NORTHMET MINING PROJECT AND LAND EXCHANGE Supplemental Draft Environmental Impact Statement (SDEIS)







Cumulative Effects

The Supplemental Draft Environmental Impact Statement (SDEIS) includes analysis of how the proposed project would affect the environment when combined with the effects of other past, present, or reasonably foreseeable projects nearby. An analysis of "cumulative effects" is required by the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Minnesota Environmental Policy Act (MEPA).

How are past, present, or reasonably foreseeable projects identified?

Past and present projects were identified through a variety of historical sources, and information about these projects and their effects helped form the baseline status of environmental resources presented in Chapter 4 of the Supplemental Draft EIS.

The Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and U.S. Forest Service identified reasonably foreseeable projects by searching local land use plans, current permit applications, and approved (but not yet built) projects near the area where the NorthMet Mine Project would be constructed and operated.

What would be the cumulative effects?

There would be few cumulative effects from the NorthMet Mine Project and Land Exchange after proposed mitigation and adaptive management measures are applied. The affected resources include the following:

- Water quantity and quality. There would be slight increases in flows within the Partridge and Embarrass River watersheds. The engineering controls would not result in significant changes to sulfate concentrations in the Partridge River, but would significantly decrease sulfate concentrations in the Embarrass River.
- Air quality. While there would be a decrease in air quality in the project boundary, other areas—such as Voyageurs National Park, Grand Portage National Monument, and the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness would not be affected.
- Wetlands. There would be a reduction in wetlands within the Partridge and Embarrass River watersheds and there would be an increase to deep-water wetlands in the Partridge River watershed.
- No Endangered, Threatened or Special Concern (ETSC) animal would be cumulatively affected.
- Vegetation. There would be a loss of vegetative cover and associated ETSC plant species populations.

For more information about the cumulative effects of the NorthMet Mining Project and Land Exchange, see the Executive Summary and Chapter 6.0 (Cumulative Effects) of the SDEIS. Also, refer to additional Fact Sheets about the NorthMet Mining Project and Land Exchange SDEIS:

- 1. What is the Environmental Review Process?
- 2. Effective Commenting
- 3. A Guide to the SDEIS Document
- 4. What's Changed Since the DEIS?
- 5. Project & Land Exchange Overview
- 6. Land Exchange
- 7. Reclamation and Financial Assurance
- 8. Water Quality
- 9. Wetlands
- 10. Air Quality
- 11. Wild Rice
- 12. Mercury
- 13. Threatened & Endangered Species
- **14. Cumulative Effects**
- **15. Cultural Resources**
- 16. Water Quantity