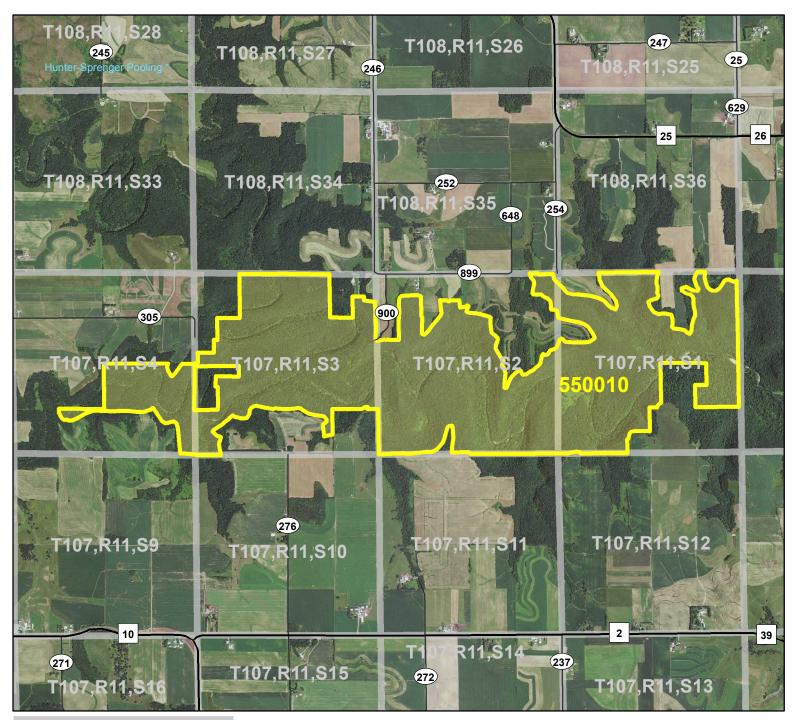
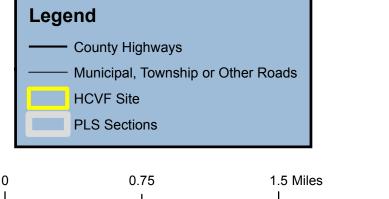
# HCVF Site 550010 North Fork Whitewater WMA, Olmsted County



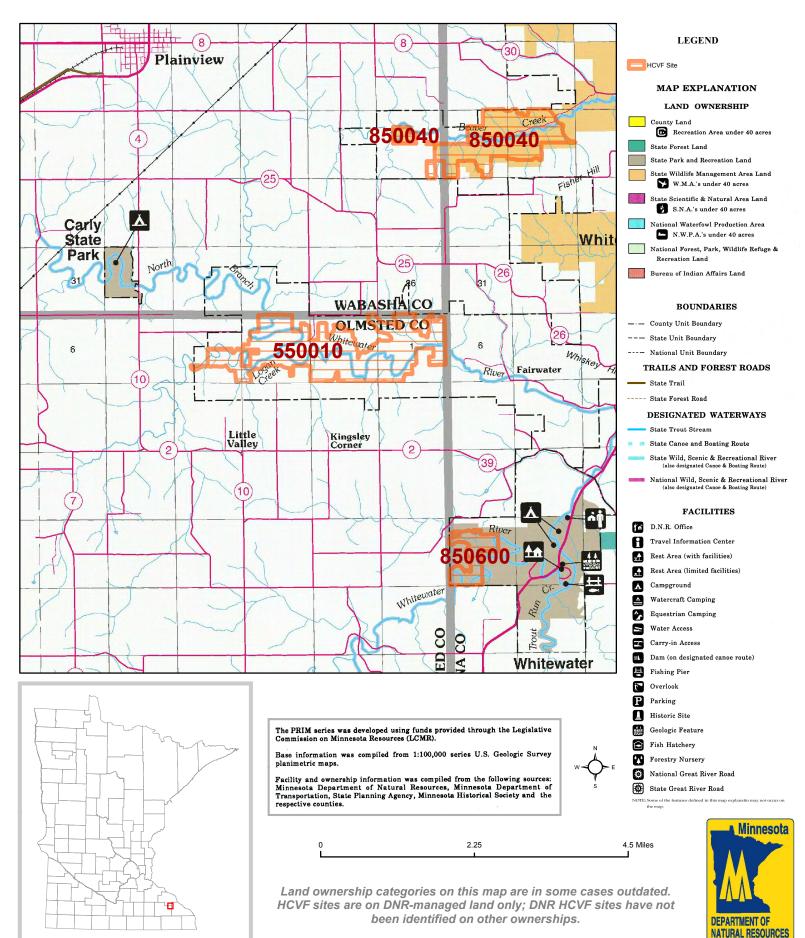








## HCVF Site 550010 North Fork Whitewater WMA, Olmsted County



### **HCVF Informational Report**

Report Run: September 3, 2013

#### **General Information**

HCVF #: 550010 HCVF Name: North Fork Whitewater WMA Acres of HCVF site: 1353.04 County: Olmsted

**Data edited by:** Region 3 HCVF Team **Role:** Region 3 HCVF Team **Date edited on:** 2013-07-24

**Corresponding Land Administrator(s):** FAW **Management Unit Name(s) (if applicable):** North Fork Whitewater River Valley (Whitewater WMA)

#### **HCVF Summary**

Approximately 1300 acres of very steep wooded bluffs and bottomlands along the North Fork Whitewater and Logan Branch Whitewater Rivers. Includes maderate cliffs, high-quality maple-basswood & oak forests & high -quality bluff prairies. Forest continues into Wabasha & Winona Counties. This is the most significant site in the county. Designated OG includes white pine, oak, and northern hardwoods stands. The oak and northern hardwood old growth stands are: MHs37b,MHs38a, MHs39b, MHs49. Important site for rare forest birds: Acadian flycatcher, cerulean warbler, Louisiana waterthrush.

#### HCVs known to be present that factored into HCVF designation.

FSC expects DNR to maintain HCVs within designated HCVFs. Because HCVF boundaries are not the same as the larger, multi-ownership MBS Sites, this list will differ from the values identified during the MBS Survey.

HCV1a (G1 or G2 species): Bluff vertigo (Vertigo meramecensis), Leedy's roseroot (Rhodiola integrifolia ssp leedy). HCV1b (S1 or S2 species): Bluff vertigo (Vertigo meramecensis), goldenseal (Hydrastis canadensis), leedy's roseroot (Rhodiola integrifolia ssp leedyi), glade mallow (Napaea dioica). HCV1c (Federal T or E species): Rhodiola integrifolia ssp leedy. HCV1e (Rare species concentration): 27 SCGN species. HCV2-EBFa (intact forest block): yes. HCV2-EBFb (old forest): yes. HCV3b (S1 or S2 plant community): CTs43a1, CEs46a2, FFs59c. HCV3c (Special S3 plant community): MHs38a, MHs38c, MHs39b. HCV3d (Natural origin pine stand): white pine (old-growth). HCV3e (Old-growth forest): stand 45 NH73 (6.7 acres), stand 20 WP54 (22 acres), stand 94 WP64 (16 acres), stand 52 O86 (5 acres), stand 95 NH64 (26 acres).

### **Management Considerations**

#### Overall management objectives for the entire HCVF:

See Representative Sample Area Memorandum of Understanding for management/protection of lowland terrace forest. Old-growth forest - monitor for invasive species and control if found. Mesic hardwood forest communities should have minimal canopy openings so that forest interior birds and rare plants requiring shade and little disturbance can persist. Fire-dependent forest can be managed with fire and timber cutting to maintain or enhance the native plant communities.

# Management direction from the following sources was considered in developing the above recommendations:

High Biodiversity Site Plan

# Are the HCVs within this HCVF likely to benefit from coordination with adjacent landowner(s)? $\_Yes\_$

This HCVF was flagged by the Regional HCVF Team as warranting cross-ownership coordination efforts. The specific HCVs likely to benefit from such coordination with adjacent landowners are identified below. Private landowners

### **General Comments**

This is a "High Biodiversity Site" identified in the Blufflands SFRMP. Includes North Fork Whitewater Terrace Forest Representative Sample Area.

Reference to rare plants and animals, Minnesota Biological Survey Sites of Biological Significance and mapped native plant communities are records maintained in the Minnesota DNR's Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS). A date of information is associated with each record. The NHIS is continually updated as new information becomes available. The lack of data listed for any geographic area should not be construed to mean that no significant features are present.

... Report End ...