

# STUDY QUESTIONS

### TO "RICH IN BEAUTY"

Study and learn facts and ideas based on this Young Naturalists nonfiction story in *Minnesota Conservation Volunteer*, November–December 2017, www.mndnr.gov/mcvmagazine.

*Minnesota Conservation Volunteer* magazine is your guide to wild things. Every other month, six times a year, the magazine arrives in your school library. Each one has a story for Young Naturalists like you. **Are you curious about wild things?** Young Naturalists tells true stories that can answer all kinds of questions such as these—

Have you ever heard of a purple wartyback? How about a pink heelsplitter, pimple-back, or monkeyface? All are Minnesota freshwater mussels. Read Young Naturalists stories to learn which species (kinds) of critters live in Minnesota—frogs, salamanders, snakes, wild cats, wild dogs, weasels, mice, and rabbits.

Want to **peek inside the den of a red fox** and see how the kits grow up? Are you a rock hound searching for agates? Have you ever wondered what's alive under snow? How animals see? Why is a bluebird blue? How birds fly?

Would you like to hear the true story of **giants of the ice age**? Young Naturalists also tells you about the underground universe. You can read the story of a tiny owl that went to a hospital with an injured wing. Find out about a boy who worked in a logging camp. Read the story of Ojibwe children today hunting and gathering like their ancestors did.

Learn how to get started camping, snowshoeing, ice fishing, or canoeing.

Find these stories and more online at <a href="www.mndnr.gov/young\_naturalists">www.mndnr.gov/young\_naturalists</a>.

Your knowledge of wild things helps you explore and enjoy the outdoors. Have fun!



### "RICH IN BEAUTY" STUDY QUESTIONS

Study and learn facts and ideas based on this Young Naturalists nonfiction story in *Minnesota Conservation Volunteer*, September–October 2017, www.mndnr.gov/mcvmagazine.

RICH IN

Beauty
Whom Instrusers and July Layer

Even Instruct and bought someand give it to the people.

WY CRI. Hyborder

Have you over want do get leak at a built?

Or in he on inky use could have whitevery two want?

When the people are not recovered, a more next to provide a natural recovered, a more next to provide fill prompted and at 100 regions to work and with the work when the most and an admitted to make the people and the source of the people and the companies work to the most and some affective fill the people and the more received the which the source when we make an admitted and entering the fill provide and point of more from the built from the could be an admitted to the could be a source of more from the people and the source of more from the built for the could be a source of more from the people and the source of more from the built from the built for the source of the source o

L.Why was John Latso	H ON THE FARMER'S LAND?	
----------------------	-------------------------	--

#### 2. Who bullied Latsch, and how?

- a. A grocery store owner made him work long hours.
- b. A farmer chased him off his property in the rain.
- c. His friend and business agent, Frank Fugina, took his money to buy land.
- d. His family wouldn't let him buy a car or live in a big house.

3.On the day he got caught in the rain, Latsch was p	PADDLING UPSTREAM
ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER. WHY IS IT A SMART IDEA TO	START A ROUND TRIP
IN A CANOE BY PADDLING UPSTREAM INSTEAD OF DOWN	ISTREAM?

4. How did John Latsch get the money he used to buy land to share with other people?

# \_\_\_\_\_

# 5. What does it mean that Latsch viewed the Mississippi River corridor as one of America's great public playgrounds?

- a. He thought that landowners should share their land with other people.
- b. He thought it should be public property so everyone could use it.
- c. He thought it should be filled with climbing bars and swing sets.
- d. He thought it should have more towns like Winona.

	VAS MAINLY RESPONSIBLE FOR SETTING ASIDE LAND FOR CURRENT URE GENERATIONS DURING LATSCH'S LIFETIME?
	E FIVE PUBLIC AREAS THAT INCLUDE LAND MADE AVAILABLE H LATSCH'S CONTRIBUTIONS.
9. Why t	DID LATSCH DONATE LAND?
10. Wну	DID LATSCH SET UP PUBLIC BEACHES?
11.True	OR FALSE: Latsch donated land so other people would like him
12. Wно	was Will Dilg?
a. a farmei	who chased John Latsch from his property
b. the four	nder of the Izaak Walton League
c. a Winor	
d. a Winoı	na storyteller
13.WHA	T DID LATSCH INSPIRE DILG TO DO?
	ARTICLE IS TITLED "RICH IN BEAUTY." KNOWING WHAT YOU KNOW

BONUS: THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE IS 261 MILES LONG AND COVERS MORE THAN 240,000 ACRES. If 1 SQUARE MILE IS 640 ACRES, WHAT IS ITS AVERAGE WIDTH IN MILES?				
MINNESOTA COMPR	REHENSIVE ASSESSMENT			
Name	Period Date			
a. He bought the farmer's land. b. He bought other land along t	ck at the farmer who treated him poorly?  he Mississippi River.  ablic so others could use it in ways he wasn't able to.			
2. Why do you think Lats	SCH BOUGHT THE FARMER'S LAND?			
3. What evidence is thi	ERE THAT LATSCH'S ACTIONS WERE PART OF A			
<b>4. True or False:</b> The Upp once belonged to Latsch.	er Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuge			
5. THE WRITER DESCRIBES  DOES THAT TELL US ABOUT  a. It was not very fancy. b. It had few windows. c. It had been built very recently				

d. Latsch lived there alone.

## STUDENT STUDY GUIDE: VOCABULARY CARDS

Cut along horizontal lines, fold in the middle and tape or staple. Blanks are provided to allow you or your students to add new words or phrases

<b>BOTTOMLAND</b> is	FOLD	LOW-LYING LAND ALONG A RIVER is called
When you <b>DIKE SOMETHING</b> , you	FOLD	When you install a barrier that keeps water away from a certain area, you
LAND NEAR A RIVER THAT BECOMES COVERED WITH WATER DURING FLOODS is known as a	FOLD	A <b>floodplain</b> is
SOMEONE WHO INHERITS MONEY OR THINGS FROM ANOTHER PERSON is known as	FOLD	AN HEIR is
When something is <b>LAVISH</b> it is	FOLD	When something is <b>FULL OF MANY FINE THINGS</b> , it is

A LEGACY is	FOLD	SOMETHING LEFT TO OTHERS FROM ONE WHO CAME BEFORE is
To be nestled is	FOLD	TO BE TUCKED COZILY is
AN ISLAND OR SHALLOW SPOT IN A RIVER FORMED BY SAND CARRIED AND DEPOSITED BY THE WATER is sometimes called	FOLD	A SANDBAR is
To <b>spearhead</b> is	FOLD	To start or take the lead is to
	FOLD	
	FOLD	