## State Land Managed by the DNR

Land type	History	Use of Land
School trust land (school,	Federal land grants:	School lands were generally sold to early settlers to encourage population and
swamp and internal	(1) School lands (generally Sections 16 and 36)	growth of state; remaining school lands not as suitable for agriculture or in more
improvement land)	granted to state for use of schools,	sparsely settled areas of state.
	(2) Swamp lands conveyed for state to sell and use	About 2.8 of the 4.7 million acres of swamp lands granted to railroads, with
	money to construct levees and dams; and	other swamp lands granted for internal improvements or special projects, with
	(3) Internal improvement lands to sell and use	some land sold to settlers; remaining swamp lands in northern area of state
	money for improvements in state.	generally not suitable for agriculture.
		Most internal improvement lands sold and money used for public buildings.
		Primary use of land today is forest management, with revenue also from mining.
University land	Federal land grant; lands to be used for use and	A third of the lands were sold in first years of statehood to pay debts of
	support of a state university.	university. Another third sold over the years.
		Primary use of land is forest management with revenue from mining.
Consolidated conservation land	State received lands that forfeited within ditch areas	Lands classified as to suitability for agriculture, reforestation, or for use by state
	after assuming obligation to pay county bond debts	for preserving, propagating, breeding and hunting of wildlife. Most lands
	incurred to construct ditches to drain land.	suitable for agriculture were sold.
		Remaining lands primarily used for wildlife purposes.
Land acquired through	Acquired through purchase, gift from individuals	Lands acquired to fulfill legislative directives, with particular focus on units of
purchase, gift, county board	and corporations, conveyed from counties free from	outdoor recreation system: state parks and recreation areas, state trails, scientific
resolution or condemnation	trust in favor of taxing districts for conservation or	and natural areas, wildlife management areas, water access sites, and aquatic
	forest purpose, and, at a minimum, through	management areas. Recent acquisitions also focus on preservation (e.g., prairie
	condemnation for water access or with the seller's	bank easements) and accesses for the public (e.g., trout stream easements).
	permission.	