough sedge (Carex atherodes) 93 0	Grasses & Sedges	freq% (
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	:		•	•	•	•	:	i	:	:	:	i	:	i	:	i	:	:		cover
Prickly wild rose (Rosa acicularis)	Slender willow (Salix petiolaris)	Red-osier dogw	Pussy willow	Tall Shrubs	Golden dock	Common ma	Giant golde	Spring wat	Arum-leav	Arrow-leav	Bristly butt	Spotted w	Bog aster	Large ye	Stinging	Touch-n	Sweet fla	Bulb-bear	Red-stemm	Bur marigo	Marsh bell	Canada go	Clasping	Marsh ve	Woundwo	Giant bur	Linear-lea	Great wat	
sa acicularis)	alix petiolaris)	Red-osier dogwood (Cornus sericea)	Pussy willow (Salix discolor)		Golden dock (Rumex maritimus)	Common marsh marigold (Caltha palustris)	Giant goldenrod (Solidago gigantea)	Spring water starwort (Callitriche palustris)	Arum-leaved arrowhead (Sagittaria cuneata)	Arrow-leaved sweet coltsfoot (Petasites sagittatus)	Bristly buttercup (Ranunculus pensylvanicus)	Spotted water hemlock (Cicuta maculata)	Bog aster (Aster borealis)	Large yellow water crowfoot (Ranunculus flabellaris)	Stinging nettle (Urtica dioica)	Touch-me-not (Impatiens spp.)	Sweet flag (Acorus calamus)	Bulb-bearing water hemlock (Cicuta bulbifera)	Red-stemmed aster (Aster puniceus)	Bur marigold and Beggarticks (Bidens spp.)	Marsh bellflower (Campanula aparinoides)	Canada goldenrod (Solidago canadensis)	Clasping dogbane (Apocynum sibiricum)	Marsh vetchling (Lathyrus palustris)	Woundwort (Stachys palustris)	Giant bur reed (Sparganium eurycarpum)	Linear-leaved, Marsh, or Downy willow-herb*	Great water dock (Rumex orbiculatus)	
sa acicularis) 7	alix petiolaris) 10	lood (Cornus sericea) 14	(Salix discolor) 17		(Rumex maritimus) 7	arsh marigold (Caltha palustris) 7	nrod (Solidago gigantea) 7	er starwort (Callitriche palustris) 7	ed arrowhead (Sagittaria cuneata) 7	red sweet coltsfoot (Petasites sagittatus) 7	ercup (Ranunculus pensylvanicus) 7	ater hemlock (Cicuta maculata) 10				5.)				Id and Beggarticks (Bidens spp.) 14				tchling (Lathyrus palustris) 14		reed (Sparganium eurycarpum) 14	aved, Marsh, or Downy willow-herb* 17	er dock (Rumex orbiculatus) 17	freq% cover

*Linear-leaved, Marsh, or Downy willow-herb (Epilobium leptophyllum, E. palustre, or E. strictum)

